

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 5.909, 162.564)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 5.909, 162.564) contains.

CIELCh(50, 5.977, 162.912)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 5.977, 162.912)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E7A74
RGB	110, 122, 116
RGB Percent	43%, 48%, 45%
CMY	0.5695, 0.5225, 0.5460
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.05, 0.52
HSL	150°, 5%, 45%
HSV	150°, 10%, 48%
XYZ	16.4727, 18.4187, 19.1405
YIQ	117.7280, -5.2260, -4.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

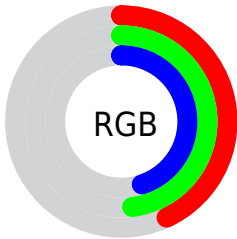
Format	Color
RYB	110, 118, 122
Decimal	7240308
CIELab	50.00, -5.71, 1.76
CIElCh	50, 5.977, 162.912
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3049, 0.3409
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285430388 (0xFF6E7A74)
YUV	117.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -6.5915, 3.5992

Details

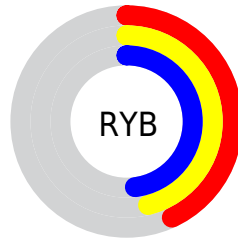
The CIELCh color $50, 5.977, 162.912$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $48, 6.055, 344.388$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 5.600, 163.155$, and $30, 5.797, 165.024$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 12.036, 162.005$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $51, 0.094, 340.666$.

Distribution



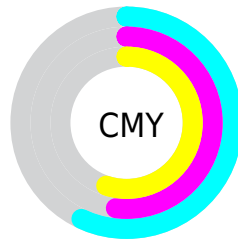
- Red (43%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 5.977, 162.912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 5.977, 162.912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 5.977, 162.912

■ 50, 5.977, 162.912

■ 100, 5.977,
162.912

■ 40, 5.977, 162.912

■ 70, 5.977, 162.912

■ 30, 5.977, 162.912

■ 80, 5.977, 162.912

■ 20, 5.977, 162.912

■ 90, 5.977, 162.912

■ 10, 5.977, 162.912

■ 0, 5.977, 162.912

■ 50, 5.977, 162.912

■ 50, 5.977, 162.912

■ 49, 12.036,
162.005

■ 51, 0.094, 340.666

■ 48, 18.009,
161.022

■ 52, 6.125, 344.339

■ 54, 12.070,

■ 47, 23.813,
159.927

345.032

■ 46, 29.356,
158.697

■ 55, 17.898,
345.660

■ 46, 34.543,
157.311

■ 57, 23.589,
346.243

■ 45, 39.288,
155.748

■ 58, 29.129,
346.787

■ 45, 43.524,
153.992

■ 60, 34.512,
347.298

■ 45, 47.221,
152.043

■ 62, 39.735,
347.781

■ 45, 50.551,
150.070

■ 63, 44.801,
348.238

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 5.977, 162.912



48, 6.055, 344.388

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 5.977, 162.912



50, 5.977, 212.912



50, 5.977, 342.912



50, 5.977, 32.912

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 5.978, 162.908



65, 2.248, 163.560



50, 7.393, 128.073



33, 1.696, 163.475



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 5.978, 162.908



63, 9.018, 162.692



50, 4.701, 197.544



25, 3.432, 162.977



46, 51.614, 149.977



88, 89.255, 148.662

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 6.055, 344.388



60, 9.156, 344.603



47, 4.980, 18.579



24, 3.473, 344.319



26, 50.114, 0.450



54, 83.989, 2.912

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 5.977, 162.912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

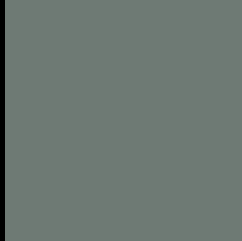
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 5.977, 162.912 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

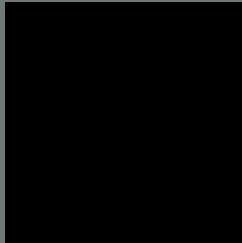
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

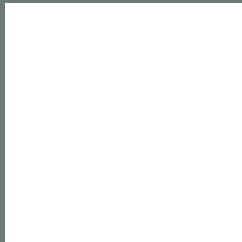
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 5.977, 162.912

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.977, 162.912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.977, 162.912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 5.977, 162.912

Protanopia

50, 2.839, 74.571

Deuteranopia

50, 6.682, 10.117



Tritanopia
50, 6.030, 260.300

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 5.977, 162.912

Protanomaly
50, 2.369, 119.722

Deuteranomaly
50, 2.441, 19.530

Tritanomaly
50, 4.235, 223.629

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 5.977, 162.912

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 1.996, 163.529

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 5.977, 162.912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 122, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 122, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 122, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.977, 162.912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 122, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 122, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 122,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.977, 162.912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 122, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
122, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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