

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 5.419, 315.456)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 5.419, 315.456) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 5.283, 317.528)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7B757D
RGB	123, 117, 125
RGB Percent	48%, 46%, 49%
CMY	0.5176, 0.5411, 0.5097
CMYK	0.02, 0.06, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	285°, 3%, 47%
HSV	285°, 6%, 49%
XYZ	18.2357, 18.4187, 22.0006
YIQ	119.7060, 1.0080, 3.7600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

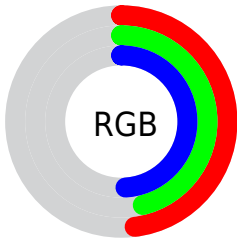
Format	Color
R_{YB}	123, 117, 125
Decimal	8091005
CIE Lab	50.00, 3.90, -3.57
CIE LCh	50, 5.283, 317.528
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3109, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286281085 (0xFF7B757D)
YUV	119.7060, 2.6099, 2.8888
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 0.7410, -0.3521

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 5.283, 317.528$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 5.251, 137.053$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 5.444, 314.846$, and $30, 5.004, 316.512$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 13.657, 317.958$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 2.930, 137.198$.

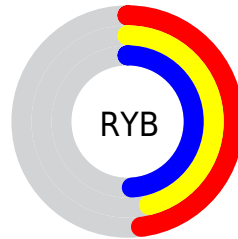
Distribution



Red (48%)

Green (46%)

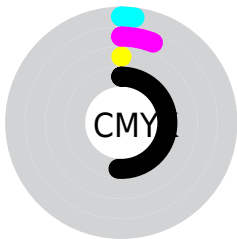
Blue (49%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (49%)

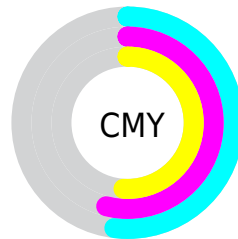


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (51%)



Cyan (52%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 5.283, 317.528 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 5.283, 317.528 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 5.283, 317.528

■ 50, 5.283, 317.528

■ 100, 5.283,
317.528

■ 40, 5.283, 317.528

■ 70, 5.283, 317.528

■ 30, 5.283, 317.528

■ 80, 5.283, 317.528

■ 20, 5.283, 317.528

■ 90, 5.283, 317.528

■ 10, 5.283, 317.528

■ 0, 5.283, 317.528

■ 50, 5.283, 317.528

■ 50, 5.283, 317.528

■ 46, 13.657,
317.958

■ 54, 2.930, 137.198

■ 43, 22.135,
318.382

■ 58, 10.944,
136.784

39, 30.619,
318.795

61, 18.744,
136.425

36, 38.954,
319.176

65, 26.324,
136.094

33, 46.921,
319.496

69, 33.686,
135.792

30, 54.221,
319.718

73, 40.836,
135.517

27, 60.489,
319.796

77, 47.782,
135.268

25, 65.349,
319.682

80, 54.535,
135.043

24, 68.726,
319.368

84, 61.104,
134.841

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 5.283, 317.528



52, 5.251, 137.053

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 5.283, 317.528



50, 5.283, 7.528



50, 5.283, 137.528



50, 5.283, 187.528

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 5.281, 317.526



66, 2.049, 317.294



50, 3.520, 276.884



34, 1.159, 317.281



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 5.281, 317.526



63, 8.226, 317.606



50, 4.834, 332.064



25, 4.740, 317.646



24, 70.913, 319.246



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 3.457, 359.983



63, 5.398, 0.174



52, 4.816, 151.369



25, 3.114, 0.271



26, 53.179, 23.498



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 5.283, 317.528 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 5.283, 317.528 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

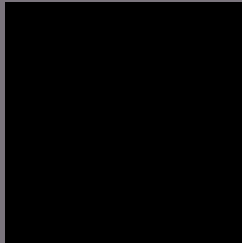
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

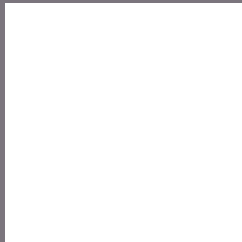
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 5.283, 317.528

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.283, 317.528.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.283, 317.528.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 5.283, 317.528

Protanopia

50, 4.709, 295.573

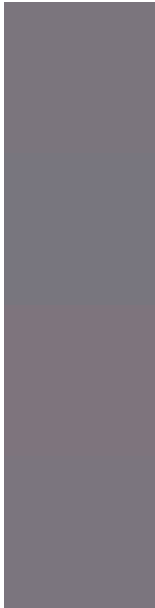
Deuteranopia

50, 7.859, 332.221



Tritanopia
50, 5.809, 314.931

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 5.283, 317.528

Protanomaly

50, 4.763, 300.291

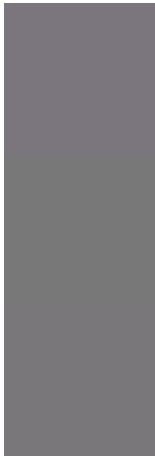
Deuteranomaly

50, 6.639, 327.680

Tritanomaly

50, 5.809, 314.931

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 5.283, 317.528

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 1.941, 314.704

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 5.283, 317.528 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 117, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 117, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 117, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 117, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.283, 317.528 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

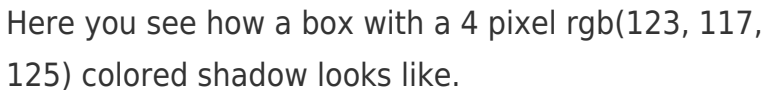
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 117, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 117, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 117, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 117, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 117, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 117, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.283, 317.528 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 117, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
117, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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