

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 59.779, 124.951)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 59.779, 124.951)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 59.765, 124.892)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	528416
RGB	82, 132, 22
RGB Percent	32%, 52%, 9%
CMY	0.6776, 0.4816, 0.9127
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.83, 0.48
HSL	87°, 71%, 30%
HSV	87°, 83%, 52%
XYZ	11.9230, 18.4187, 3.6985
YIQ	104.5100, 5.5100, -44.8100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

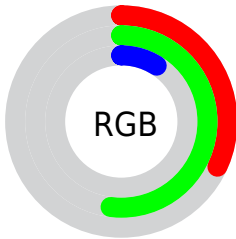
Format	Color
R_{YB}	22, 132, 72
Decimal	5407766
CIE Lab	50.00, -34.19, 49.02
CIE LCh	50, 59.765, 124.892
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3503, 0.5411
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283597846 (0xFF528416)
YUV	104.5100, -40.6774, -19.7413
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -25.5145, 24.9323

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 59.765, 124.892** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669933**. A complement of this color would be **22, 68.656, 311.444**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 59.278, 124.811**, and **30, 49.401, 131.095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 63.537, 125.520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 54.638, 124.681**.

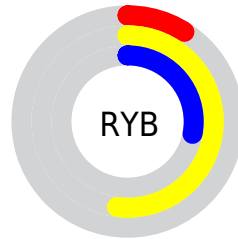
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (52%)

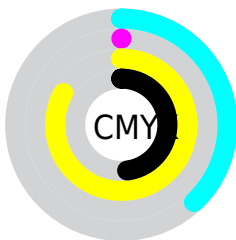
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (28%)

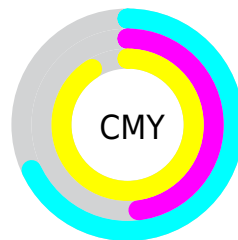


Cyan (38%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (83%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (48%)


Yellow (91%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 59.765, 124.892 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 59.765, 124.892 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 59.765,
124.892


 50, 59.765,
124.892


 100, 59.765,
124.892


 40, 59.765,
124.892


 70, 59.765,
124.892

 30, 59.765,
124.892


 80, 59.765,
124.892


 20, 59.765,
124.892

 90, 59.765,
124.892

 10, 59.765,
124.892

 0, 59.765, 124.892

 50, 59.765,
124.892

 50, 59.765,
124.892

■ 50, 63.537,
125.520

■ 50, 54.638,
124.681

■ 49, 65.729,
126.007

■ 51, 48.449,
124.775

■ 51, 41.515,
125.068

■ 52, 34.093,
125.474

■ 53, 26.371,
125.936

■ 53, 18.478,
126.416

■ 54, 10.506,
126.891

■ 55, 2.517, 127.365

■ 56, 5.442, 307.744

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 59.765, 124.892



22, 68.656, 311.444

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 59.765, 124.892



50, 59.765, 174.892



50, 59.765, 304.892



50, 59.765, 354.892

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 59.765, 124.893



67, 24.578, 126.301



37, 44.642, 60.467



35, 16.886, 126.157



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 59.765, 124.893



63, 79.552, 126.372



48, 67.721, 136.576



28, 4.509, 127.079



49, 64.939, 125.981



1, 1.081, 127.472

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22, 68.656, 311.444



25, 93.270, 310.982



31, 66.424, 326.307



26, 4.573, 307.874



18, 76.199, 311.247



0, 1.082, 307.470

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 59.765, 124.892 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 59.765, 124.892 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

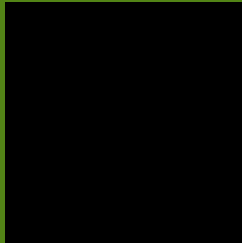
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 59.765, 124.892

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 59.765, 124.892.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 59.765, 124.892.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
50, 59.765, 124.892

Protanopia
50, 51.491, 95.804

Deuteranopia
50, 47.352, 81.737



Tritanopia
50, 11.256, 230.057

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 59.765, 124.892

Protanomaly
50, 52.770, 108.007

Deuteranomaly
49, 47.804, 100.339

Tritanomaly
49, 24.043, 144.171

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 59.765, 124.892

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 24.626, 125.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 59.765, 124.892 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 132, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 132, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 132, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 132, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 59.765, 124.892 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 132, 22) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 132, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 132, 22)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 132, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 132, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 132,  
22) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 59.765, 124.892 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 132, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 132,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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