

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 59.772, 81.377)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 59.772, 81.377) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 57.337, 80.643)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B6F00
RGB	155, 111, 0
RGB Percent	61%, 44%, 0%
CMY	0.3911, 0.5637, 0.9985
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 1.00, 0.39
HSL	43°, 100%, 31%
HSV	43°, 100%, 61%
XYZ	19.2844, 18.4187, 2.5497
YIQ	111.5020, 61.8550, -25.1930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

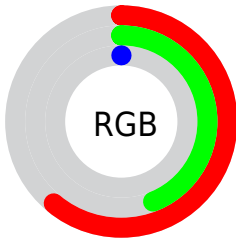
Format	Color
RYB	61, 155, 0
Decimal	10186496
CIELab	50.00, 9.32, 56.57
CIELCh	50, 57.337, 80.643
Yxy	18.4187, 0.4791, 0.4576
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288376576 (0xFF9B6F00)
YUV	111.5020, -54.9705, 38.1477
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 5.1028, 26.5194

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 57.337, 80.643** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **24, 71.532, 298.589**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 57.144, 80.325**, and **30, 41.178, 75.635** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 57.407, 80.600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 54.655, 82.561**.

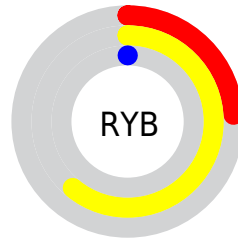
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (44%)

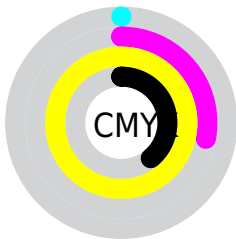
Blue (0%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (0%)

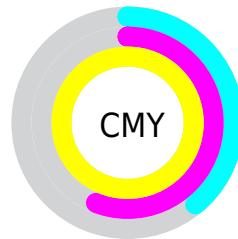


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 57.337, 80.643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 57.337, 80.643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 57.337, 80.643

■ 50, 57.337, 80.643

■ 100, 57.337,
80.643

■ 40, 57.337, 80.643

■ 70, 57.337, 80.643

■ 30, 57.337, 80.643

■ 80, 57.337, 80.643

■ 20, 57.337, 80.643

■ 90, 57.337, 80.643

■ 10, 57.337, 80.643

■ 0, 57.337, 80.643

■ 50, 57.337, 80.643

■ 50, 57.337, 80.643

■ 50, 57.407, 80.600

■ 51, 54.655, 82.561

■ 52, 50.641, 84.281

■ 54, 45.313, 85.809

■ 55, 39.215, 87.233

■ 56, 32.730, 88.599

■ 58, 26.090, 89.924

■ 59, 19.425, 91.215

■ 61, 12.807, 92.468

■ 63, 6.271, 93.673

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 57.337, 80.643



24, 71.532, 298.589

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 57.337, 80.643



50, 57.337, 130.643



50, 57.337, 260.643



50, 57.337, 310.643

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 57.336, 80.646



75, 24.228, 91.109



32, 60.188, 20.152



39, 16.698, 90.605



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 57.336, 80.646



64, 69.541, 80.094



60, 68.557, 114.547



32, 3.590, 93.736



45, 53.322, 80.829



3, 3.817, 93.970

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 71.532, 298.589



32, 88.693, 299.303



19, 90.734, 307.334



30, 3.606, 276.016



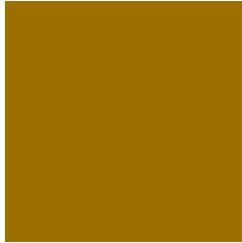
22, 65.978, 298.355



1, 3.887, 275.193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 57.337, 80.643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 57.337, 80.643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 57.337, 80.643

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 57.337, 80.643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 57.337, 80.643.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 57.337, 80.643

Protanopia

50, 54.232, 95.359

Deuteranopia

50, 56.747, 83.620



Tritanopia
50, 24.542, 11.878

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 57.337, 80.643

Protanomaly
50, 54.790, 90.121

Deuteranomaly
50, 57.019, 82.122

Tritanomaly
50, 32.645, 58.932

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 57.337, 80.643

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 25.062, 89.670

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 57.337, 80.643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 111, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 111, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 111, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 111, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 57.337, 80.643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 111, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 111, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 111, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 111, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 111, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 111,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 57.337, 80.643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 111, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
111, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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