

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 75.611, 39.126)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 75.611, 39.126) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 75.582, 39.110)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D93F28
RGB	217, 63, 40
RGB Percent	85%, 25%, 16%
CMY	0.1496, 0.7535, 0.8436
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.82, 0.15
HSL	8°, 70%, 50%
HSV	8°, 82%, 85%
XYZ	30.7187, 18.4187, 3.9334
YIQ	106.4240, 99.1670, 25.4950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

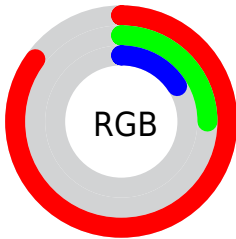
Format	Color
R_{YB}	217, 66, 40
Decimal	14237480
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 58.65, 47.68
CIE _{LCh}	50, 75.582, 39.110
Yxy	18.4187, 0.5788, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292427560 (0xFFD93F28)
YUV	106.4240, -32.7470, 96.9752
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 52.6604, 24.6078

Details

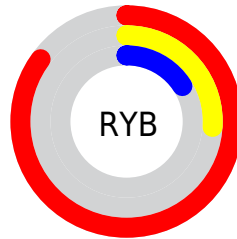
The CIELCh color **50, 75.582, 39.110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **72, 37.516, 216.662**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 64.594, 40.424**, and **32, 71.300, 39.555** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 84.669, 40.699**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 65.156, 37.257**.

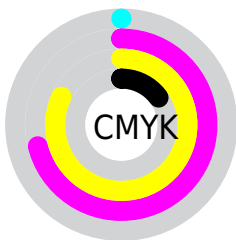
Distribution



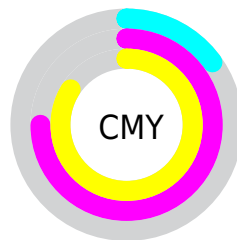
- Red (85%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 75.582, 39.110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 75.582, 39.110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 75.582, 39.110

■ 50, 75.582, 39.110

■ 100, 75.582,
39.110

■ 40, 75.582, 39.110

■ 70, 75.582, 39.110

■ 30, 75.582, 39.110

■ 80, 75.582, 39.110

■ 20, 75.582, 39.110

■ 90, 75.582, 39.110

■ 10, 75.582, 39.110

■ 0, 75.582, 39.110

■ 50, 75.582, 39.110

■ 50, 75.582, 39.110

■ 48, 84.669, 40.699

■ 53, 65.156, 37.257

■ 46, 90.311, 41.541

■ 57, 54.497, 35.602

■ 61, 44.099, 34.282

65, 34.211, 33.295

70, 24.950, 32.592

75, 16.359, 32.112

80, 8.427, 31.788

86, 1.118, 31.177

91, 5.623, 211.757

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 75.582, 39.110



72, 37.516, 216.662

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 75.582, 39.110



50, 75.582, 89.110



50, 75.582, 219.110



50, 75.582, 269.110

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 75.579, 39.112



86, 20.954, 32.219



52, 89.036, 332.531



44, 14.613, 32.387



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 75.579, 39.112



55, 101.018, 41.217



67, 65.141, 75.035



43, 4.123, 31.728



37, 76.129, 41.794



6, 21.875, 27.100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72, 37.516, 216.662



82, 43.749, 220.401



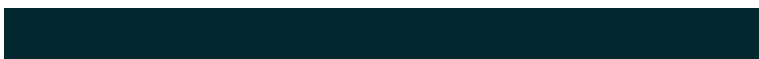
47, 64.611, 286.867



45, 3.879, 211.737



57, 32.847, 220.228



14, 13.357, 215.611

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 75.582, 39.110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 75.582, 39.110 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 75.582, 39.110

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 75.582, 39.110.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 75.582, 39.110.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 75.582, 39.110

Protanopia

50, 37.102, 95.804

Deuteranopia

50, 51.137, 82.336



Tritanopia
50, 69.977, 30.070

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 75.582, 39.110

Protanomaly
48, 43.613, 60.559

Deuteranomaly
49, 55.966, 60.068

Tritanomaly
50, 71.798, 33.503

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 75.582, 39.110

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
44, 26.310, 32.977

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 75.582, 39.110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 63, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 63, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 63, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 63, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 75.582, 39.110 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 63, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 63, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 63, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(217, 63, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 63, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 63,  
40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 75.582, 39.110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 63, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217, 63,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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