

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 4.948, 268.414)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(50, 4.948, 268.414) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(50, 5.032, 268.154)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	72777F
RGB	114, 119, 127
RGB Percent	45%, 47%, 50%
CMY	0.5516, 0.5320, 0.5006
CMYK	0.10, 0.06, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	217°, 5%, 47%
HSV	217°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	17.4765, 18.4187, 22.8332
YIQ	118.4170, -5.5480, 1.4280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

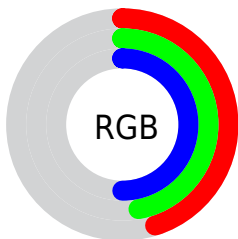
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	114, 118, 127
Decimal	7501695
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.00, -0.16, -5.03
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 5.032, 268.154
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2976, 0.3136
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285691775 (0xFF72777F)
YUV	118.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -2.4166, -1.5023

# Details

The CIELCh color  $50, 5.032, 268.154$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $52, 5.064, 85.518$ , and the grayscale version is  $50, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $70, 5.229, 270.220$ , and  $30, 4.899, 265.830$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $47, 9.995, 269.613$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53, 0.110, 268.630$ .

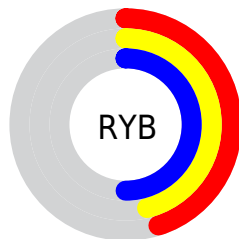
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (47%)

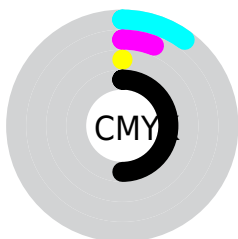
Blue (50%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (50%)

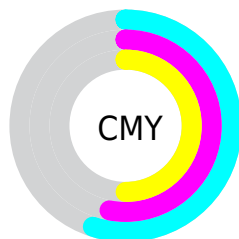


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 5.032, 268.154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 5.032, 268.154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50, 5.032, 268.154

■ 50, 5.032, 268.154

■ 100, 5.032,  
268.154

■ 40, 5.032, 268.154

■ 70, 5.032, 268.154

■ 30, 5.032, 268.154

■ 80, 5.032, 268.154

■ 20, 5.032, 268.154

■ 90, 5.032, 268.154

■ 10, 5.032, 268.154

■ 0, 5.032, 268.154

■ 50, 5.032, 268.154

■ 50, 5.032, 268.154

■ 47, 9.995, 269.613

■ 53, 0.110, 268.630

■ 44, 14.999,  
271.344

■ 57, 4.763, 85.662

■ 60, 9.584, 84.714

40, 20.043,  
273.367

63, 14.348, 83.871

37, 25.134,  
275.722

66, 19.052, 83.124

69, 23.693, 82.460

34, 30.286,  
278.444

73, 28.268, 81.865

31, 35.525,  
281.541

76, 32.778, 81.331

79, 37.220, 80.847

28, 40.881,  
284.983

25, 46.373,  
288.676

23, 51.887,  
292.156

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 5.032, 268.154



52, 5.064, 85.518

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 5.032, 268.154



50, 5.032, 318.154



50, 5.032, 88.154



50, 5.032, 138.154

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 5.031, 268.142



67, 1.832, 267.297



52, 5.993, 168.590



35, 1.399, 267.364



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 5.031, 268.142



63, 7.338, 268.425



49, 7.683, 294.955



25, 2.778, 267.994



23, 51.937, 292.161



0, 0.000, 0.000





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 6.056, 351.213



62, 8.855, 351.417



53, 7.512, 113.314



25, 3.340, 351.103



26, 50.700, 11.318



0, 0.000, 0.000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 5.032, 268.154 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 5.032, 268.154 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

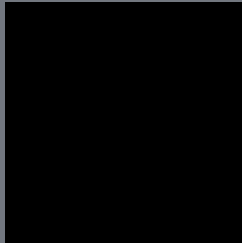
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

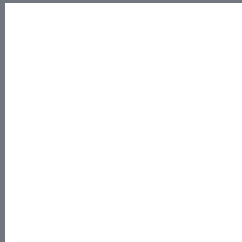
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 50, 5.032, 268.154

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.032, 268.154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.032, 268.154.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


50, 5.032, 268.154

### Protanopia

50, 5.293, 295.106

### Deuteranopia

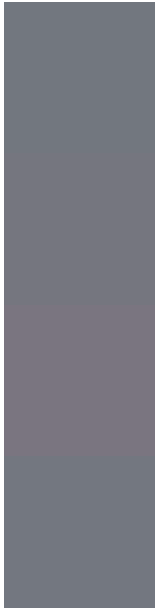
50, 8.811, 320.602



**Tritanopia**  
50, 6.022, 276.107



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50, 5.032, 268.154

## Protanomaly

50, 5.281, 286.642

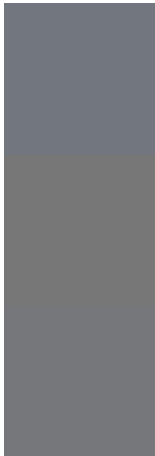
## Deuteranomaly

50, 6.764, 307.839

## Tritanomaly

50, 5.461, 274.408

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50, 5.032, 268.154

## Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

50, 1.918, 266.023

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 5.032, 268.154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 119, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 119, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 119, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 119, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.032, 268.154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 119, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 119, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 119, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 119, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 119, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 119,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.032, 268.154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 119, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114,  
119, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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