

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 71.380, 61.848)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 71.380, 61.848) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 67.954, 60.106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BC5D00
RGB	188, 93, 0
RGB Percent	74%, 36%, 0%
CMY	0.2642, 0.6365, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 1.00, 0.26
HSL	30°, 100%, 37%
HSV	30°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	24.5328, 18.4187, 2.2497
YIQ	110.8030, 86.4730, -8.7830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

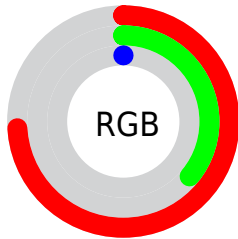
Format	Color
R _Y B	188, 184, 0
Decimal	12344576
CIE Lab	50.00, 33.87, 58.91
CIE LCh	50, 67.954, 60.106
Yxy	18.4187, 0.5427, 0.4075
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290534656 (0xFFBC5D00)
YUV	110.8030, -54.6259, 67.7018
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 26.9318, 26.9339

Details

The CIELCh color **50, 67.954, 60.106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. A complement of this color would be **41, 56.730, 283.535**, and the grayscale version is **47, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 67.744, 60.325**, and **30, 54.076, 50.787** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 67.869, 60.063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 63.034, 62.510**.

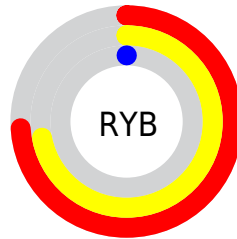
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (36%)

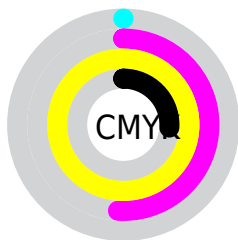
Blue (0%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (0%)

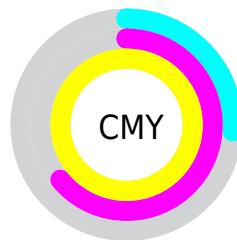


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 67.954, 60.106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 67.954, 60.106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 67.954, 60.106

■ 50, 67.954, 60.106

■ 100, 67.954,
60.106

■ 40, 67.954, 60.106

■ 70, 67.954, 60.106

■ 30, 67.954, 60.106

■ 80, 67.954, 60.106

■ 20, 67.954, 60.106

■ 90, 67.954, 60.106

■ 10, 67.954, 60.106

■ 0, 67.954, 60.106

■ 50, 67.954, 60.106

■ 50, 67.954, 60.106

■ 50, 67.869, 60.063

■ 52, 63.034, 62.510

■ 54, 56.725, 64.462

■ 57, 49.367, 65.995

■ 59, 41.667, 67.341

■ 62, 34.014, 68.615

■ 65, 26.590, 69.864

■ 67, 19.468, 71.103

■ 70, 12.670, 72.328

■ 73, 6.185, 73.519

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 67.954, 60.106



41, 56.730, 283.535

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 67.954, 60.106



50, 67.954, 110.106



50, 67.954, 240.106



50, 67.954, 290.106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 67.869, 60.063



86, 24.193, 71.041



40, 67.495, 0.473



44, 16.668, 70.520



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 67.869, 60.063



64, 83.169, 59.388



73, 76.003, 101.798



38, 3.516, 73.593



42, 59.634, 60.594



6, 10.062, 58.957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



41, 56.730, 283.535



53, 70.413, 284.342



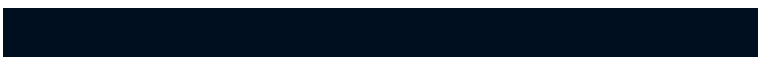
23, 105.495, 306.090



38, 3.438, 256.035



34, 49.347, 282.893



4, 11.485, 267.945

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 67.954, 60.106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 67.954, 60.106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 67.954, 60.106

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 67.954, 60.106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 67.954, 60.106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 67.954, 60.106

Protanopia

50, 52.725, 95.342

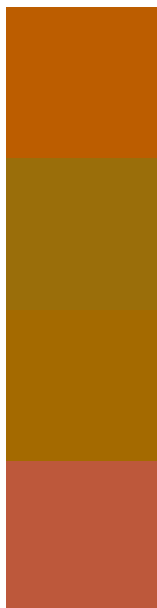
Deuteranopia

50, 56.869, 84.212



Tritanopia
50, 45.677, 21.967

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 67.954, 60.106

Protanomaly
50, 55.031, 79.960

Deuteranomaly
50, 59.289, 74.021

Tritanomaly
50, 52.632, 42.855

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 67.954, 60.106

Achromatopsia
47, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 25.861, 68.012

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 67.954, 60.106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(188, 93, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(188, 93, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(188, 93, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(188, 93, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 67.954, 60.106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(188, 93, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(188, 93, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(188, 93, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(188, 93, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 93, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(188, 93, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 67.954, 60.106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(188, 93, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(188, 93,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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