

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 70.787, 291.376)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 70.787, 291.376)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 70.412, 291.267)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	456FE8
RGB	69, 111, 232
RGB Percent	27%, 44%, 91%
CMY	0.7301, 0.5652, 0.0908
CMYK	0.70, 0.52, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	225°, 78%, 59%
HSV	225°, 70%, 91%
XYZ	22.6572, 18.4187, 78.5978
YIQ	112.2360, -63.8730, 28.7270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

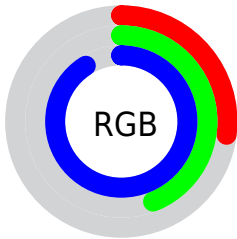
Format	Color
R _Y B	69, 102, 232
Decimal	4550632
CIE Lab	50.00, 25.54, -65.62
CIE LCh	50, 70.412, 291.267
Yxy	18.4187, 0.1893, 0.1539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282740712 (0xFF456FE8)
YUV	112.2360, 59.0437, -37.9180
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 19.1312, -78.5414

Details

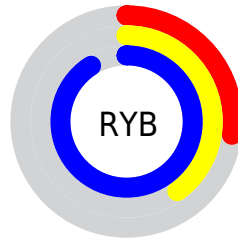
The CIELCh color **50, 70.412, 291.267** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as middle muted azure. A complement of this color would be **79, 63.977, 87.514**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 51.353, 286.803**, and **31, 69.650, 294.532** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45, 81.604, 294.507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 59.481, 288.257**.

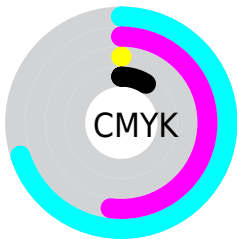
Distribution



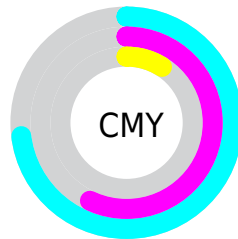
- Red (27%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)





- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 70.412, 291.267 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 70.412, 291.267 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 70.412,
291.267


 50, 70.412,
291.267


 100, 70.412,
291.267


 40, 70.412,
291.267


 70, 70.412,
291.267

 30, 70.412,
291.267


 80, 70.412,
291.267


 20, 70.412,
291.267

 90, 70.412,
291.267

 10, 70.412,
291.267

 0, 70.412, 291.267

 50, 70.412,
291.267

 50, 70.412,
291.267

45, 81.604,
294.507

56, 59.481,
288.257

40, 92.772,
297.790

61, 48.890,
285.567

36, 103.016,
300.721

67, 38.631,
283.222

74, 28.669,
281.206

80, 18.975,
279.484

86, 9.523, 278.019

92, 0.298, 277.448

98, 8.711, 95.615

99, 11.714,
109.292

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 70.412, 291.267



79, 63.977, 87.514

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 70.412, 291.267



50, 70.412, 341.267



50, 70.412, 111.267



50, 70.412, 161.267

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 70.412, 291.268



86, 21.207, 279.611



83, 52.520, 169.963



44, 14.403, 280.068



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 70.412, 291.268



47, 92.671, 295.868



43, 95.036, 306.008



45, 5.195, 277.904



27, 83.328, 300.200



5, 27.627, 290.746

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 66.207, 11.560



56, 81.618, 17.424



87, 78.632, 115.409



45, 5.094, 359.783



37, 68.531, 24.646



7, 26.640, 10.727

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 70.412, 291.267 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

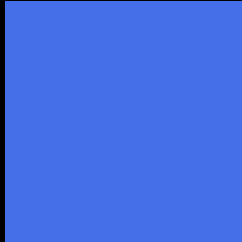
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 70.412, 291.267 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

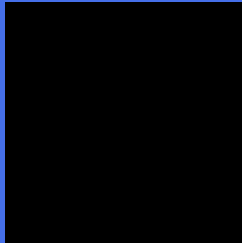
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 70.412, 291.267

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 70.412, 291.267.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 70.412, 291.267.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 70.412, 291.267

Protanopia

50, 70.726, 287.698

Deuteranopia

50, 54.326, 276.330



Tritanopia
50, 29.523, 208.237

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 70.412, 291.267

Protanomaly
50, 70.630, 288.744

Deuteranomaly
50, 60.489, 282.023

Tritanomaly
49, 35.243, 255.319

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 70.412, 291.267

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 26.299, 282.043

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 70.412, 291.267 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 111, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 111, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 111, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 111, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 70.412, 291.267 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 111, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 111, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 111, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 111, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 111, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 111,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 70.412, 291.267 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 111, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 111,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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