

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 34.566, 251.282)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 34.566, 251.282)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 34.563, 251.397)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	147FAE
RGB	20, 127, 174
RGB Percent	8%, 50%, 68%
CMY	0.9203, 0.5015, 0.3172
CMYK	0.88, 0.27, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	198°, 79%, 38%
HSV	198°, 88%, 68%
XYZ	15.5487, 18.4187, 42.8381
YIQ	100.3650, -78.8590, -8.0670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

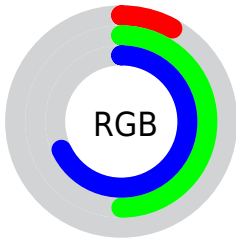
Format	Color
RYB	20, 83, 174
Decimal	1343406
CIELab	50.00, -11.03, -32.76
CIElCh	50, 34.563, 251.397
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2024, 0.2398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279533486 (0xFF147FAE)
YUV	100.3650, 36.3021, -70.4801
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -10.4345, -29.1391

Details

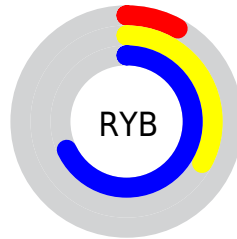
The CIELCh color **50, 34.563, 251.397** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **43, 63.002, 48.747**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 34.582, 251.218**, and **31, 30.359, 263.635** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 36.674, 256.142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 32.237, 247.188**.

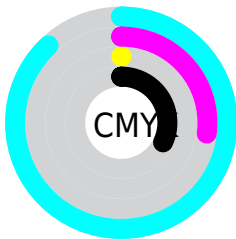
Distribution



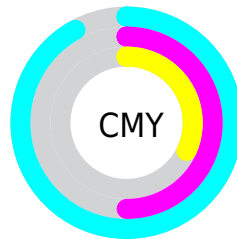
- Red (8%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 34.563, 251.397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 34.563, 251.397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 34.563,
251.397


 50, 34.563,
251.397


 100, 34.563,
251.397


 40, 34.563,
251.397


 70, 34.563,
251.397

 30, 34.563,
251.397


 80, 34.563,
251.397


 20, 34.563,
251.397

 90, 34.563,
251.397

 10, 34.563,
251.397

 0, 34.563, 251.397

 50, 34.563,
251.397

 50, 34.563,
251.397

■ 48, 36.674,
256.142

■ 52, 32.237,
247.188

■ 48, 37.038,
256.916

■ 54, 29.533,
243.648

■ 56, 26.380,
240.741

■ 59, 22.761,
238.395

■ 61, 18.701,
236.520

■ 64, 14.247,
235.034

■ 66, 9.458, 233.866

■ 69, 4.393, 232.984

■ 72, 0.889, 51.630

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 34.563, 251.397



43, 63.002, 48.747

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 34.563, 251.397



50, 34.563, 301.397



50, 34.563, 71.397



50, 34.563, 121.397

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 34.562, 251.398



81, 16.881, 234.922



62, 73.811, 143.417



42, 11.359, 235.370



96, 0.011, 296.813



48, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 34.562, 251.398



62, 45.546, 257.901



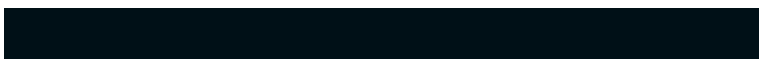
28, 77.500, 299.256



35, 2.968, 233.055



42, 33.075, 256.262



4, 6.469, 243.470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 67.947, 343.090



50, 84.012, 345.605



61, 61.500, 89.633



34, 5.319, 335.108



33, 62.241, 344.942



2, 10.451, 338.461

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 34.563, 251.397 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 34.563, 251.397 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 34.563, 251.397

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 34.563, 251.397.

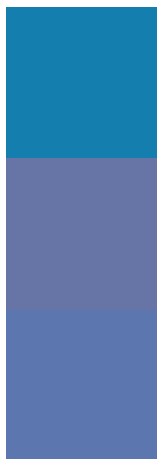


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 34.563, 251.397.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 34.563, 251.397

Protanopia

50, 28.861, 284.738

Deuteranopia

50, 34.430, 281.288



Tritanopia
50, 29.689, 208.154

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 34.563, 251.397

Protanomaly
49, 30.602, 266.677

Deuteranomaly
49, 34.131, 267.971

Tritanomaly
50, 29.607, 225.779

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 34.563, 251.397

Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
44, 16.443, 239.559

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 34.563, 251.397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 127, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 127, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 127, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 127, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 34.563, 251.397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 127, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 127, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 127, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 127, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 127, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 127,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 34.563, 251.397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 127, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 127,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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