

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 4.599, 33.829)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 4.599, 33.829) contains.

CIELCh(50, 4.272, 35.564)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 4.272, 35.564)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7573
RGB	127, 117, 115
RGB Percent	50%, 46%, 45%
CMY	0.5026, 0.5418, 0.5496
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.09, 0.50
HSL	10°, 5%, 47%
HSV	10°, 9%, 50%
XYZ	18.1558, 18.4187, 18.7696
YIQ	119.7620, 6.6020, 1.4980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 117, 115
Decimal	8353139
CIE Lab	50.00, 3.48, 2.48
CIE LCh	50, 4.272, 35.564
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3281, 0.3328
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286543219 (0xFF7F7573)
YUV	119.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 0.4088, 4.1116

Details

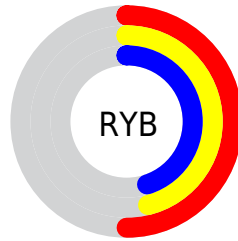
The CIELCh color $50, 4.272, 35.564$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 4.032, 215.917$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 4.346, 34.164$, and $30, 4.288, 37.216$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 9.146, 35.698$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 0.237, 217.377$.

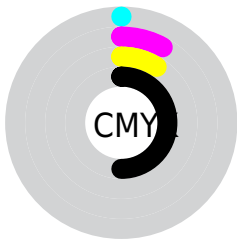
Distribution



- Red (50%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 4.272, 35.564 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 4.272, 35.564 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 50, 4.272, 35.564	 50, 4.272, 35.564
 100, 4.272, 35.564	 40, 4.272, 35.564
 70, 4.272, 35.564	 30, 4.272, 35.564
 80, 4.272, 35.564	 20, 4.272, 35.564
 90, 4.272, 35.564	 10, 4.272, 35.564
	 0, 4.272, 35.564

 50, 4.272, 35.564	 50, 4.272, 35.564
 47, 9.146, 35.698	 53, 0.237, 217.377
 44, 14.416, 35.910	 57, 4.412, 215.919
 40, 20.098, 36.284	 60, 8.290, 216.048

■ 38, 26.190, 36.864

■ 63, 11.903,
216.246

■ 35, 32.655, 37.690

■ 67, 15.284,
216.480

■ 32, 39.400, 38.776

■ 30, 46.230, 40.072

■ 70, 18.459,
216.737

■ 28, 52.726, 41.356

■ 74, 21.455,
217.009

■ 27, 58.026, 42.152

■ 77, 24.293,
217.288

■ 80, 26.992,
217.572

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 4.272, 35.564



52, 4.032, 215.917

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 4.272, 35.564



50, 4.272, 85.564



50, 4.272, 215.564



50, 4.272, 265.564

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 4.271, 35.585



67, 1.644, 35.400



50, 7.598, 329.911



35, 1.260, 35.454



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 4.271, 35.585



64, 6.227, 35.604



52, 4.904, 89.966



25, 2.553, 35.581



27, 58.554, 42.232



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 4.032, 215.917



66, 5.810, 215.935



50, 4.904, 272.341



26, 2.415, 215.915



41, 26.044, 227.206



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 4.272, 35.564 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 4.272, 35.564 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

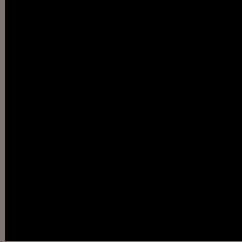
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 4.272, 35.564

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 4.272, 35.564.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 4.272, 35.564.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 4.272, 35.564

Protanopia

50, 1.993, 55.156

Deuteranopia

50, 7.039, 20.168



Tritanopia
50, 7.439, 335.237

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 4.272, 35.564

Protanomaly
50, 2.705, 45.013

Deuteranomaly
50, 5.812, 25.731

Tritanomaly
50, 5.684, 349.152

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 4.272, 35.564

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 1.340, 45.006

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 50, 4.272, 35.564 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 117, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 117, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 117, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 117, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 4.272, 35.564 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 117, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 117, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 117, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 117, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 117, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 117,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 4.272, 35.564 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 117, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
117, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor