

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 53.276, 122.006)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 53.276, 122.006)
contains.

CIELCh(50, 53.276, 122.006)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(50, 53.276, 122.006)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D8222
RGB	93, 130, 34
RGB Percent	36%, 51%, 13%
CMY	0.6352, 0.4901, 0.8665
CMYK	0.28, 0.00, 0.74, 0.49
HSL	83°, 59%, 32%
HSV	83°, 74%, 51%
XYZ	12.7938, 18.4187, 4.3968
YIQ	107.9930, 8.7640, -37.7000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

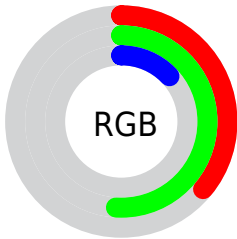
Format	Color
RYB	34, 130, 71
Decimal	6128162
CIELab	50.00, -28.24, 45.18
CIElCh	50, 53.276, 122.006
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3593, 0.5172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284318242 (0xFF5D8222)
YUV	107.9930, -36.4785, -13.1489
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -21.8927, 23.9677




Details

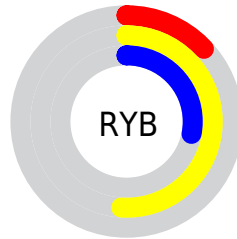
The CIELCh color **50, 53.276, 122.006** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **24, 61.653, 309.494**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 53.349, 122.035**, and **30, 46.051, 125.722** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 58.110, 122.226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 47.376, 122.099**.

Distribution







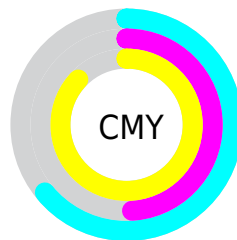
-  Red (36%)
-  Green (51%)
-  Blue (13%)






-  Red (13%)
-  Yellow (51%)
-  Blue (28%)



-  Cyan (28%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (74%)
-  Black (49%)





-  Cyan (64%)
-  Magenta (49%)
-  Yellow (87%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 53.276, 122.006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 53.276, 122.006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 53.276,
122.006


 50, 53.276,
122.006


 100, 53.276,
122.006


 40, 53.276,
122.006


 70, 53.276,
122.006

 30, 53.276,
122.006


 80, 53.276,
122.006


 20, 53.276,
122.006

 90, 53.276,
122.006

 10, 53.276,
122.006

 0, 53.276, 122.006

 50, 53.276,
122.006

 50, 53.276,
122.006

■ 50, 58.110,
122.226

■ 50, 47.376,
122.099

■ 49, 61.609,
122.850

■ 51, 40.722,
122.394

■ 49, 63.501,
123.271

■ 51, 33.570,
122.812

■ 52, 26.108,
123.293

■ 53, 18.465,
123.799

■ 53, 10.729,
124.306

■ 54, 2.962, 124.809

■ 55, 4.792, 305.242

■ 56, 12.502,
305.685

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 53.276, 122.006



24, 61.653, 309.494

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 53.276, 122.006



50, 53.276, 172.006



50, 53.276, 302.006



50, 53.276, 352.006

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 53.276, 122.007



67, 21.059, 123.866



37, 39.249, 55.741



34, 14.076, 123.755



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 53.276, 122.007



63, 73.359, 122.634



48, 61.094, 136.230



27, 4.303, 124.543



48, 62.590, 123.240



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 61.653, 309.494



26, 87.908, 309.905



31, 61.027, 324.019



25, 4.371, 305.412



17, 76.164, 309.944



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 53.276, 122.006 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 53.276, 122.006 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

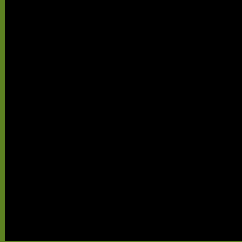
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 53.276, 122.006

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 53.276, 122.006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 53.276, 122.006.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
50, 53.276, 122.006

Protanopia
50, 47.512, 95.729

Deuteranopia
50, 44.016, 81.949



Tritanopia
50, 8.255, 244.321

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 53.276, 122.006

Protanomaly
50, 48.266, 106.689

Deuteranomaly
49, 44.340, 98.693

Tritanomaly
50, 18.936, 138.344

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 53.276, 122.006

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 21.186, 122.953

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 53.276, 122.006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 130, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 130, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 130, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 130, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 53.276, 122.006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 130, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 130, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 130, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 130, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 130, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 130,  
34) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 53.276, 122.006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 130, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 130,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor