

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 27.627, 210.710)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 27.627, 210.710)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 27.642, 210.483)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1C838E
RGB	28, 131, 142
RGB Percent	11%, 51%, 56%
CMY	0.8905, 0.4864, 0.4433
CMYK	0.80, 0.08, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	186°, 67%, 33%
HSV	186°, 80%, 56%
XYZ	13.4666, 18.4187, 28.4197
YIQ	101.4570, -64.9190, -18.4150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

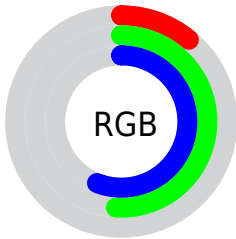
Format	Color
R _Y B	28, 82, 142
Decimal	1868686
CIE Lab	50.00, -23.82, -14.02
CIE LCh	50, 27.642, 210.483
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2233, 0.3054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280058766 (0xFF1C838E)
YUV	101.4570, 19.9877, -64.4218
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -19.0943, -9.2201

Details

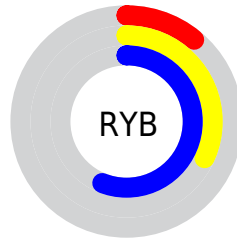
The CIELCh color **50, 27.642, 210.483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **32, 53.295, 36.860**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 27.581, 211.340**, and **31, 21.020, 216.556** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 28.527, 211.701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 26.131, 209.549**.

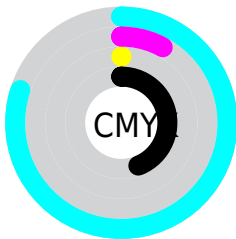
Distribution



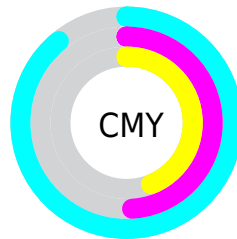
- Red (11%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 27.642, 210.483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 27.642, 210.483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 50, 27.642,
210.483


 50, 27.642,
210.483


 100, 27.642,
210.483


 40, 27.642,
210.483


 70, 27.642,
210.483

 30, 27.642,
210.483

 80, 27.642,
210.483

 20, 27.642,
210.483

 90, 27.642,
210.483

 10, 27.642,
210.483

 0, 27.642, 210.483

 50, 27.642,
210.483

 50, 27.642,
210.483

■ 49, 28.527,
211.701

■ 51, 26.131,
209.549

■ 49, 28.986,
213.083

■ 52, 23.977,
208.868

■ 53, 21.201,
208.404

■ 54, 17.852,
208.126

■ 55, 13.998,
208.003

■ 56, 9.714, 208.012

■ 57, 5.078, 208.149

■ 59, 0.163, 210.886

■ 61, 4.966, 28.394

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 27.642, 210.483



32, 53.295, 36.860

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 27.642, 210.483



50, 27.642, 260.483



50, 27.642, 30.483



50, 27.642, 80.483

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 27.641, 210.482



70, 13.957, 207.993



52, 67.911, 138.951



36, 9.449, 207.993



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 27.641, 210.482



62, 34.836, 212.840



32, 42.467, 282.729



29, 2.799, 208.176



47, 27.979, 212.998



2, 1.936, 208.265

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 64.579, 331.500



43, 83.168, 332.302



44, 45.487, 72.767



28, 5.250, 327.652



31, 66.977, 332.368



1, 3.525, 327.162

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 27.642, 210.483 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 27.642, 210.483 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

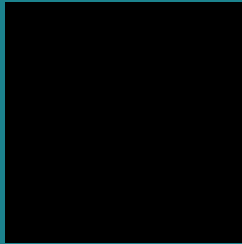
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 27.642, 210.483

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 27.642, 210.483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 27.642, 210.483.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 27.642, 210.483

Protanopia

50, 9.383, 289.077

Deuteranopia

50, 17.007, 292.361



Tritanopia
50, 27.642, 210.483

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 27.642, 210.483

Protanomaly
49, 15.230, 231.183

Deuteranomaly
49, 17.907, 247.928

Tritanomaly
50, 27.642, 210.483

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 27.642, 210.483

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 13.888, 207.906

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 27.642, 210.483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 131, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 131, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 131, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 131, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 27.642, 210.483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 131, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 131, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 131, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 131, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 131, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 131,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 27.642, 210.483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 131, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 131,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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