

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 39.160, 60.629)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 39.160, 60.629) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 39.160, 60.629)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A4693D
RGB	164, 105, 61
RGB Percent	64%, 41%, 24%
CMY	0.3557, 0.5872, 0.7598
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.63, 0.36
HSL	26°, 46%, 44%
HSV	26°, 63%, 64%
XYZ	21.2969, 18.4187, 6.8818
YIQ	117.6250, 49.2880, -1.1760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

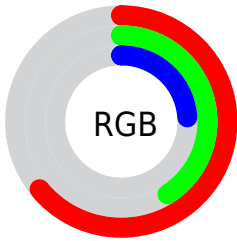
Format	Color
RYB	164, 138, 61
Decimal	10774845
CIELab	50.00, 19.21, 34.13
CIElCh	50, 39.160, 60.629
Yxy	18.4187, 0.4570, 0.3953
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288964925 (0xFFA4693D)
YUV	117.6250, -27.9161, 40.6709
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 13.4734, 20.5347

Details

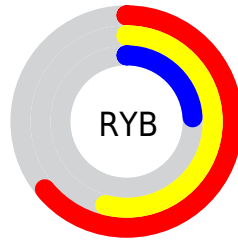
The CIELCh color **50, 39.160, 60.629** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **48, 29.799, 259.693**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 39.039, 60.985**, and **30, 39.146, 60.436** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 46.388, 59.592**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 32.051, 61.626**.

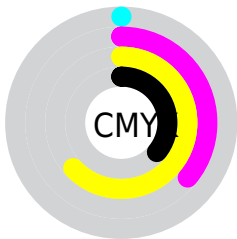
Distribution



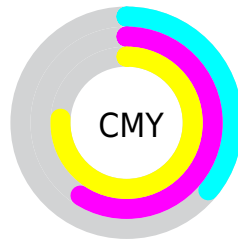
- Red (64%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 39.160, 60.629 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 39.160, 60.629 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 39.160, 60.629

■ 50, 39.160, 60.629

■ 100, 39.160,
60.629

■ 40, 39.160, 60.629

■ 70, 39.160, 60.629

■ 30, 39.160, 60.629

■ 80, 39.160, 60.629

■ 20, 39.160, 60.629

■ 90, 39.160, 60.629

■ 10, 39.160, 60.629

■ 0, 39.160, 60.629

■ 50, 39.160, 60.629

■ 50, 39.160, 60.629

■ 48, 46.388, 59.592

■ 53, 32.051, 61.626

■ 45, 53.372, 58.368

■ 55, 25.230, 62.627

■ 43, 59.413, 56.672

■ 58, 18.758, 63.650

42, 63.323, 55.354

61, 12.645, 64.692

64, 6.877, 65.733

67, 1.427, 66.599

70, 3.734, 248.016

73, 8.639, 249.008

76, 13.316,
250.017

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 39.160, 60.629



48, 29.799, 259.693

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 39.160, 60.629



50, 39.160, 110.629



50, 39.160, 240.629



50, 39.160, 290.629

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 39.159, 60.633



79, 12.992, 65.045



42, 50.355, 345.747



41, 8.997, 64.760



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 39.159, 60.633



60, 59.710, 59.175



63, 49.950, 100.220



33, 3.010, 66.083



37, 57.712, 55.771



3, 4.516, 62.303

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 29.799, 259.693



58, 42.977, 264.775



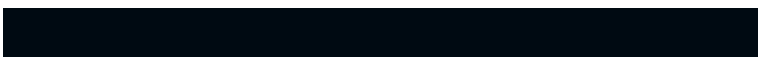
34, 58.646, 297.008



33, 2.916, 248.290



35, 40.294, 274.908



2, 4.729, 253.350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 39.160, 60.629 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

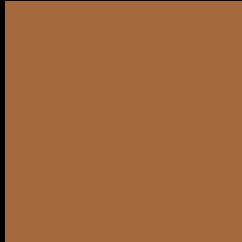
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 39.160, 60.629 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

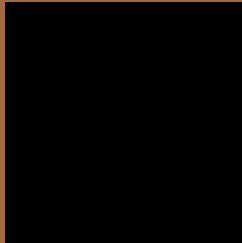
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 39.160, 60.629

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 39.160, 60.629.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 39.160, 60.629.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 39.160, 60.629

Protanopia

50, 30.816, 95.713

Deuteranopia

50, 35.581, 79.716



Tritanopia
50, 28.935, 15.376

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 39.160, 60.629

Protanomaly
50, 32.169, 81.095

Deuteranomaly
50, 36.191, 72.553

Tritanomaly
50, 30.095, 35.924

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 39.160, 60.629

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 13.518, 63.498

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 39.160, 60.629 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(164, 105, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(164, 105, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 105, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(164, 105, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 39.160, 60.629 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(164, 105, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(164, 105, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(164, 105, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(164, 105, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 105, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(164, 105,  
61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 39.160, 60.629 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(164, 105, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(164,  
105, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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