

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 64.749, 334.417)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 64.749, 334.417)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 64.809, 334.163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | BE48A8 |
| RGB | 190, 72, 168 |
| RGB Percent | 75%, 28%, 66% |
| CMY | 0.2548, 0.7175, 0.3411 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.62, 0.12, 0.25 |
| HSL | 311°, 48%, 51% |
| HSV | 311°, 62%, 75% |
| XYZ | 30.6338, 18.4187, 39.0014 |
| YIQ | 118.2260, 39.5120, 54.8720 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

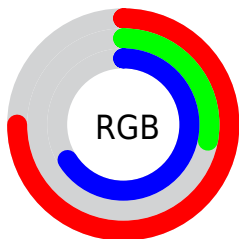
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _{YB} | 190, 72, 168 |
| Decimal | 12470440 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 50.00, 58.33, -28.24 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 50, 64.809, 334.163 |
| Yxy | 18.4187, 0.3479, 0.2092 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4290660520 (0xFFBE48A8) |
| YUV | 118.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458 |
| Hunter-Lab | 42.9170, 52.3074, -23.8388 |

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 64.809, 334.163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. A complement of this color would be **69, 65.828, 144.049**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 64.877, 334.350**, and **30, 64.652, 333.896** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47, 71.840, 334.911**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 56.087, 333.449**.

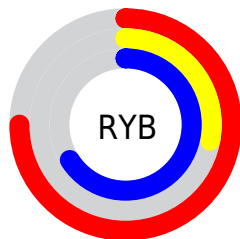
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (28%)

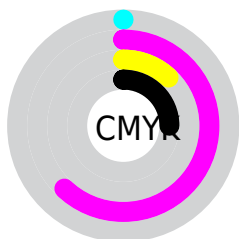
Blue (66%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (66%)

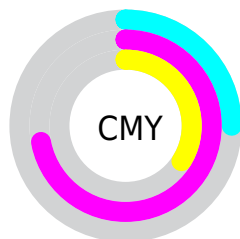


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (72%)


Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 64.809, 334.163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 64.809, 334.163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 64.809,
334.163


 50, 64.809,
334.163


 100, 64.809,
334.163

 40, 64.809,
334.163


 70, 64.809,
334.163

 30, 64.809,
334.163


 80, 64.809,
334.163


 20, 64.809,
334.163

 90, 64.809,
334.163

 10, 64.809,
334.163

 0, 64.809, 334.163

 50, 64.809,
334.163

 50, 64.809,
334.163

47, 71.840,
334.911

53, 56.087,
333.449

45, 76.759,
335.713

57, 46.173,
332.757

44, 79.347,
336.600

62, 35.517,
332.082

43, 80.114,
337.365

66, 24.486,
331.424

71, 13.351,
330.779

76, 2.298, 330.060

81, 8.556, 149.633

86, 19.142,
149.051

91, 29.426,
148.510

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 64.809, 334.163



69, 65.828, 144.049

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 64.809, 334.163



50, 64.809, 24.163



50, 64.809, 154.163



50, 64.809, 204.163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 64.806, 334.163



86, 26.070, 331.243



39, 71.308, 303.826



44, 18.100, 331.431



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 64.806, 334.163



60, 90.380, 335.233



48, 50.776, 4.174



37, 6.211, 330.602



36, 70.051, 337.214



3, 17.860, 333.483

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 64.806, 334.163



60, 90.380, 335.233



70, 43.007, 167.677



37, 6.211, 330.602



36, 70.051, 337.214



3, 17.860, 333.483

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 64.809, 334.163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

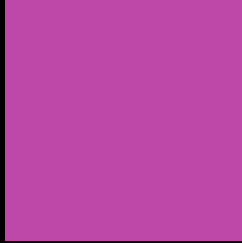
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 64.809, 334.163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

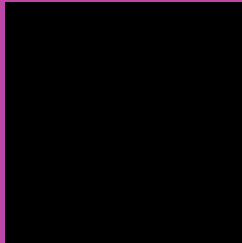
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 64.809, 334.163

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 64.809, 334.163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 64.809, 334.163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 64.809, 334.163

Protanopia

51, 51.549, 286.159

Deuteranopia

50, 25.245, 285.691



Tritanopia
50, 40.235, 20.354

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 64.809, 334.163



Protanomaly
48, 53.842, 302.964



Deuteranomaly
49, 39.239, 313.760



Tritanomaly
50, 45.300, 357.620

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 64.809, 334.163



Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
48, 26.392, 331.876

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 64.809, 334.163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 72, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 72, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 72, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 72, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 64.809, 334.163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 72, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 72, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 72, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 72, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 72, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 72,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 64.809, 334.163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 72, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 72,  
168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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