

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 3.820, 337.601)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 3.820, 337.601) contains.

CIELCh(50, 3.682, 340.335)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 3.682, 340.335)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C7579
RGB	124, 117, 121
RGB Percent	49%, 46%, 47%
CMY	0.5134, 0.5408, 0.5251
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.02, 0.51
HSL	326°, 3%, 47%
HSV	326°, 6%, 49%
XYZ	18.1543, 18.4187, 20.7171
YIQ	119.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

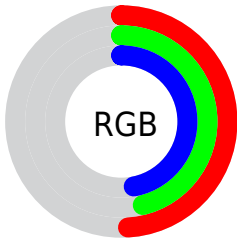
Format	Color
R_{YB}	124, 117, 121
Decimal	8156537
CIE Lab	50.00, 3.47, -1.24
CIE LCh	50, 3.682, 340.335
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3169, 0.3215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286346617 (0xFF7C7579)
YUV	119.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 0.4026, 1.4211

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 3.682, 340.335$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $51, 3.654, 159.657$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 3.749, 343.917$, and $30, 3.693, 336.122$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 10.302, 341.168$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 2.801, 159.791$.

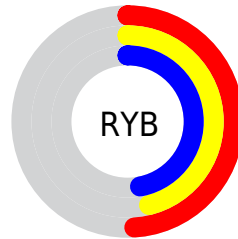
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (46%)

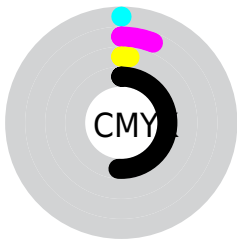
Blue (47%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (47%)

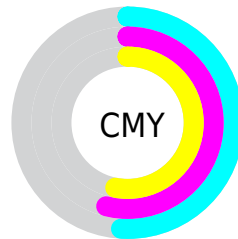


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 3.682, 340.335 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 3.682, 340.335 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 3.682, 340.335

■ 50, 3.682, 340.335

■ 100, 3.682,
340.335

■ 40, 3.682, 340.335

■ 70, 3.682, 340.335

■ 30, 3.682, 340.335

■ 80, 3.682, 340.335

■ 20, 3.682, 340.335

■ 90, 3.682, 340.335

■ 10, 3.682, 340.335

■ 0, 3.682, 340.335

■ 50, 3.682, 340.335

■ 50, 3.682, 340.335

■ 46, 10.302,
341.168

■ 54, 2.801, 159.791

■ 43, 16.995,
342.031

■ 57, 9.106, 159.059

■ 61, 15.216,

40, 23.650,
342.978

158.427

37, 30.102,
344.039

65, 21.128,
157.844

34, 36.123,
345.251

69, 26.846,
157.301

31, 41.424,
346.670

72, 32.379,
156.794

29, 45.692,
348.373

76, 37.737,
156.319

28, 48.653,
350.464

80, 42.934,
155.873

26, 50.295,
353.014

83, 47.981,
155.454

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 3.682, 340.335



51, 3.654, 159.657

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 3.682, 340.335



50, 3.682, 30.335



50, 3.682, 160.335



50, 3.682, 210.335

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 3.680, 340.341



65, 1.609, 339.948



50, 4.279, 306.351



34, 0.922, 339.922



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 3.680, 340.341



63, 5.651, 340.472



50, 2.869, 12.799



24, 2.912, 340.478



26, 51.201, 354.174



55, 85.469, 356.154

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 3.680, 340.341



63, 5.651, 340.472



51, 2.787, 192.245



24, 2.912, 340.478



26, 51.201, 354.174



55, 85.469, 356.154

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 3.682, 340.335 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 3.682, 340.335 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

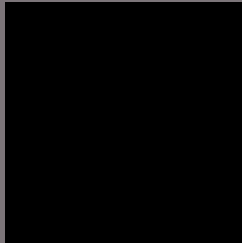
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 3.682, 340.335

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 3.682, 340.335.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 3.682, 340.335.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

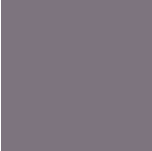
50, 3.682, 340.335

Protanopia

50, 2.488, 309.172

Deuteranopia

50, 6.685, 348.575



Tritanopia
50, 6.895, 322.059

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 3.682, 340.335

Protanomaly

50, 2.647, 317.376

Deuteranomaly

50, 5.339, 346.838

Tritanomaly

50, 5.935, 327.977

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 3.682, 340.335

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 1.003, 343.500

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 3.682, 340.335 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 117, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 117, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 117, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 117, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 3.682, 340.335 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 117, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 117, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 117, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 117, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 117, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 117,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 3.682, 340.335 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 117, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
117, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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