

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 25.869, 143.251)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 25.869, 143.251)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 25.869, 143.251)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B805C
RGB	91, 128, 92
RGB Percent	36%, 50%, 36%
CMY	0.6433, 0.4982, 0.6394
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.28, 0.50
HSL	122°, 17%, 43%
HSV	122°, 29%, 50%
XYZ	13.9518, 18.4187, 12.9341
YIQ	112.8330, -10.4960, -19.0400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

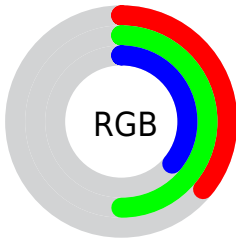
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 127, 128
Decimal	5996636
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -20.73, 15.48
CIE _{LCh}	50, 25.869, 143.251
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3080, 0.4066
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284186716 (0xFF5B805C)
YUV	112.8330, -10.2707, -19.1475
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -17.0765, 12.1734

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 25.869, 143.251$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669966 . A complement of this color would be $44, 25.876, 326.699$, and the grayscale version is $48, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 26.070, 143.062$, and $30, 26.148, 143.515$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 34.654, 142.368$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 16.915, 144.020$.

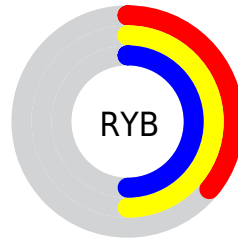
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (50%)

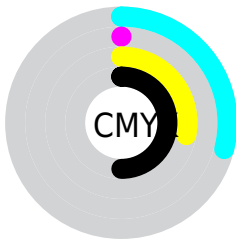
Blue (36%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (50%)

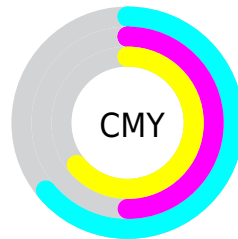


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (64%)


Magenta (50%)


Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 25.869, 143.251 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 25.869, 143.251 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 25.869,
143.251


 50, 25.869,
143.251


 100, 25.869,
143.251


 40, 25.869,
143.251


 70, 25.869,
143.251

 30, 25.869,
143.251


 80, 25.869,
143.251


 20, 25.869,
143.251

 90, 25.869,
143.251

 10, 25.869,
143.251

 0, 25.869, 143.251

 50, 25.869,
143.251

 50, 25.869,
143.251

■ 49, 34.654,
142.368

■ 51, 16.915,
144.020

■ 48, 43.078,
141.369

■ 52, 7.934, 144.689

■ 48, 50.915,
140.273

■ 54, 0.963, 325.029

■ 55, 9.697, 325.685

■ 47, 57.892,
139.127

■ 57, 18.218,
326.102

■ 47, 63.705,
138.017

■ 59, 26.492,
326.454

■ 46, 68.049,
137.063

■ 60, 34.505,
326.755

■ 46, 70.944,
136.417

■ 62, 42.249,
327.013

■ 46, 71.240,
136.356

■ 64, 49.728,
327.236

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 25.869, 143.251



44, 25.876, 326.699

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 25.869, 143.251



50, 25.869, 193.251



50, 25.869, 323.251



50, 25.869, 13.251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 25.870, 143.251



67, 9.897, 144.671



53, 21.135, 108.222



35, 6.937, 144.591



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 25.870, 143.251



63, 38.590, 142.655



50, 17.942, 161.988



26, 5.001, 144.678



46, 71.056, 136.357



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 25.876, 326.699



53, 38.561, 327.055



43, 18.625, 347.155



25, 5.009, 325.630



29, 67.724, 329.302



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 25.869, 143.251 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 25.869, 143.251 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 25.869, 143.251

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 25.869, 143.251.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 25.869, 143.251.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 25.869, 143.251

Protanopia

50, 17.879, 94.956

Deuteranopia

50, 15.453, 65.469



Tritanopia
50, 10.685, 231.996

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 25.869, 143.251

Protanomaly
50, 19.382, 117.974

Deuteranomaly
50, 14.546, 104.828

Tritanomaly
50, 12.305, 178.602

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 25.869, 143.251

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 9.355, 143.837

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 25.869, 143.251 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 128, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 128, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 128, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 128, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 25.869, 143.251 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 128, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 128, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 128, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 128, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 128, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 128,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 25.869, 143.251 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 128, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 128,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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