

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 7.807, 331.584)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 7.807, 331.584) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 7.859, 332.221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80737D
RGB	128, 115, 125
RGB Percent	50%, 45%, 49%
CMY	0.4970, 0.5480, 0.5088
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	314°, 5%, 48%
HSV	314°, 10%, 50%
XYZ	18.8217, 18.4187, 22.0544
YIQ	120.0270, 4.5380, 5.8660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

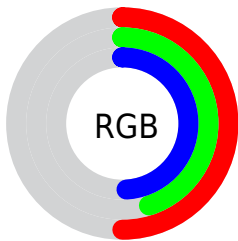
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 115, 125
Decimal	8418173
CIE Lab	50.00, 6.95, -3.66
CIE LCh	50, 7.859, 332.221
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3174, 0.3106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286608253 (0xFF80737D)
YUV	120.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 3.1783, -0.4263

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 7.859, 332.221$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 7.829, 151.009$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 8.025, 331.476$, and $30, 7.807, 333.220$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 15.687, 332.877$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 0.112, 329.585$.

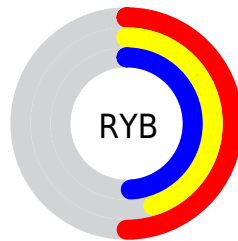
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (45%)

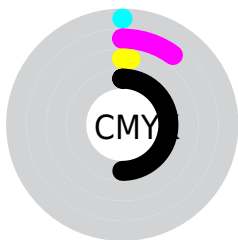
Blue (49%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (49%)

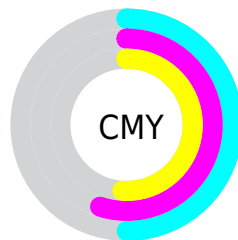


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 7.859, 332.221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 7.859, 332.221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 7.859, 332.221

■ 50, 7.859, 332.221

■ 100, 7.859,
332.221

■ 40, 7.859, 332.221

■ 70, 7.859, 332.221

■ 30, 7.859, 332.221

■ 80, 7.859, 332.221

■ 20, 7.859, 332.221

■ 90, 7.859, 332.221

■ 10, 7.859, 332.221

■ 0, 7.859, 332.221

■ 50, 7.859, 332.221

■ 50, 7.859, 332.221

■ 46, 15.687,
332.877

■ 54, 0.112, 329.585

■ 43, 23.491,
333.550

■ 57, 7.482, 151.086

■ 61, 14.885,

40, 31.109,
334.249

150.515

37, 38.315,
334.982

65, 22.078,
149.983

34, 44.822,
335.756

69, 29.055,
149.480

32, 50.300,
336.587

72, 35.820,
149.006

30, 54.427,
337.501

76, 42.380,
148.559

29, 56.973,
338.534

80, 48.747,
148.137

28, 58.422,
339.646

84, 54.932,
147.739

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 7.859, 332.221



52, 7.829, 151.009

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 7.859, 332.221



50, 7.859, 22.221



50, 7.859, 152.221



50, 7.859, 202.221

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 7.857, 332.222



67, 2.855, 331.719



49, 7.739, 299.307



35, 2.182, 331.783



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 7.857, 332.222



63, 11.485, 332.362



50, 5.727, 357.996



25, 4.344, 332.154



28, 58.175, 339.637



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 7.857, 332.222



63, 11.485, 332.362



53, 5.560, 176.290



25, 4.344, 332.154



28, 58.175, 339.637



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 7.859, 332.221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 7.859, 332.221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

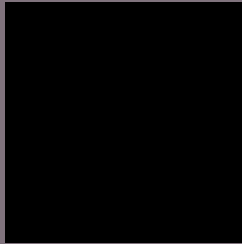
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 7.859, 332.221

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 7.859, 332.221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 7.859, 332.221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 7.859, 332.221

Protanopia

50, 5.293, 295.106

Deuteranopia

50, 7.859, 332.221



Tritanopia
50, 7.439, 335.237

Trichromacy



Original Color

50, 7.859, 332.221

Protanomaly

50, 5.657, 311.258

Deuteranomaly

50, 7.859, 332.221

Tritanomaly

50, 7.439, 335.237

Monochromacy



Original Color

50, 7.859, 332.221

Achromatopsia

50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

50, 3.100, 330.698

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 7.859, 332.221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 115, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 115, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 115, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 115, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 7.859, 332.221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

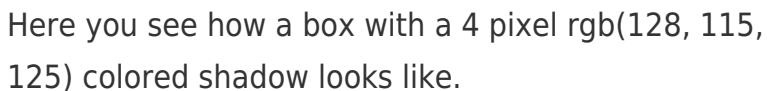
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 115, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 115, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 115, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 115, 125); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 115, 125); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 115, 125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 7.859, 332.221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 115, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
115, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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