

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 25.743, 342.270)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 25.743, 342.270)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 25.861, 342.279)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A6885
RGB	154, 104, 133
RGB Percent	60%, 41%, 52%
CMY	0.3967, 0.5927, 0.4790
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.14, 0.40
HSL	325°, 20%, 51%
HSV	325°, 32%, 60%
XYZ	22.4593, 18.4187, 24.5112
YIQ	122.2560, 20.4910, 19.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

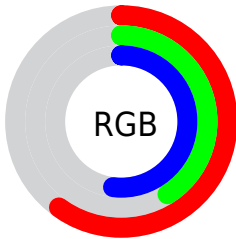
Format	Color
R_{YB}	154, 104, 133
Decimal	10119301
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 24.63, -7.87
CIE _{LCh}	50, 25.861, 342.279
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3435, 0.2817
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288309381 (0xFF9A6885)
YUV	122.2560, 5.2968, 27.8395
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 18.3078, -3.8205

Details

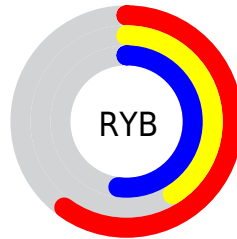
The CIELCh color $50, 25.861, 342.279$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $59, 25.222, 156.750$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 25.643, 342.375$, and $30, 25.946, 341.891$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 33.667, 343.314$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 17.856, 341.351$.

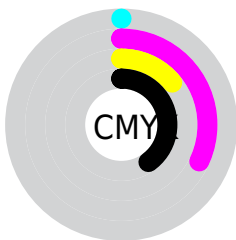
Distribution



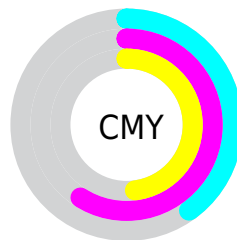
- Red (60%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 25.861, 342.279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 25.861, 342.279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 25.861,
342.279


 50, 25.861,
342.279


 100, 25.861,
342.279


 40, 25.861,
342.279


 70, 25.861,
342.279

 30, 25.861,
342.279


 80, 25.861,
342.279


 20, 25.861,
342.279

 90, 25.861,
342.279

 10, 25.861,
342.279

 0, 25.861, 342.279

 50, 25.861,
342.279

 50, 25.861,
342.279

46, 33.667,
343.314

54, 17.856,
341.351

43, 41.013,
344.490

58, 9.844, 340.499

40, 47.555,
345.859

62, 1.945, 339.602

67, 5.768, 159.107

37, 52.902,
347.496

71, 13.258,
158.418

35, 56.696,
349.502

76, 20.509,
157.797

34, 58.741,
351.999

80, 27.519,
157.221

33, 59.570,
354.123

85, 34.297,
156.685

89, 40.854,
156.183

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 25.861, 342.279



59, 25.222, 156.750

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 25.861, 342.279



50, 25.861, 32.279



50, 25.861, 162.279



50, 25.861, 212.279

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 25.859, 342.280



75, 9.696, 340.310



48, 30.575, 307.866



39, 6.606, 340.415



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 25.859, 342.280



60, 38.173, 343.019



49, 21.481, 15.768



30, 4.421, 340.230



30, 55.752, 353.832



1, 4.702, 340.045

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 25.859, 342.280



60, 38.173, 343.019



60, 17.887, 190.177



30, 4.421, 340.230



30, 55.752, 353.832



1, 4.702, 340.045

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 25.861, 342.279 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 25.861, 342.279 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

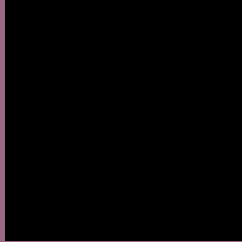
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 25.861, 342.279

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 25.861, 342.279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 25.861, 342.279.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 25.861, 342.279

Protanopia

50, 14.090, 286.004

Deuteranopia

50, 9.658, 315.116



Tritanopia
50, 19.369, 8.114

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 25.861, 342.279

Protanomaly
50, 16.358, 312.492

Deuteranomaly
50, 15.074, 330.418

Tritanomaly
50, 21.105, 357.933

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 25.861, 342.279

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 9.988, 340.678

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 25.861, 342.279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 104, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 104, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 104, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 104, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 25.861, 342.279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 104, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 104, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 104, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 104, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 104, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 104,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 25.861, 342.279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 104, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
104, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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