

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 41.453, 163.178)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 41.453, 163.178)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 41.397, 163.069)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	158761
RGB	21, 135, 97
RGB Percent	8%, 53%, 38%
CMY	0.9196, 0.4696, 0.6187
CMYK	0.85, 0.00, 0.28, 0.47
HSL	160°, 74%, 31%
HSV	160°, 85%, 53%
XYZ	11.1658, 18.4187, 14.3322
YIQ	96.5820, -55.7460, -35.9860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

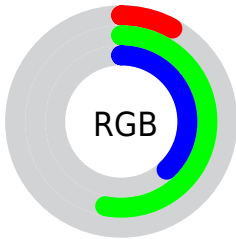
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 89, 135
Decimal	1410913
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, -39.60, 12.06
CIE _{LCh}	50, 41.397, 163.069
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2542, 0.4194
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279600993 (0xFF158761)
YUV	96.5820, 0.2061, -66.2854
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -28.6641, 10.2419

Details

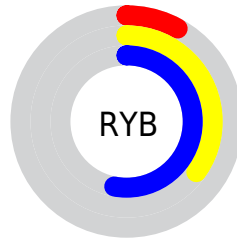
The CIELCh color **50, 41.397, 163.069** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **29, 49.137, 9.847**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 41.048, 163.170**, and **31, 34.463, 156.516** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 44.074, 161.079**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 38.172, 164.877**.

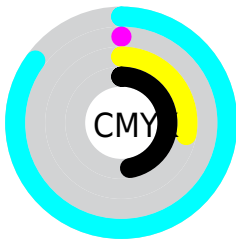
Distribution



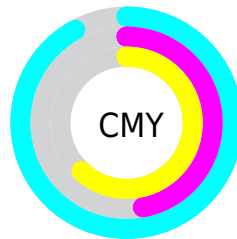
- Red (8%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (47%)





- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 41.397, 163.069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 41.397, 163.069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 41.397,
163.069


 50, 41.397,
163.069


 100, 41.397,
163.069


 40, 41.397,
163.069


 70, 41.397,
163.069

 30, 41.397,
163.069


 80, 41.397,
163.069


 20, 41.397,
163.069

 90, 41.397,
163.069

 10, 41.397,
163.069

 0, 41.397, 163.069

 50, 41.397,
163.069

 50, 41.397,
163.069

■ 50, 44.074,
161.079

■ 50, 38.172,
164.877

■ 50, 45.383,
160.078

■ 51, 34.371,
166.499

■ 51, 30.024,
167.952

■ 52, 25.199,
169.258

■ 53, 19.978,
170.442

■ 54, 14.456,
171.523

■ 55, 8.722, 172.527

■ 56, 2.859, 173.525

■ 57, 3.062, 354.144

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 41.397, 163.069



29, 49.137, 9.847

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 41.397, 163.069



50, 41.397, 213.069



50, 41.397, 343.069



50, 41.397, 33.069

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 41.397, 163.068



68, 18.019, 171.449



50, 65.538, 131.505



36, 12.340, 171.126



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 41.397, 163.068



64, 55.529, 159.543



45, 26.099, 223.385



29, 3.377, 173.079



49, 44.703, 160.124



1, 1.578, 173.835

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 49.137, 9.847



37, 65.421, 18.011



31, 52.541, 40.849



27, 3.456, 354.595



27, 52.875, 16.532



0, 1.578, 353.822

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 41.397, 163.069 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 41.397, 163.069 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 41.397, 163.069

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 41.397, 163.069.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 41.397, 163.069.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
50, 41.310, 163.004

Protanopia
50, 17.317, 94.640

Deuteranopia
50, 11.519, 57.345



Tritanopia
50, 24.704, 210.961

Trichromacy



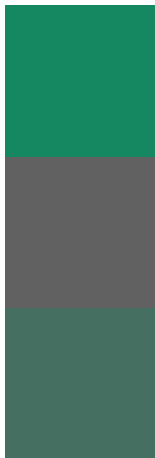
Original Color
50, 41.310, 163.004

Protanomaly
49, 23.878, 145.630

Deuteranomaly
48, 17.552, 150.349

Tritanomaly
50, 28.910, 187.094

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 41.310, 163.004

Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
44, 18.403, 170.052

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 41.397, 163.069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 135, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 135, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 135, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 135, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 41.397, 163.069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 135, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 135, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 135, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 135, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 135, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 135,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 41.397, 163.069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 135, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 135,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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