

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 49.572, 173.473)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 49.572, 173.473)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 40.508, 169.066)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 008A6B |
| RGB | 0, 138, 107 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 54%, 42% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.4582, 0.5796 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.46 |
| HSL | 167°, 100%, 27% |
| HSV | 167°, 100%, 54% |
| XYZ | 11.7418, 19.2686, 17.0661 |
| YIQ | 93.2040, -72.2970, -38.8970 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

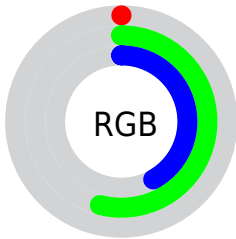
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 78, 138 |
| Decimal | 35435 |
| CIELab | 51.00, -39.77, 7.68 |
| CIELCh | 51, 40.508, 169.066 |
| Yxy | 19.2686, 0.2442, 0.4008 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278225515 (0xFF008A6B) |
| YUV | 93.2040, 6.8014, -81.7399 |
| Hunter-Lab | 43.8960, -29.0710, 7.6762 |

Details

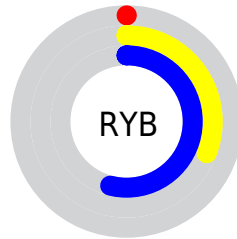
The CIELCh color **51, 40.508, 169.066** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **28, 57.370, 26.133**, and the grayscale version is **40, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 40.223, 168.802**, and **32, 31.762, 162.860** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 40.371, 168.984**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 38.511, 170.735**.

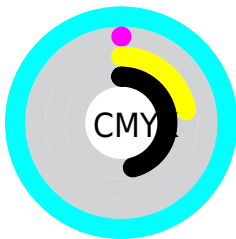
Distribution



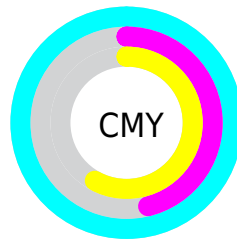
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (46%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (58%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 40.508, 169.066 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 40.508, 169.066 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 40.508,
169.066


 51, 40.508,
169.066


 100, 40.508,
169.066


 41, 40.508,
169.066


 71, 40.508,
169.066

 31, 40.508,
169.066

 81, 40.508,
169.066

 21, 40.508,
169.066

 91, 40.508,
169.066

 11, 40.508,
169.066

 1, 40.508, 169.066

 0, 40.508, 169.066

■ 51, 40.508,
169.066

■ 51, 40.508,
169.066

■ 51, 40.371,
168.984

■ 51, 38.511,
170.735

■ 51, 36.246,
172.404

■ 52, 33.378,
173.909

■ 52, 29.906,
175.269

■ 53, 25.872,
176.504

■ 54, 21.342,
177.637

■ 54, 16.402,
178.688

■ 55, 11.141,

179.676

■ 56, 5.646, 180.629

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 40.508, 169.066



28, 57.370, 26.133

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 40.508, 169.066



51, 40.508, 219.066



51, 40.508, 349.066



51, 40.508, 39.066

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 40.371, 168.984



69, 20.191, 178.623



50, 73.892, 133.965



35, 13.608, 178.248



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 40.371, 168.984



65, 49.020, 168.536



40, 29.359, 248.394



29, 3.180, 180.712



49, 39.147, 169.066



1, 1.493, 181.448

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 57.370, 26.133



37, 69.936, 27.443



31, 60.183, 46.424



27, 3.286, 2.201



27, 55.593, 25.892



0, 1.493, 1.434

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 40.508, 169.066 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 40.508, 169.066 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 40.508, 169.066

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 40.508, 169.066.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 40.508, 169.066.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
51, 40.370, 168.927

Protanopia
51, 13.101, 95.196

Deuteranopia
51, 8.503, 40.072



Tritanopia
51, 26.128, 211.399

Trichromacy



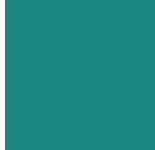
Original Color
51, 40.370, 168.927



Protanomaly
49, 23.287, 158.141



Deuteranomaly
49, 17.260, 166.906



Tritanomaly
51, 30.089, 191.964

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 40.370, 168.927



Achromatopsia
39, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
42, 19.816, 177.427

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 40.508, 169.066 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 138, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 138, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 138, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 138, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 40.508, 169.066 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 138, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 138, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 138, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 138, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 138, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 138,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 40.508, 169.066 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 138, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 138,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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