

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 69.763, 119.898)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 69.763, 119.898)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 63.609, 122.040)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	558400
RGB	85, 132, 0
RGB Percent	33%, 52%, 0%
CMY	0.6669, 0.4825, 1.0000
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 1.00, 0.48
HSL	81°, 100%, 26%
HSV	81°, 100%, 52%
XYZ	11.9863, 18.4187, 2.9212
YIQ	102.8990, 14.3600, -51.0160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

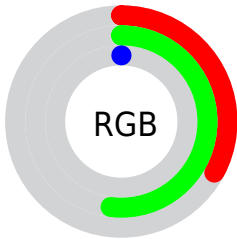
Format	Color
RYB	0, 132, 47
Decimal	5604352
CIELab	50.00, -33.75, 53.92
CIELCh	50, 63.609, 122.040
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3597, 0.5527
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283794432 (0xFF558400)
YUV	102.8990, -50.7292, -15.6974
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -25.2512, 26.0062

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 63.609, 122.040** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **17, 78.553, 309.417**, and the grayscale version is **44, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 63.322, 122.098**, and **30, 48.923, 130.210** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 63.597, 122.046**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50, 60.599, 121.344**.

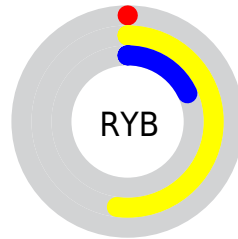
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (52%)

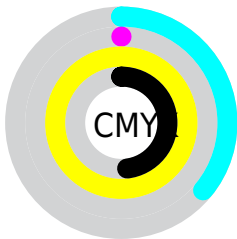
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (18%)

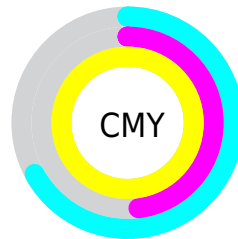


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (48%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 63.609, 122.040 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 63.609, 122.040 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 63.609,
122.040


 50, 63.609,
122.040


 100, 63.609,
122.040


 40, 63.609,
122.040


 70, 63.609,
122.040

 30, 63.609,
122.040


 80, 63.609,
122.040


 20, 63.609,
122.040

 90, 63.609,
122.040

 10, 63.609,
122.040

 0, 63.609, 122.040

 50, 63.609,
122.040

 50, 63.609,
122.040

■ 50, 63.597,
122.046

■ 50, 60.599,
121.344

■ 51, 56.616,
120.897

■ 51, 51.352,
120.823

■ 51, 45.125,
121.016

■ 52, 38.236,
121.379

■ 52, 30.919,
121.841

■ 53, 23.340,
122.351

■ 54, 15.611,
122.878

■ 54, 7.811, 123.401

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 63.609, 122.040



17, 78.553, 309.417

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 63.609, 122.040



50, 63.609, 172.040



50, 63.609, 302.040



50, 63.609, 352.040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 63.597, 122.046



67, 28.816, 122.316



32, 55.701, 50.971



35, 19.774, 122.129



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 63.597, 122.046



64, 77.017, 122.392



48, 72.393, 134.948



28, 4.422, 123.446



49, 62.922, 122.024



1, 1.062, 123.896

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 78.553, 309.417



23, 95.149, 309.190



27, 71.697, 322.647



26, 4.496, 304.363



17, 77.717, 309.432



0, 1.062, 303.895

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 63.609, 122.040 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 63.609, 122.040 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

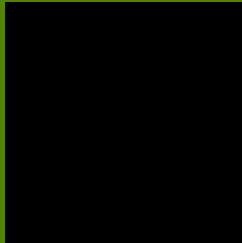
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 63.609, 122.040

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 63.609, 122.040.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 63.609, 122.040.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 63.609, 122.040

Protanopia

50, 55.683, 95.312

Deuteranopia

50, 49.912, 82.485



Tritanopia
50, 10.133, 230.099

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 63.609, 122.040

Protanomaly
50, 56.987, 106.692

Deuteranomaly
49, 51.650, 99.551

Tritanomaly
49, 27.780, 136.025

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 63.609, 122.040

Achromatopsia
44, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
46, 28.945, 122.509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 63.609, 122.040 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 132, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 132, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 132, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 132, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 63.609, 122.040 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 132, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 132, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 132, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 132, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 132, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 132, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 63.609, 122.040 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 132, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 132,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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