

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 6.005, 333.437)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 6.005, 333.437) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 6.187, 330.964)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E747C
RGB	126, 116, 124
RGB Percent	49%, 45%, 49%
CMY	0.5054, 0.5446, 0.5133
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.02, 0.51
HSL	312°, 4%, 47%
HSV	312°, 8%, 49%
XYZ	18.5241, 18.4187, 21.6847
YIQ	119.9020, 3.3920, 4.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

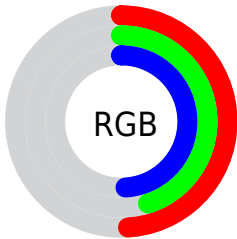
Format	Color
R_{YB}	126, 116, 124
Decimal	8287356
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 5.41, -3.00
CIE _{LCh}	50, 6.187, 330.964
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3160, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286477436 (0xFF7E747C)
YUV	119.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 1.9408, 0.0843

Details

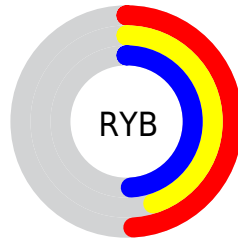
The CIELCh color $50, 6.187, 330.964$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 6.166, 150.078$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 6.053, 333.557$, and $30, 5.986, 331.960$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 14.063, 331.598$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 1.594, 150.550$.

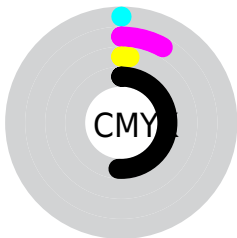
Distribution



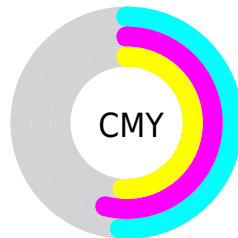
- Red (49%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 6.187, 330.964 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 6.187, 330.964 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 6.187, 330.964

■ 50, 6.187, 330.964

■ 100, 6.187,
330.964

■ 40, 6.187, 330.964

■ 70, 6.187, 330.964

■ 30, 6.187, 330.964

■ 80, 6.187, 330.964

■ 20, 6.187, 330.964

■ 90, 6.187, 330.964

■ 10, 6.187, 330.964

■ 0, 6.187, 330.964

■ 50, 6.187, 330.964

■ 50, 6.187, 330.964

■ 46, 14.063,
331.598

■ 54, 1.594, 150.550

■ 43, 21.939,
332.238

■ 57, 9.213, 149.871

■ 61, 16.637,

40, 29.664,
332.896

149.322

37, 37.028,
333.574

65, 23.849,
148.806

34, 43.759,
334.276

68, 30.845,
148.318

32, 49.539,
335.010

72, 37.628,
147.857

30, 54.043,
335.792

76, 44.208,
147.422

29, 57.020,
336.648

80, 50.594,
147.012

28, 58.678,
337.583

83, 56.799,
146.626

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 6.187, 330.964



52, 6.166, 150.078

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 6.187, 330.964



50, 6.187, 20.964



50, 6.187, 150.964



50, 6.187, 200.964

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 6.185, 330.965



66, 1.922, 330.513



49, 5.936, 298.527



34, 1.087, 330.494



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 6.185, 330.965



63, 9.647, 331.113



50, 4.434, 356.599



25, 4.440, 331.041



28, 59.466, 337.788



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 6.185, 330.965



63, 9.647, 331.113



52, 4.336, 175.341



25, 4.440, 331.041



28, 59.466, 337.788



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 6.187, 330.964 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

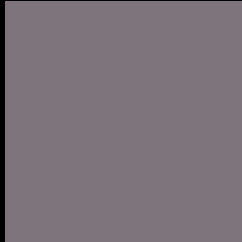
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 6.187, 330.964 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

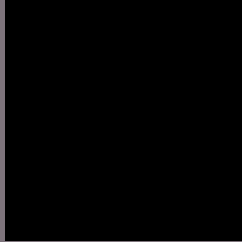
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 6.187, 330.964

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 6.187, 330.964.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 6.187, 330.964.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

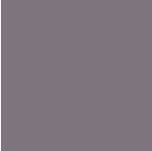
50, 6.187, 330.964

Protanopia

50, 4.127, 296.194

Deuteranopia

50, 7.439, 335.237



Tritanopia
50, 6.639, 327.680

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 6.187, 330.964

Protanomaly

50, 5.114, 313.543

Deuteranomaly

50, 7.162, 332.896

Tritanomaly

50, 6.639, 327.680

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 6.187, 330.964

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 1.692, 335.685

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 6.187, 330.964 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 116, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 116, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 116, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 116, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 6.187, 330.964 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 116, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 116, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 116, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 116, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 116, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 116,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 6.187, 330.964 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 116, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
116, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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