

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 8.668, 300.419)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 8.668, 300.419) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 8.948, 301.238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	797584
RGB	121, 117, 132
RGB Percent	47%, 46%, 52%
CMY	0.5259, 0.5416, 0.4828
CMYK	0.08, 0.11, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	256°, 6%, 49%
HSV	256°, 11%, 52%
XYZ	18.3771, 18.4187, 24.3779
YIQ	119.9060, -2.4310, 5.5130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

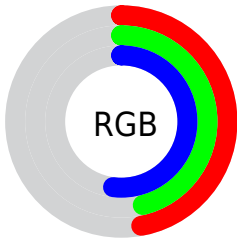
Format	Color
R _{YB}	121, 117, 132
Decimal	7959940
CIE Lab	50.00, 4.64, -7.65
CIE LCh	50, 8.948, 301.238
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3004, 0.3011
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286150020 (0xFF797584)
YUV	119.9060, 5.9623, 0.9594
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 1.3293, -3.6363

Details

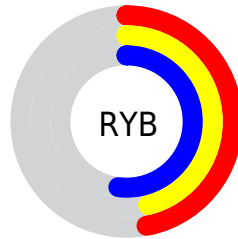
The CIELCh color $50, 8.948, 301.238$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $54, 8.750, 119.883$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 8.917, 300.459$, and $30, 9.087, 299.658$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $45, 17.111, 301.942$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 1.065, 300.593$.

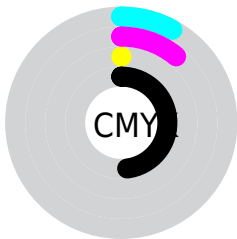
Distribution



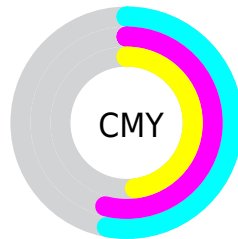
- Red (47%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 8.948, 301.238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 8.948, 301.238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 8.948, 301.238

■ 50, 8.948, 301.238

■ 100, 8.948,
301.238

■ 40, 8.948, 301.238

■ 70, 8.948, 301.238

■ 30, 8.948, 301.238

■ 80, 8.948, 301.238

■ 20, 8.948, 301.238

■ 90, 8.948, 301.238

■ 10, 8.948, 301.238

■ 0, 8.948, 301.238

■ 50, 8.948, 301.238

■ 50, 8.948, 301.238

■ 45, 17.111,
301.942

■ 54, 1.065, 300.593

■ 41, 25.556,
302.739

■ 59, 6.544, 120.082

■ 63, 13.893,

37, 34.261,
303.624

119.610

32, 43.161,
304.582

68, 20.996,
119.203

28, 52.108,
305.577

72, 27.868,
118.852

24, 60.808,
306.536

77, 34.523,
118.548

20, 68.741,
307.340

81, 40.975,
118.287

18, 75.136,
307.822

85, 47.236,
118.062

16, 79.779,
308.158

89, 53.319,
117.869

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 8.948, 301.238



54, 8.750, 119.883

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 8.948, 301.238



50, 8.948, 351.238



50, 8.948, 121.238



50, 8.948, 171.238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 8.947, 301.235



68, 2.880, 300.706



53, 4.789, 226.085



36, 2.202, 300.753



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 8.947, 301.235



62, 13.681, 301.434



51, 9.852, 317.748



26, 4.441, 301.088



15, 78.959, 308.170



0, 1.048, 300.538

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 8.796, 333.668



63, 13.407, 333.868



54, 9.778, 136.819



26, 4.375, 333.515



28, 57.562, 341.963



0, 1.041, 332.967

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 8.948, 301.238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 8.948, 301.238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

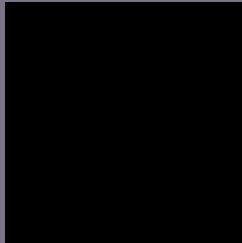
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

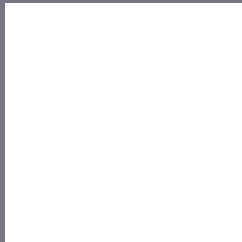
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 8.948, 301.238

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 8.948, 301.238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 8.948, 301.238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 8.948, 301.238

Protanopia

50, 8.785, 288.829

Deuteranopia

50, 9.919, 309.588



Tritanopia
50, 5.341, 299.301

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 8.948, 301.238

Protanomaly
50, 8.783, 291.316

Deuteranomaly
50, 9.803, 307.416

Tritanomaly
50, 6.500, 297.890

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 8.948, 301.238

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 2.960, 298.255

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 8.948, 301.238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 117, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 117, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 117, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 117, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 8.948, 301.238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 117, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 117, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 117, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 117, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 117, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 117,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 8.948, 301.238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 117, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
117, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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