

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 6.300, 345.495)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 6.300, 345.495) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 5.999, 344.353)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80747A
RGB	128, 116, 122
RGB Percent	50%, 45%, 48%
CMY	0.4988, 0.5459, 0.5224
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.05, 0.50
HSL	330°, 5%, 48%
HSV	330°, 9%, 50%
XYZ	18.5946, 18.4187, 20.9225
YIQ	120.2720, 5.2260, 4.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

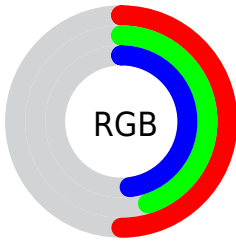
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 116, 122
Decimal	8418426
CIE Lab	50.00, 5.78, -1.62
CIE LCh	50, 5.999, 344.353
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3210, 0.3179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286608506 (0xFF80747A)
YUV	120.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 2.2340, 1.1374

Details

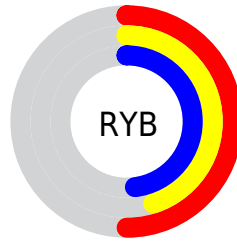
The CIELCh color $50, 5.999, 344.353$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 5.924, 162.952$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 5.931, 346.319$, and $30, 5.836, 347.254$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 12.517, 345.262$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 0.382, 164.373$.

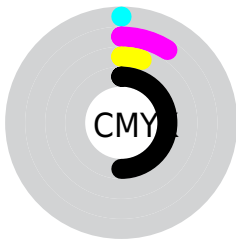
Distribution



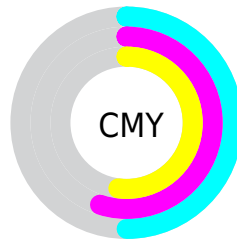
- Red (50%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 5.999, 344.353 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 5.999, 344.353 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 5.999, 344.353

■ 50, 5.999, 344.353

■ 100, 5.999,
344.353

■ 40, 5.999, 344.353

■ 70, 5.999, 344.353

■ 30, 5.999, 344.353

■ 80, 5.999, 344.353

■ 20, 5.999, 344.353

■ 90, 5.999, 344.353

■ 10, 5.999, 344.353

■ 0, 5.999, 344.353

■ 50, 5.999, 344.353

■ 50, 5.999, 344.353

■ 46, 12.517,
345.262

■ 54, 0.382, 164.373

■ 43, 19.101,
346.251

■ 58, 6.579, 162.925

■ 61, 12.574,

39, 25.625,
347.366

162.233

36, 31.906,
348.649

65, 18.362,
161.605

33, 37.693,
350.163

69, 23.947,
161.026

31, 42.686,
351.990

73, 29.340,
160.488

29, 46.578,
354.247

77, 34.552,
159.987

28, 49.150,
357.074

81, 39.597,
159.518

27, 50.811, 0.366

84, 44.489,
159.079

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 5.999, 344.353



52, 5.924, 162.952

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 5.999, 344.353



50, 5.999, 34.353



50, 5.999, 164.353



50, 5.999, 214.353

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 5.997, 344.358



67, 2.355, 343.745



50, 7.452, 309.459



35, 1.800, 343.832



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 5.997, 344.358



63, 8.713, 344.524



50, 4.929, 19.897



25, 3.593, 344.332



26, 50.837, 0.554



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 5.997, 344.358



63, 8.713, 344.524



53, 4.657, 198.999



25, 3.593, 344.332



26, 50.837, 0.554



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 5.999, 344.353 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 5.999, 344.353 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

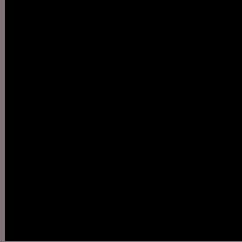
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 5.999, 344.353

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.999, 344.353.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 5.999, 344.353.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 5.999, 344.353

Protanopia

50, 3.048, 305.672

Deuteranopia

50, 7.001, 344.485



Tritanopia
50, 7.439, 335.237

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 5.999, 344.353

Protanomaly

50, 4.278, 324.655

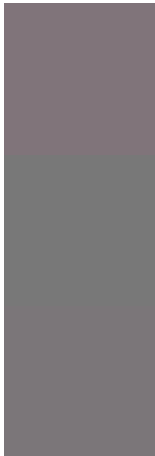
Deuteranomaly

50, 7.001, 344.485

Tritanomaly

50, 7.043, 338.611

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 5.999, 344.353

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 2.685, 338.824

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 5.999, 344.353 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 116, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 116, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 116, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 116, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.999, 344.353 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 116, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 116, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 116, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 116, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 116, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 116,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 5.999, 344.353 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 116, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
116, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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