

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 35.787, 326.241)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 35.787, 326.241)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 35.749, 326.230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	996599
RGB	153, 101, 153
RGB Percent	60%, 40%, 60%
CMY	0.3995, 0.6034, 0.3995
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	300°, 20%, 50%
HSV	300°, 34%, 60%
XYZ	23.5856, 18.4187, 32.5027
YIQ	122.4760, 14.3000, 27.1960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

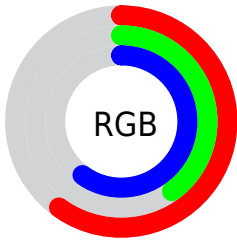
Format	Color
R_{YB}	153, 101, 153
Decimal	10053017
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 29.72, -19.87
CIE _{LCh}	50, 35.749, 326.230
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3166, 0.2472
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288243097 (0xFF996599)
YUV	122.4760, 15.0483, 26.7695
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 22.9925, -14.8607

Details

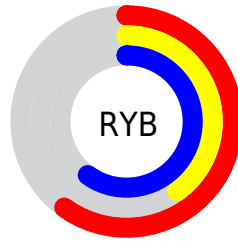
The CIELCh color $50, 35.749, 326.230$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $59, 35.770, 142.061$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 35.397, 326.374$, and $30, 35.567, 326.208$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 45.772, 326.717$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 25.311, 325.712$.

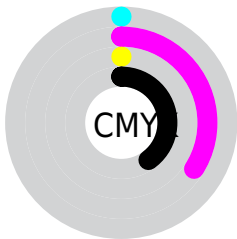
Distribution



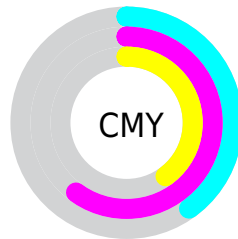
- Red (60%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 35.749, 326.230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 35.749, 326.230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 35.749,
326.230


 50, 35.749,
326.230


 100, 35.749,
326.230


 40, 35.749,
326.230


 70, 35.749,
326.230

 30, 35.749,
326.230


 80, 35.749,
326.230


 20, 35.749,
326.230

 90, 35.749,
326.230

 10, 35.749,
326.230

 0, 35.749, 326.230

 50, 35.749,
326.230

 50, 35.749,
326.230

47, 45.772,
326.717

54, 25.311,
325.712

44, 55.058,
327.156

58, 14.719,
325.175

41, 63.226,
327.534

62, 4.156, 324.604

66, 6.254, 144.160

39, 69.891,
327.835

70, 16.431,
143.624

37, 74.752,
328.050

74, 26.331,
143.124

37, 77.693,
328.179

79, 35.932,
142.650

36, 78.972,
328.234

83, 45.227,
142.202

87, 54.221,
141.781

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 35.749, 326.230



59, 35.770, 142.061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 35.749, 326.230



50, 35.749, 16.230



50, 35.749, 146.230



50, 35.749, 196.230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 35.747, 326.230



75, 13.022, 324.968



45, 31.086, 294.377



39, 8.867, 325.039



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 35.747, 326.230



61, 52.990, 326.615



49, 25.632, 346.802



30, 5.940, 324.914



33, 74.067, 328.234



1, 6.386, 324.440

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 35.747, 326.230



61, 52.990, 326.615



59, 24.615, 160.510



30, 5.940, 324.914



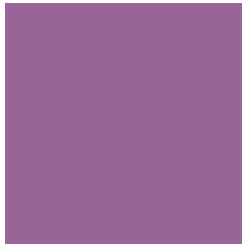
33, 74.067, 328.234



1, 6.386, 324.440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 35.749, 326.230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

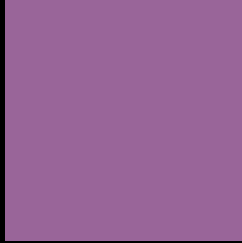
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 35.749, 326.230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

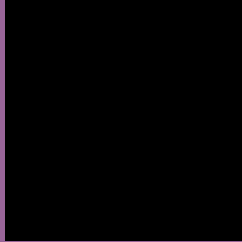
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 35.749, 326.230

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 35.749, 326.230.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 35.749, 326.230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 35.749, 326.230

Protanopia

50, 28.212, 285.034

Deuteranopia

50, 19.315, 290.521



Tritanopia
50, 17.390, 4.206

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 35.749, 326.230

Protanomaly
50, 29.069, 301.291

Deuteranomaly
50, 24.467, 308.626

Tritanomaly
50, 23.022, 343.307

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 35.749, 326.230

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 13.403, 325.177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 35.749, 326.230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 101, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 101, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 101, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 101, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 35.749, 326.230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 101, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 101, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 101, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 101, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 101, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 101,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 35.749, 326.230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 101, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
101, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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