

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 49.031, 291.556)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 49.031, 291.556)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 49.032, 291.559)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6371C5
RGB	99, 113, 197
RGB Percent	39%, 44%, 77%
CMY	0.6127, 0.5577, 0.2284
CMYK	0.50, 0.43, 0.00, 0.23
HSL	231°, 46%, 58%
HSV	231°, 50%, 77%
XYZ	21.0477, 18.4187, 55.1179
YIQ	118.3900, -35.3080, 23.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

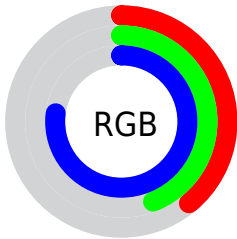
Format	Color
R _Y B	99, 111, 197
Decimal	6517189
CIE Lab	50.00, 18.02, -45.60
CIE LCh	50, 49.032, 291.559
Yxy	18.4187, 0.2225, 0.1947
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284707269 (0xFF6371C5)
YUV	118.3900, 38.7547, -17.0050
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 12.4368, -46.1038

Details

The CIELCh color `50, 49.032, 291.559` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `6666CC`. A complement of this color would be `74, 44.603, 98.062`, and the grayscale version is `50, 0.007, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `70, 48.694, 291.374`, and `30, 48.987, 291.345` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `44, 59.989, 293.958`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `56, 38.464, 289.451`.

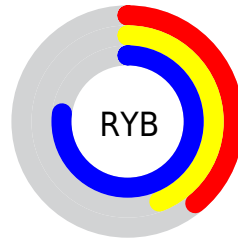
Distribution



Red (39%)

Green (44%)

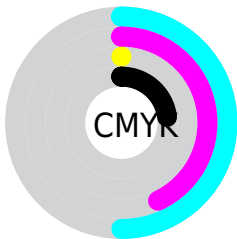
Blue (77%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (77%)

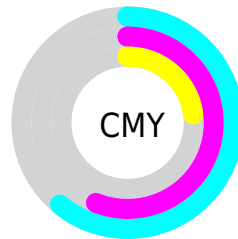


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (23%)



Cyan (61%)


Magenta (56%)


Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 49.032, 291.559 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 49.032, 291.559 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 49.032,
291.559


 50, 49.032,
291.559


 100, 49.032,
291.559


 40, 49.032,
291.559


 70, 49.032,
291.559

 30, 49.032,
291.559


 80, 49.032,
291.559


 20, 49.032,
291.559

 90, 49.032,
291.559

 10, 49.032,
291.559

 0, 49.032, 291.559

 50, 49.032,
291.559

 50, 49.032,
291.559

■ 44, 59.989,
293.958

■ 56, 38.464,
289.451

■ 39, 71.248,
296.597

■ 62, 28.288,
287.631

■ 34, 82.506,
299.342

■ 68, 18.477,
286.074

■ 30, 93.072,
301.960

■ 74, 9.002, 284.750

■ 26, 101.839,
304.107

■ 80, 0.165, 102.836

■ 85, 9.045, 102.605

■ 26, 101.984,
304.139

■ 91, 17.656,
101.767

■ 97, 25.963,
102.001

■ 99, 29.356,
107.946

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 49.032, 291.559



74, 44.603, 98.062

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 49.032, 291.559



50, 49.032, 341.559



50, 49.032, 111.559



50, 49.032, 161.559

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 49.031, 291.560



89, 17.142, 285.441



73, 32.444, 182.626



46, 11.736, 285.731



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 49.031, 291.560



57, 74.438, 294.243



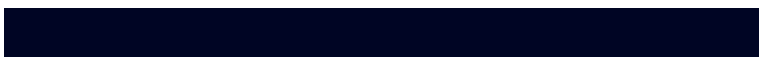
49, 58.187, 307.036



39, 5.248, 284.699



21, 87.914, 303.856



2, 19.364, 287.810

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 41.748, 14.447



64, 62.680, 17.285



75, 52.592, 121.068



39, 4.348, 8.444



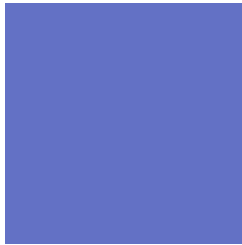
34, 68.747, 32.882



3, 16.045, 12.028

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 49.032, 291.559 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

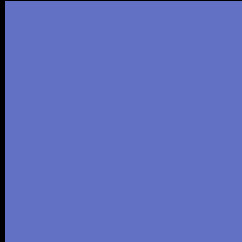
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 49.032, 291.559 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

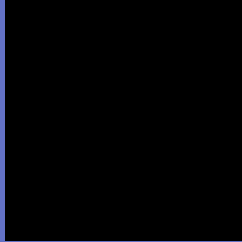
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 49.032, 291.559

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 49.032, 291.559.

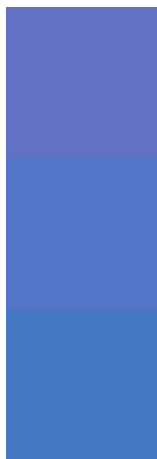


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 49.032, 291.559.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 49.032, 291.559

Protanopia

50, 49.301, 286.097

Deuteranopia

50, 45.314, 279.711



Tritanopia
50, 16.589, 218.754

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 49.032, 291.559

Protanomaly
50, 49.166, 288.004

Deuteranomaly
50, 46.595, 283.794

Tritanomaly
50, 23.746, 265.612

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 49.032, 291.559

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 18.229, 286.903

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 49.032, 291.559 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 113, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 113, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 113, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 113, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 49.032, 291.559 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 113, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 113, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 113, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 113, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 113, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 113,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 49.032, 291.559 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 113, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 113,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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