

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 70.941, 348.693)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 70.941, 348.693)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 70.821, 349.035)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D63190
RGB	214, 49, 144
RGB Percent	84%, 19%, 56%
CMY	0.1620, 0.8093, 0.4364
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.33, 0.16
HSL	325°, 67%, 51%
HSV	325°, 77%, 84%
XYZ	33.7348, 18.4187, 28.0534
YIQ	109.1650, 67.8450, 64.5250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

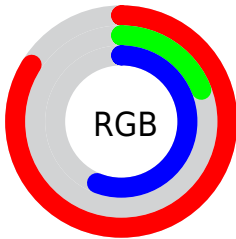
Format	Color
R_{YB}	214, 49, 144
Decimal	14037392
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 69.53, -13.47
CIE _{LCh}	50, 70.821, 349.035
Yxy	18.4187, 0.4206, 0.2296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292227472 (0xFFD63190)
YUV	109.1650, 17.1737, 91.9403
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 65.2049, -8.7141

Details

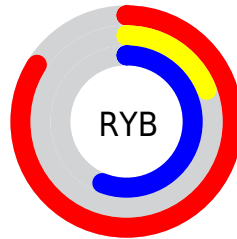
The CIELCh color **50, 70.821, 349.035** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **76, 71.273, 150.189**, and the grayscale version is **46, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 66.054, 343.998**, and **33, 60.409, 351.549** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 74.252, 351.444**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 65.104, 347.105**.

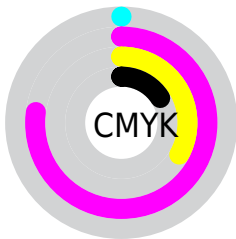
Distribution



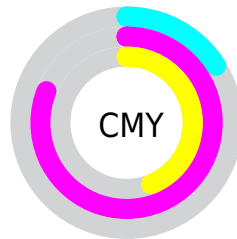
- Red (84%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (16%)





- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (44%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 70.821, 349.035 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 70.821, 349.035 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 70.821,
349.035


 50, 70.821,
349.035


 100, 70.821,
349.035


 40, 70.821,
349.035


 70, 70.821,
349.035

 30, 70.821,
349.035


 80, 70.821,
349.035


 20, 70.821,
349.035

 90, 70.821,
349.035

 10, 70.821,
349.035

 0, 70.821, 349.035

 50, 70.821,
349.035

 50, 70.821,
349.035

48, 74.252,
351.444

53, 65.104,
347.105

47, 75.442,
354.453

56, 57.480,
345.526

47, 75.613,
355.345

61, 48.467,
344.198

65, 38.581,
343.052

71, 28.250,
342.039

76, 17.787,
341.124

81, 7.403, 340.267

87, 2.774, 159.707

93, 12.669,
158.896

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 70.821, 349.035



76, 71.273, 150.189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 70.821, 349.035



50, 70.821, 39.035



50, 70.821, 169.035



50, 70.821, 219.035

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 70.818, 349.036



85, 27.490, 341.662



39, 95.461, 310.486



43, 19.053, 342.004



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 70.818, 349.036



56, 85.991, 353.393



48, 71.296, 27.547



42, 5.826, 340.453



37, 64.161, 354.767



5, 24.441, 348.996

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 70.818, 349.036



56, 85.991, 353.393



78, 43.737, 186.537



42, 5.826, 340.453



37, 64.161, 354.767



5, 24.441, 348.996

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 70.821, 349.035 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

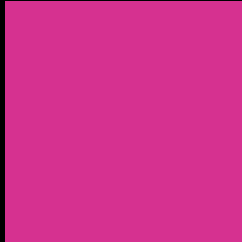
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 70.821, 349.035 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 70.821, 349.035

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 70.821, 349.035.

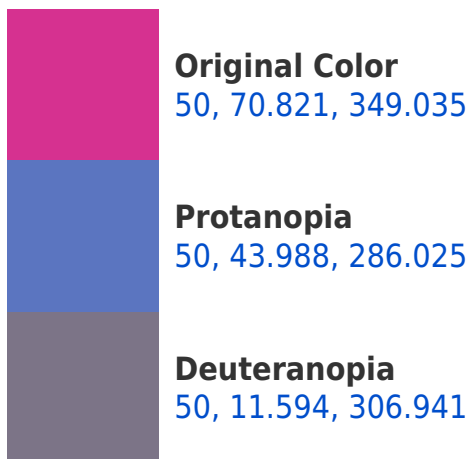


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 70.821, 349.035.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
50, 61.769, 27.417

Trichromacy



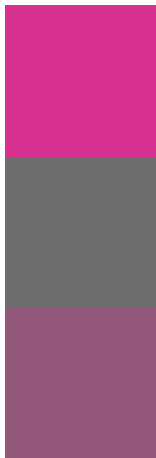
Original Color
50, 70.821, 349.035

Protanomaly
47, 50.398, 312.567

Deuteranomaly
48, 36.247, 336.990

Tritanomaly
50, 61.664, 12.297

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 70.821, 349.035

Achromatopsia
46, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
45, 31.268, 342.940

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 70.821, 349.035 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 49, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 49, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 49, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 49, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 70.821, 349.035 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 49, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 49, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 49, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 49, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 49, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 49,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 70.821, 349.035 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 49, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214, 49,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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