

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 4.056, 242.554)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 4.056, 242.554) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 4.224, 243.170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70787D
RGB	112, 120, 125
RGB Percent	44%, 47%, 49%
CMY	0.5601, 0.5287, 0.5091
CMYK	0.10, 0.04, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	203°, 5%, 47%
HSV	203°, 10%, 49%
XYZ	17.1568, 18.4187, 22.1144
YIQ	118.1780, -6.3730, -0.1410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

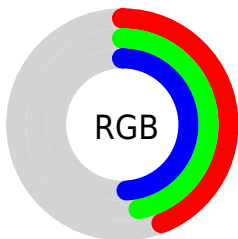
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 117, 125
Decimal	7370877
CIE Lab	50.00, -1.91, -3.77
CIE LCh	50, 4.224, 243.170
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2974, 0.3193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285560957 (0xFF70787D)
YUV	118.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -3.7463, -0.5093

Details

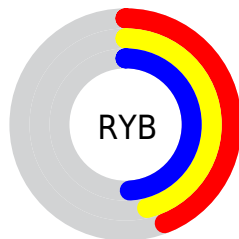
The CIELCh color $50, 4.224, 243.170$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 4.405, 60.974$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 4.362, 248.305$, and $30, 4.166, 237.088$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 8.163, 244.365$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 0.163, 244.016$.

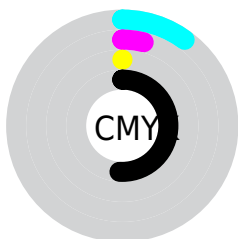
Distribution



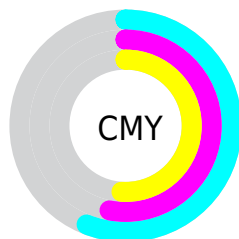
- Red (44%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 4.224, 243.170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 4.224, 243.170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 4.224, 243.170

■ 50, 4.224, 243.170

■ 100, 4.224,
243.170

■ 40, 4.224, 243.170

■ 70, 4.224, 243.170

■ 30, 4.224, 243.170

■ 80, 4.224, 243.170

■ 20, 4.224, 243.170

■ 90, 4.224, 243.170

■ 10, 4.224, 243.170

■ 0, 4.224, 243.170

■ 50, 4.224, 243.170

■ 50, 4.224, 243.170

■ 48, 8.163, 244.365

■ 52, 0.163, 244.016

■ 45, 11.950,
245.869

■ 55, 3.990, 61.103

■ 57, 8.212, 60.426

43, 15.553,
247.706

60, 12.480, 59.835

41, 18.946,
249.941

62, 16.778, 59.329

65, 21.090, 58.895

39, 22.109,
252.643

67, 25.406, 58.521

37, 25.044,
255.876

70, 29.716, 58.196

72, 34.011, 57.912

35, 27.779,
259.675

33, 30.374,
264.021

31, 32.897,
268.292

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 4.224, 243.170



50, 4.405, 60.974

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 4.224, 243.170



50, 4.224, 293.170



50, 4.224, 63.170



50, 4.224, 113.170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 4.224, 243.152



66, 1.533, 242.556



51, 7.026, 157.145



34, 1.154, 242.580



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 4.224, 243.152



64, 6.044, 243.360



48, 6.788, 286.115



26, 2.331, 243.020



32, 33.379, 268.396



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 7.075, 338.621



62, 10.170, 338.769



52, 6.671, 103.920



25, 3.893, 338.522



27, 52.958, 350.585



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 4.224, 243.170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 4.224, 243.170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

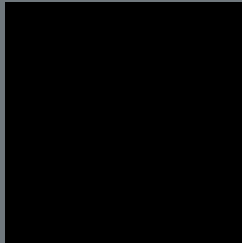
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

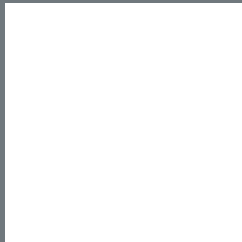
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 4.224, 243.170

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 4.224, 243.170.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 4.224, 243.170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 4.224, 243.170

Protanopia

50, 3.545, 297.044

Deuteranopia

50, 8.055, 327.265



Tritanopia
50, 5.856, 263.534

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 4.224, 243.170

Protanomaly

50, 3.019, 275.460

Deuteranomaly

50, 5.657, 311.258

Tritanomaly

50, 5.349, 260.502

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 4.224, 243.170

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 1.659, 244.494

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 4.224, 243.170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 120, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 120, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 120, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 4.224, 243.170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 120, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 120, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 120, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 120,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 4.224, 243.170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 120, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
120, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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