

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 52.371, 16.922)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 52.371, 16.922) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 52.638, 16.605)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C84D60
RGB	200, 77, 96
RGB Percent	78%, 30%, 38%
CMY	0.2159, 0.6982, 0.6237
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.52, 0.22
HSL	351°, 53%, 54%
HSV	351°, 62%, 78%
XYZ	28.5676, 18.4187, 13.1066
YIQ	115.9430, 67.2090, 31.9850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

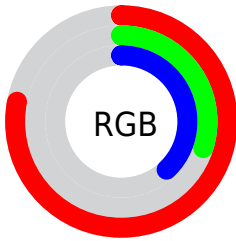
Format	Color
R_{YB}	200, 77, 96
Decimal	13127008
CIE Lab	50.00, 50.44, 15.04
CIE LCh	50, 52.638, 16.605
Yxy	18.4187, 0.4754, 0.3065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291317088 (0xFFC84D60)
YUV	115.9430, -9.8319, 73.7180
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 43.7135, 11.9350

Details

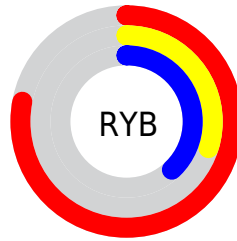
The CIELCh color **50, 52.638, 16.605** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted rose. A complement of this color would be **74, 38.559, 180.939**, and the grayscale version is **49, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 50.391, 16.032**, and **30, 52.714, 16.749** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 60.951, 19.926**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 43.801, 13.983**.

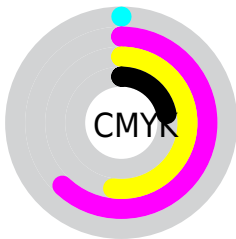
Distribution



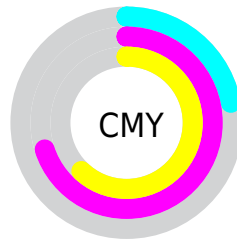
- Red (78%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 52.638, 16.605 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 52.638, 16.605 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 52.638, 16.605

■ 50, 52.638, 16.605

■ 100, 52.638,
16.605

■ 40, 52.638, 16.605

■ 70, 52.638, 16.605

■ 30, 52.638, 16.605

■ 80, 52.638, 16.605

■ 20, 52.638, 16.605

■ 90, 52.638, 16.605

■ 10, 52.638, 16.605

■ 0, 52.638, 16.605

■ 50, 52.638, 16.605

■ 50, 52.638, 16.605

■ 47, 60.951, 19.926

■ 54, 43.801, 13.983

■ 44, 68.467, 24.030

■ 59, 34.776, 11.910

■ 43, 75.039, 28.829

■ 64, 25.841, 10.254

42, 79.992, 32.953

69, 17.193, 8.908

74, 8.943, 7.779

80, 1.141, 6.456

85, 6.207, 186.211

91, 13.120,
185.485

96, 18.774,
187.380

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 52.638, 16.605



74, 38.559, 180.939

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 52.638, 16.605



50, 52.638, 66.605



50, 52.638, 196.605



50, 52.638, 246.605

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 52.635, 16.607



88, 17.371, 8.522



51, 74.591, 322.274



45, 12.170, 8.872



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 52.635, 16.607



58, 76.531, 21.293



58, 45.858, 51.851



39, 4.360, 7.556



34, 68.235, 32.140



3, 16.069, 11.451

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 52.635, 16.607



58, 76.531, 21.293



62, 31.194, 246.107



39, 4.360, 7.556



34, 68.235, 32.140



3, 16.069, 11.451

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 52.638, 16.605 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

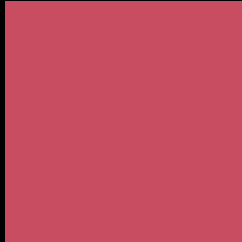
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 52.638, 16.605 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 52.638, 16.605

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 52.638, 16.605.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 52.638, 16.605.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 52.638, 16.605

Protanopia

50, 1.675, 63.315

Deuteranopia

50, 18.804, 70.038



Tritanopia
50, 53.060, 24.615

Trichromacy



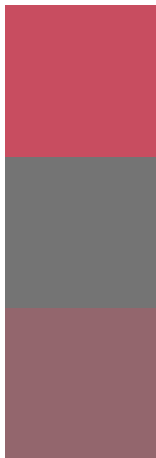
Original Color
50, 52.638, 16.605

Protanomaly
49, 19.755, 13.552

Deuteranomaly
49, 28.132, 33.251

Tritanomaly
50, 52.771, 21.791

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 52.638, 16.605

Achromatopsia
49, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 19.464, 9.937

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 52.638, 16.605 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 77, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 77, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 77, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 77, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 52.638, 16.605 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 77, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 77, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 77, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 77, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 77, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 77,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 52.638, 16.605 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 77, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200, 77,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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