

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 8.812, 110.521)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 8.812, 110.521) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 8.738, 111.775)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	777869
RGB	119, 120, 105
RGB Percent	47%, 47%, 41%
CMY	0.5328, 0.5289, 0.5877
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.12, 0.53
HSL	64°, 7%, 44%
HSV	64°, 12%, 47%
XYZ	16.9148, 18.4187, 16.0632
YIQ	117.9910, 4.2190, -4.8770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

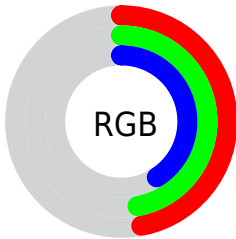
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 120, 106
Decimal	7829609
CIE Lab	50.00, -3.24, 8.11
CIE LCh	50, 8.738, 111.775
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3291, 0.3584
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286019689 (0xFF777869)
YUV	117.9910, -6.4046, 0.8849
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, -4.7529, 7.8505

Details

The CIELCh color $50, 8.738, 111.775$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $45, 8.980, 293.921$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 8.731, 111.843$, and $30, 8.900, 111.504$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 15.686, 110.953$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $50, 1.740, 112.590$.

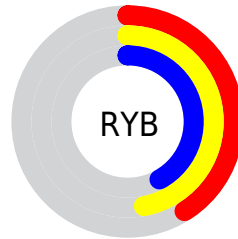
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (47%)

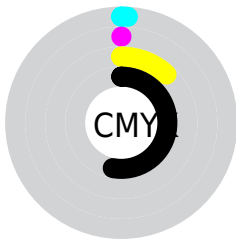
Blue (41%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (42%)

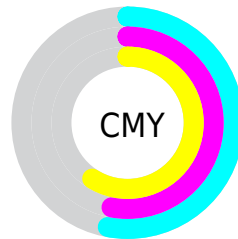


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 8.738, 111.775 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 8.738, 111.775 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 8.738, 111.775

■ 50, 8.738, 111.775

■ 100, 8.738,
111.775

■ 40, 8.738, 111.775

■ 70, 8.738, 111.775

■ 30, 8.738, 111.775

■ 80, 8.738, 111.775

■ 20, 8.738, 111.775

■ 90, 8.738, 111.775

■ 10, 8.738, 111.775

■ 0, 8.738, 111.775

■ 50, 8.738, 111.775

■ 50, 8.738, 111.775

■ 50, 15.686,
110.953

■ 50, 1.740, 112.590

■ 49, 22.531,
110.129

■ 51, 5.277, 293.412

■ 51, 12.290,

49, 29.198,
109.328

294.184

49, 35.572,
108.577

52, 19.280,
294.927

49, 41.486,
107.908

52, 26.235,
295.635

48, 46.702,
107.366

53, 33.146,
296.307

48, 50.925,
107.001

53, 40.005,
296.941

48, 53.875,
106.861

54, 46.805,
297.538

48, 55.717,
106.814

55, 53.541,
298.098

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 8.738, 111.775



45, 8.980, 293.921

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 8.738, 111.775



50, 8.738, 161.775



50, 8.738, 291.775



50, 8.738, 341.775

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 8.739, 111.782



64, 3.458, 112.465



46, 5.917, 25.776



33, 2.477, 112.414



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 8.739, 111.782



63, 12.959, 111.544



49, 9.461, 130.861



26, 4.004, 112.061



50, 57.313, 106.830



95, 96.509, 107.041

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 8.980, 293.921



56, 13.398, 294.207



46, 9.597, 311.864



23, 4.086, 293.598



13, 78.489, 306.602



32, 132.486, 306.431

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 8.738, 111.775 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 8.738, 111.775 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

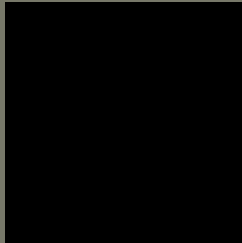
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 8.738, 111.775

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 8.738, 111.775.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 8.738, 111.775.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


50, 8.738, 111.775

Protanopia

50, 8.977, 95.381

Deuteranopia

50, 10.058, 51.424



Tritanopia
50, 5.657, 311.258

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 8.738, 111.775

Protanomaly
50, 8.818, 100.760

Deuteranomaly
50, 8.193, 70.948

Tritanomaly
50, 1.213, 19.233

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 8.738, 111.775

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 3.525, 116.363

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 8.738, 111.775 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 120, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 120, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 120, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 120, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 8.738, 111.775 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 120, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 120, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 120, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 120, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 120, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 120,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 8.738, 111.775 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 120, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
120, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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