

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 28.398, 197.703)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 28.398, 197.703)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 28.368, 197.814)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E8485
RGB	30, 132, 133
RGB Percent	12%, 52%, 52%
CMY	0.8834, 0.4830, 0.4791
CMYK	0.78, 0.01, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	181°, 63%, 32%
HSV	181°, 78%, 52%
XYZ	12.9788, 18.4187, 25.0021
YIQ	101.6160, -61.1130, -21.3130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

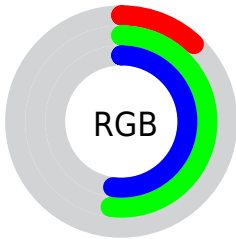
Format	Color
R_{YB}	30, 81, 133
Decimal	2000005
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -27.01, -8.68
CIE _{LCh}	50, 28.368, 197.814
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2301, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280190085 (0xFF1E8485)
YUV	101.6160, 15.4723, -62.8072
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -21.1235, -4.4987

Details

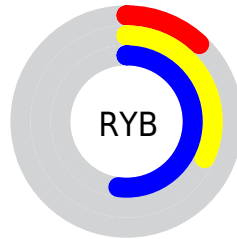
The CIELCh color **50, 28.368, 197.814** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **29, 50.688, 32.475**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 28.539, 197.199**, and **31, 21.669, 199.874** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 29.586, 197.798**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 26.531, 197.903**.

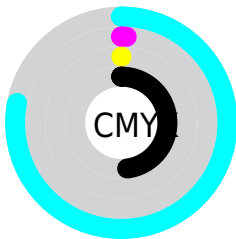
Distribution



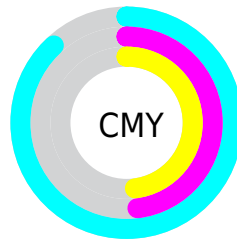
- Red (12%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)




- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 28.368, 197.814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 28.368, 197.814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 28.368,
197.814


 50, 28.368,
197.814


 100, 28.368,
197.814


 40, 28.368,
197.814


 70, 28.368,
197.814

 30, 28.368,
197.814

 80, 28.368,
197.814


 20, 28.368,
197.814

 90, 28.368,
197.814

 10, 28.368,
197.814

 0, 28.368, 197.814

 50, 28.368,
197.814

 50, 28.368,
197.814

■ 50, 29.586,
197.798

■ 50, 26.531,
197.903

■ 50, 30.307,
197.845

■ 51, 24.067,
198.069

■ 50, 30.465,
197.857

■ 51, 20.998,
198.308

■ 52, 17.374,
198.616

■ 53, 13.262,
198.989

■ 54, 8.737, 199.424

■ 55, 3.877, 199.948

■ 56, 1.242, 20.016

■ 57, 6.554, 20.815

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 28.368, 197.814



29, 50.688, 32.475

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 28.368, 197.814



50, 28.368, 247.814



50, 28.368, 17.814



50, 28.368, 67.814

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 28.368, 197.813



68, 13.926, 199.159



48, 65.764, 137.594



35, 9.496, 199.028



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 28.368, 197.813



64, 36.614, 197.834



34, 33.823, 273.458



27, 2.857, 199.858



49, 30.003, 197.854



1, 0.700, 200.238

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 63.933, 328.220



41, 84.525, 328.541



40, 41.472, 65.732



26, 5.238, 325.160



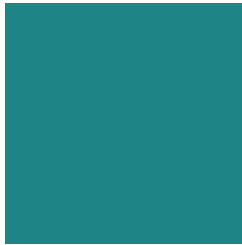
30, 69.610, 328.610



0, 1.248, 324.697

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 28.368, 197.814 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 28.368, 197.814 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

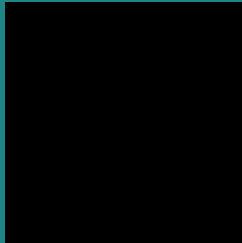
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 28.368, 197.814

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 28.368, 197.814.

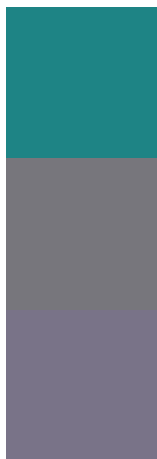


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 28.368, 197.814.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 28.368, 197.814

Protanopia

50, 3.545, 297.044

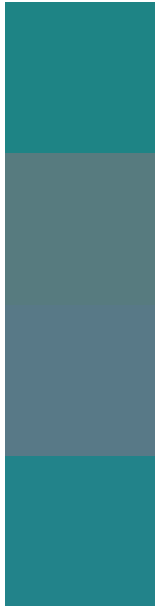
Deuteranopia

50, 12.577, 302.205



Tritanopia
50, 26.723, 209.713

Trichromacy



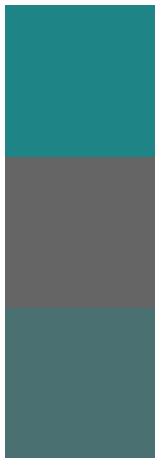
Original Color
50, 28.368, 197.814

Protanomaly
49, 13.189, 208.416

Deuteranomaly
49, 13.967, 234.756

Tritanomaly
50, 27.096, 205.617

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 28.368, 197.814

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 13.621, 200.423

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 28.368, 197.814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 132, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 132, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 132, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 132, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 28.368, 197.814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 132, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 132, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 132, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 132, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 132, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 132,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 28.368, 197.814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 132, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 132,  
133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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