

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 40.524, 355.400)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 40.524, 355.400)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 40.376, 355.089)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B35A7E
RGB	179, 90, 126
RGB Percent	70%, 35%, 49%
CMY	0.2978, 0.6468, 0.5057
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.30, 0.30
HSL	336°, 37%, 53%
HSV	336°, 50%, 70%
XYZ	26.0326, 18.4187, 21.9384
YIQ	120.7150, 41.4880, 30.0640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

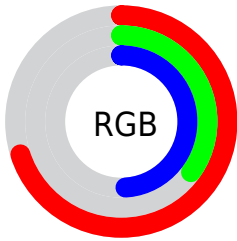
Format	Color
R _Y B	179, 90, 126
Decimal	11754110
CIE Lab	50.00, 40.23, -3.46
CIE LCh	50, 40.376, 355.089
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3921, 0.2774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289944190 (0xFFB35A7E)
YUV	120.7150, 2.6055, 51.1159
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 33.1700, -0.2661

Details

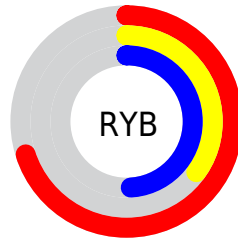
The CIELCh color **50, 40.376, 355.089** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **67, 36.838, 163.817**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 40.237, 355.020**, and **30, 40.145, 355.028** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46, 47.767, 357.033**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 32.379, 353.494**.

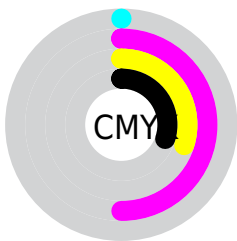
Distribution



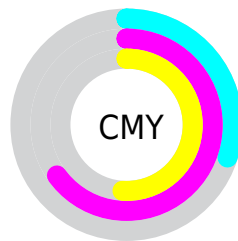
- Red (70%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (30%)





- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 40.376, 355.089 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 40.376, 355.089 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 40.376,
355.089


 50, 40.376,
355.089


 100, 40.376,
355.089


 40, 40.376,
355.089


 70, 40.376,
355.089

 30, 40.376,
355.089


 80, 40.376,
355.089


 20, 40.376,
355.089

 90, 40.376,
355.089

 10, 40.376,
355.089

 0, 40.376, 355.089

 50, 40.376,
355.089

 50, 40.376,
355.089

46, 47.767,
357.033

54, 32.379,
353.494

43, 54.162,
359.450

59, 24.119,
352.151

41, 59.183, 2.503

63, 15.836,
350.992

39, 62.632, 6.363

68, 7.691, 349.960

38, 64.910, 10.974

73, 0.224, 170.932

38, 64.980, 11.110

78, 7.860, 168.370

83, 15.201,
167.619

88, 22.250,
166.947

93, 29.018,
166.334

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 40.376, 355.089



67, 36.838, 163.817

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 40.376, 355.089



50, 40.376, 45.089



50, 40.376, 175.089



50, 40.376, 225.089

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 40.373, 355.090



83, 14.795, 350.521



47, 54.689, 314.147



43, 10.204, 350.739



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 40.373, 355.090



59, 59.089, 357.319



51, 37.254, 30.508



35, 4.474, 349.921



32, 57.805, 10.404



2, 10.107, 355.108

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 40.373, 355.090



59, 59.089, 357.319



66, 25.553, 206.755



35, 4.474, 349.921



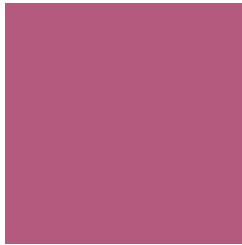
32, 57.805, 10.404



2, 10.107, 355.108

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 40.376, 355.089 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 40.376, 355.089 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

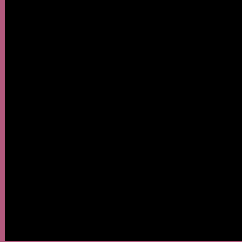
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 40.376, 355.089

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 40.376, 355.089.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 40.376, 355.089.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 40.376, 355.089

Protanopia

50, 15.250, 286.646

Deuteranopia

50, 6.675, 348.568



Tritanopia
50, 35.627, 18.005

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 40.376, 355.089

Protanomaly
49, 20.622, 326.503

Deuteranomaly
50, 19.075, 352.765

Tritanomaly
50, 36.796, 8.709

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 40.376, 355.089

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 15.046, 351.144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 40.376, 355.089 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 90, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 90, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 90, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 90, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 40.376, 355.089 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 90, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 90, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 90, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 90, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 90, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 90,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 40.376, 355.089 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 90, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179, 90,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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