

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 3.587, 219.914)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 3.587, 219.914) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 3.689, 217.657)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70797B
RGB	112, 121, 123
RGB Percent	44%, 47%, 48%
CMY	0.5623, 0.5270, 0.5192
CMYK	0.09, 0.02, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	191°, 5%, 46%
HSV	191°, 9%, 48%
XYZ	16.9727, 18.4187, 21.2701
YIQ	118.5370, -6.0060, -1.2860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

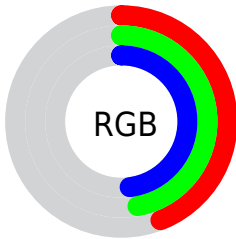
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 117, 123
Decimal	7371131
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -2.92, -2.25
CIE _{LCh}	50, 3.689, 217.657
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2995, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285561211 (0xFF70797B)
YUV	118.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -4.5118, 0.6571

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 3.689, 217.657** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **49, 3.893, 37.182**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 3.479, 217.641**, and **30, 3.851, 208.481** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 7.599, 217.885**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 0.433, 36.470**.

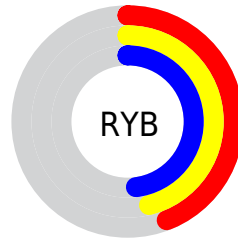
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (47%)

Blue (48%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (48%)

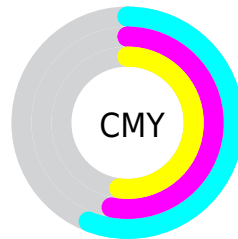


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 3.689, 217.657 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 3.689, 217.657 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 3.689, 217.657

■ 50, 3.689, 217.657

■ 100, 3.689,
217.657

■ 40, 3.689, 217.657

■ 70, 3.689, 217.657

■ 30, 3.689, 217.657

■ 80, 3.689, 217.657

■ 20, 3.689, 217.657

■ 90, 3.689, 217.657

■ 10, 3.689, 217.657

■ 0, 3.689, 217.657

■ 50, 3.689, 217.657

■ 50, 3.689, 217.657

■ 48, 7.599, 217.885

■ 52, 0.433, 36.470

■ 47, 11.241,
218.324

■ 53, 4.720, 37.187

■ 55, 9.131, 37.214

46, 14.559,
218.966

57, 13.633, 37.273

44, 17.492,
219.853

59, 18.195, 37.368

61, 22.798, 37.493

43, 19.986,
221.039

63, 27.421, 37.639

42, 21.999,
222.589

64, 32.050, 37.801

66, 36.675, 37.973

41, 23.514,
224.570

40, 24.545,
227.049

39, 25.269,
229.892

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 3.689, 217.657



49, 3.893, 37.182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 3.689, 217.657



50, 3.689, 267.657



50, 3.689, 37.657



50, 3.689, 87.657

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 3.689, 217.636



65, 1.561, 217.712



50, 6.985, 148.879



34, 1.191, 217.668



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 3.689, 217.636



64, 5.613, 217.673



48, 4.521, 272.274



25, 2.313, 217.638



40, 25.695, 230.253



77, 43.348, 232.318

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 6.930, 330.389



61, 10.620, 330.532



50, 4.519, 90.027



24, 4.347, 330.395



28, 59.415, 336.713



57, 99.307, 337.265

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 3.689, 217.657 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 3.689, 217.657 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

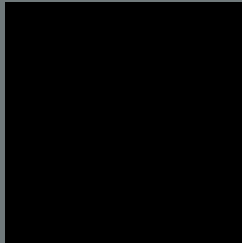
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

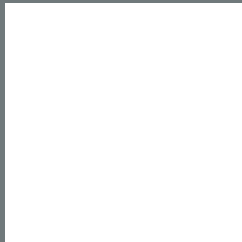
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 3.689, 217.657

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 3.689, 217.657.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 3.689, 217.657.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

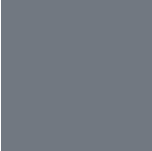
50, 3.689, 217.657

Protanopia

50, 1.944, 314.706

Deuteranopia

50, 7.439, 335.237



Tritanopia
50, 5.856, 263.534

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 3.689, 217.657

Protanomaly

50, 1.918, 266.023

Deuteranomaly

50, 4.064, 319.972

Tritanomaly

50, 5.074, 253.227

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 3.689, 217.657

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 1.324, 225.839

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 3.689, 217.657 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 121, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 121, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 121, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 121, 123) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 3.689, 217.657 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 121, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 121, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 121, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 121, 123); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 121, 123); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 121, 123) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 3.689, 217.657 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 121, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
121, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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