

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 29.902, 107.472)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 29.902, 107.472)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 29.614, 107.148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	797A46
RGB	121, 122, 70
RGB Percent	47%, 48%, 27%
CMY	0.5256, 0.5216, 0.7256
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.43, 0.52
HSL	61°, 27%, 38%
HSV	61°, 43%, 48%
XYZ	15.9434, 18.4187, 8.5055
YIQ	115.7730, 16.0960, -16.3840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

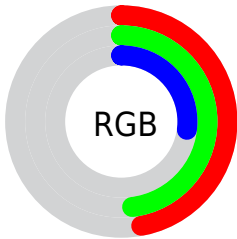
Format	Color
RYB	70, 122, 71
Decimal	7961158
CIELab	50.00, -8.73, 28.30
CIElCh	50, 29.614, 107.148
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3719, 0.4297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286151238 (0xFF797A46)
YUV	115.7730, -22.5661, 4.5841
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -8.7929, 18.2915

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 29.614, 107.148$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $32, 32.926, 296.245$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 29.626, 107.167$, and $30, 29.979, 107.520$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 36.052, 106.328$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 22.878, 108.020$.

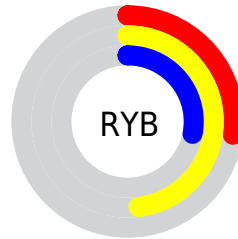
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (48%)

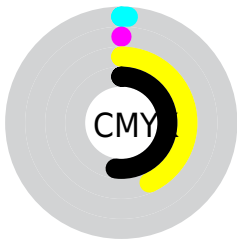
Blue (27%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (28%)

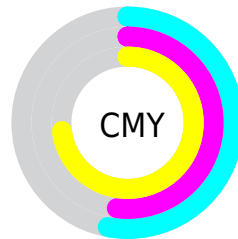


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (43%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (53%)


Magenta (52%)

Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 29.614, 107.148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 29.614, 107.148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 50, 29.614,
107.148


 50, 29.614,
107.148


 100, 29.614,
107.148


 40, 29.614,
107.148


 70, 29.614,
107.148

 30, 29.614,
107.148

 80, 29.614,
107.148

 20, 29.614,
107.148

 90, 29.614,
107.148

 10, 29.614,
107.148

 0, 29.614, 107.148

 50, 29.614,
107.148

 50, 29.614,
107.148

■ 50, 36.052,
106.328

■ 50, 22.878,
108.020

■ 50, 42.014,
105.582

■ 50, 15.959,
108.913

■ 50, 47.257,
104.948

■ 51, 8.936, 109.810

■ 49, 51.480,
104.466

■ 51, 1.859, 110.685

■ 49, 54.399,
104.171

■ 51, 5.237, 291.588

■ 49, 56.173,
104.007

■ 52, 12.329,
292.432

■ 52, 19.401,
293.247

■ 53, 26.440,
294.028

■ 53, 33.438,
294.771

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 29.614, 107.148



32, 32.926, 296.245

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 29.614, 107.148



50, 29.614, 157.148



50, 29.614, 287.148



50, 29.614, 337.148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 29.615, 107.151



65, 11.370, 109.749



36, 23.932, 24.561



33, 7.909, 109.585



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 29.615, 107.151



63, 43.225, 106.360



48, 32.056, 127.749



26, 3.998, 110.128



50, 57.152, 104.009



96, 96.211, 104.071

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 32.926, 296.245



37, 49.642, 297.947



35, 33.918, 311.647



23, 4.081, 291.801



13, 78.772, 306.378



32, 132.716, 306.326

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 29.614, 107.148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

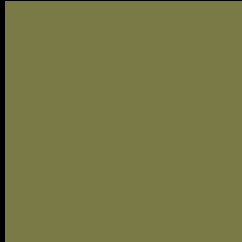
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 29.614, 107.148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

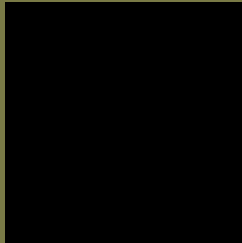
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 29.614, 107.148

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 29.614, 107.148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 29.614, 107.148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

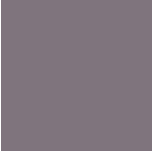
50, 29.614, 107.148

Protanopia

50, 29.112, 96.303

Deuteranopia

50, 28.352, 77.374



Tritanopia
50, 6.888, 330.377

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 29.614, 107.148

Protanomaly
50, 29.329, 99.994

Deuteranomaly
50, 28.031, 88.320

Tritanomaly
50, 8.129, 87.814

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 29.614, 107.148

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 11.074, 108.697

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 29.614, 107.148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 122, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 122, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 122, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 122, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 29.614, 107.148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 122, 70) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 122, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 122, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 122, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 122, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 122,  
70) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 29.614, 107.148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 122, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
122, 70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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