

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 79.701, 12.179)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 79.701, 12.179) contains.

CIELCh(50, 79.798, 12.142)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 79.798, 12.142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EB005F
RGB	235, 0, 95
RGB Percent	92%, 0%, 37%
CMY	0.0795, 1.0000, 0.6282
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.60, 0.08
HSL	336°, 100%, 46%
HSV	336°, 100%, 92%
XYZ	36.2190, 18.4187, 12.4252
YIQ	81.0950, 109.5650, 79.3650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

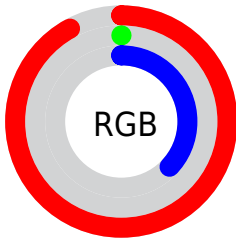
Format	Color
R_{YB}	235, 0, 95
Decimal	15401055
CIE Lab	50.00, 78.01, 16.78
CIE LCh	50, 79.798, 12.142
Yxy	18.4187, 0.5401, 0.2746
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293591135 (0xFFEB005F)
YUV	81.0950, 6.8552, 134.9747
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 75.5373, 12.8764

Details

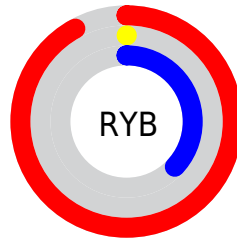
The CIELCh color **50, 79.798, 12.142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0066**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **82, 75.803, 154.152**, and the grayscale version is **34, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 65.283, 4.753**, and **36, 65.109, 21.436** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 79.734, 12.176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 77.289, 7.238**.

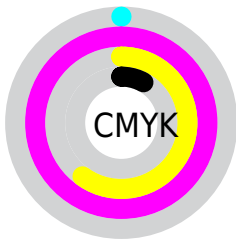
Distribution



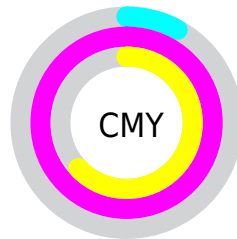
- Red (92%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 79.798, 12.142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 79.798, 12.142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 79.798, 12.142

■ 50, 79.798, 12.142

■ 100, 79.798,
12.142

■ 40, 79.798, 12.142

■ 70, 79.798, 12.142

■ 30, 79.798, 12.142

■ 80, 79.798, 12.142

■ 20, 79.798, 12.142

■ 90, 79.798, 12.142

■ 10, 79.798, 12.142

■ 0, 79.798, 12.142

■ 50, 79.798, 12.142

■ 50, 79.798, 12.142

■ 50, 79.734, 12.176

■ 51, 77.289, 7.238

■ 53, 73.330, 3.144

■ 56, 67.377,

359.913

■ 60, 59.626,
357.368

■ 64, 50.541,
355.337

■ 69, 40.640,
353.678

■ 75, 30.364,
352.290

■ 81, 20.039,
351.098

■ 87, 9.878, 350.042

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 79.798, 12.142



82, 75.803, 154.152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 79.798, 12.142



50, 79.798, 62.142



50, 79.798, 192.142



50, 79.798, 242.142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 79.734, 12.176



81, 32.476, 352.307



40, 115.285, 313.790



40, 22.212, 352.868



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 79.734, 12.176



54, 84.936, 12.440



50, 97.056, 40.743



46, 5.604, 349.987



38, 65.528, 11.211



7, 27.974, 2.582

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 79.734, 12.176



54, 84.936, 12.440



79, 42.464, 211.145



46, 5.604, 349.987



38, 65.528, 11.211



7, 27.974, 2.582

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 79.798, 12.142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

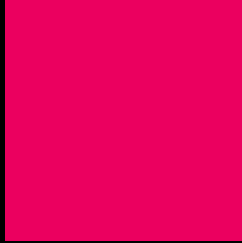
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 79.798, 12.142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

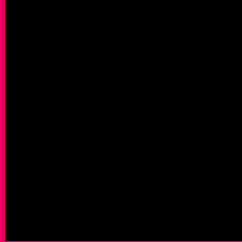
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 79.798, 12.142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 79.798, 12.142.

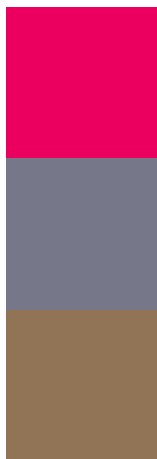


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 79.798, 12.142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 79.798, 12.142

Protanopia

51, 10.519, 287.423

Deuteranopia

51, 22.240, 73.016



Tritanopia
50, 87.071, 35.997

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 79.798, 12.142



Protanomaly
44, 41.565, 346.370



Deuteranomaly
46, 45.097, 16.207



Tritanomaly
50, 83.694, 28.181

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 79.798, 12.142



Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
35, 39.747, 357.567

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 79.798, 12.142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 0, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 0, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 0, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 0, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 79.798, 12.142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 0, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 0, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 0, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 0, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 0, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 0, 95)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 79.798, 12.142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 0, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235, 0,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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