

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 3.509, 37.448)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 3.509, 37.448) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 3.477, 39.218)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D7573
RGB	125, 117, 115
RGB Percent	49%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5086, 0.5400, 0.5479
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.08, 0.51
HSL	12°, 4%, 47%
HSV	12°, 8%, 49%
XYZ	18.0084, 18.4187, 18.9148
YIQ	119.1640, 5.4100, 1.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

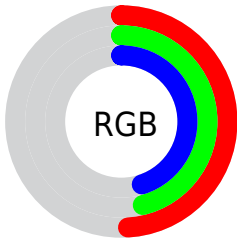
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 118, 115
Decimal	8222067
CIE Lab	50.00, 2.69, 2.20
CIE LCh	50, 3.477, 39.218
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3254, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286412147 (0xFF7D7573)
YUV	119.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -0.2042, 3.9110

Details

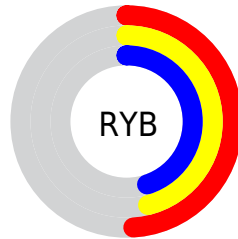
The CIELCh color $50, 3.477, 39.218$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 3.317, 219.828$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 3.601, 37.181$, and $30, 3.416, 41.700$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 8.146, 39.194$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.847, 220.007$.

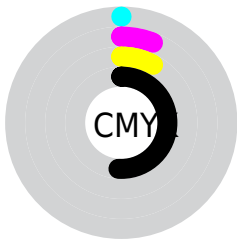
Distribution



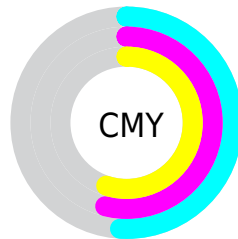
- Red (49%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 3.477, 39.218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 3.477, 39.218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 50, 3.477, 39.218	 50, 3.477, 39.218
 100, 3.477, 39.218	 40, 3.477, 39.218
 70, 3.477, 39.218	 30, 3.477, 39.218
 80, 3.477, 39.218	 20, 3.477, 39.218
 90, 3.477, 39.218	 10, 3.477, 39.218
	 0, 3.477, 39.218

 50, 3.477, 39.218	 50, 3.477, 39.218
 47, 8.146, 39.194	 53, 0.847, 220.007
 44, 13.193, 39.211	 56, 4.858, 219.893
 41, 18.640, 39.360	 60, 8.590, 220.165

■ 38, 24.492, 39.682

■ 63, 12.075,
220.491

■ 35, 30.729, 40.208

■ 66, 15.342,
220.844

■ 33, 37.279, 40.949

■ 31, 43.978, 41.864

■ 69, 18.419,
221.212

■ 29, 50.468, 42.770

■ 73, 21.328,
221.588

■ 27, 55.973, 43.233

■ 76, 24.089,
221.967

■ 79, 26.720,
222.344

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 3.477, 39.218



51, 3.317, 219.828

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 3.477, 39.218



50, 3.477, 89.218



50, 3.477, 219.218



50, 3.477, 269.218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 3.476, 39.244



66, 1.055, 39.021



50, 6.196, 330.967



34, 0.597, 38.989



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 3.476, 39.244



63, 5.453, 39.235



51, 4.232, 92.734



25, 2.501, 39.241



27, 57.852, 43.428



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 3.317, 219.828



65, 5.130, 219.877



50, 4.247, 274.701



26, 2.369, 219.850



40, 26.211, 234.273



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 3.477, 39.218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

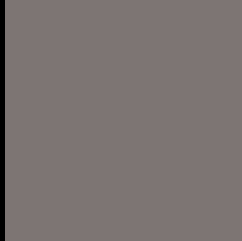
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 3.477, 39.218 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 3.477, 39.218

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 3.477, 39.218.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 3.477, 39.218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

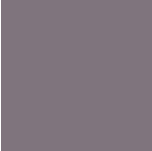
50, 3.477, 39.218

Protanopia

50, 1.993, 55.156

Deuteranopia

50, 7.042, 15.448



Tritanopia
50, 6.888, 330.377

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 3.477, 39.218

Protanomaly

50, 2.340, 49.314

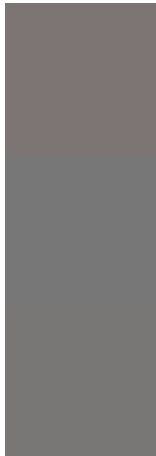
Deuteranomaly

50, 5.766, 20.004

Tritanomaly

50, 5.005, 344.224

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 3.477, 39.218

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 1.213, 19.233

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 3.477, 39.218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 117, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 117, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 117, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 117, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 3.477, 39.218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

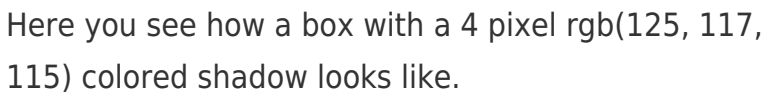
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 117, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 117, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 117, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 117, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 117, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 117,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 3.477, 39.218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 117, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
117, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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