

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 35.528, 315.919)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 35.528, 315.919)
contains.

CIELCh(50, 35.365, 315.947)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(50, 35.365, 315.947)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E69A1
RGB	142, 105, 161
RGB Percent	56%, 41%, 63%
CMY	0.4432, 0.5883, 0.3687
CMYK	0.12, 0.35, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	280°, 23%, 52%
HSV	280°, 35%, 63%
XYZ	22.6303, 18.4187, 36.0679
YIQ	122.4470, 4.0760, 25.2600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

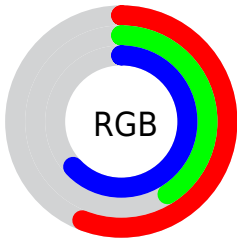
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 105, 161
Decimal	9333153
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 25.42, -24.59
CIE _{LCh}	50, 35.365, 315.947
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2935, 0.2388
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287523233 (0xFF8E69A1)
YUV	122.4470, 19.0066, 17.1480
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 19.0193, -19.7861

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 35.365, 315.947** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **62, 34.327, 132.863**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 35.136, 315.658**, and **30, 35.273, 316.189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 45.624, 316.359**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 25.034, 315.512**.

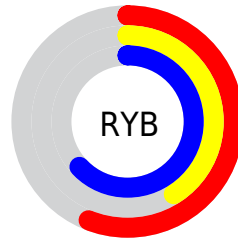
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (41%)

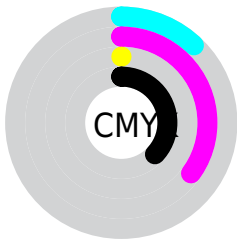
Blue (63%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (63%)

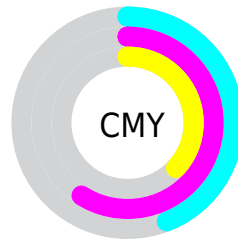


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (59%)


Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 35.365, 315.947 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 35.365, 315.947 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 35.365,
315.947


 50, 35.365,
315.947


 100, 35.365,
315.947


 40, 35.365,
315.947


 70, 35.365,
315.947

 30, 35.365,
315.947


 80, 35.365,
315.947


 20, 35.365,
315.947

 90, 35.365,
315.947

 10, 35.365,
315.947

 0, 35.365, 315.947

 50, 35.365,
315.947

 50, 35.365,
315.947

46, 45.624,
316.359

55, 25.034,
315.512

41, 55.567,
316.718

59, 14.794,
315.076

38, 64.835,
316.976

64, 4.738, 314.639

69, 5.080, 134.305

34, 72.949,
317.075

74, 14.633,
133.923

32, 79.368,
316.945

78, 23.913,
133.587

29, 83.651,
316.520

83, 32.921,
133.283

29, 85.471,
316.259

88, 41.662,
133.011

93, 50.148,
132.768

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 35.365, 315.947



62, 34.327, 132.863

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 35.365, 315.947



50, 35.365, 5.947



50, 35.365, 135.947



50, 35.365, 185.947

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 35.363, 315.947



78, 12.320, 314.878



52, 21.884, 275.274



40, 8.400, 314.935



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 35.363, 315.947



60, 52.943, 316.280



52, 34.434, 330.930



32, 5.690, 314.839



25, 79.266, 316.346



1, 8.644, 312.583

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 25.222, 357.123



61, 37.849, 358.352



61, 34.374, 146.230



32, 3.999, 354.088



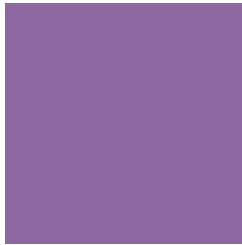
30, 56.479, 16.314



1, 6.015, 355.449

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 35.365, 315.947 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

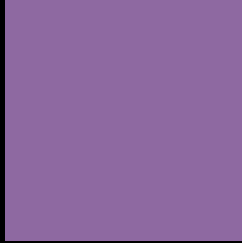
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 35.365, 315.947 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

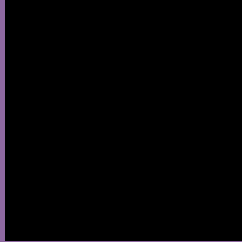
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 35.365, 315.947

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 35.365, 315.947.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 35.365, 315.947.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 35.365, 315.947

Protanopia

50, 31.746, 285.521

Deuteranopia

50, 24.644, 286.965



Tritanopia
50, 10.731, 351.479

Trichromacy



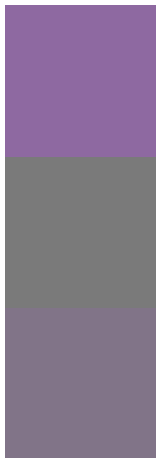
Original Color
50, 35.365, 315.947

Protanomaly
50, 31.710, 296.539

Deuteranomaly
50, 27.760, 299.359

Tritanomaly
50, 18.750, 327.530

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 35.365, 315.947

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 12.784, 314.717

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 35.365, 315.947 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 105, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 105, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 105, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 105, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 35.365, 315.947 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 105, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 105, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 105, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 105, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 105, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 105,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 35.365, 315.947 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 105, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
105, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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