

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 84.293, 38.522)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 84.293, 38.522) contains.

CIELCh(50, 84.293, 38.522)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 84.293, 38.522)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2301F
RGB	226, 48, 31
RGB Percent	89%, 19%, 12%
CMY	0.1132, 0.8111, 0.8780
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.86, 0.11
HSL	5°, 77%, 50%
HSV	5°, 86%, 89%
XYZ	32.7217, 18.4187, 3.1342
YIQ	99.2840, 111.5450, 32.4490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

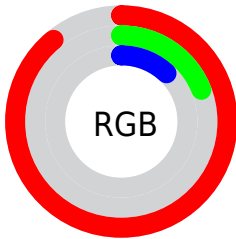
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 50, 31
Decimal	14823455
CIE Lab	50.00, 65.95, 52.50
CIE LCh	50, 84.293, 38.522
Yxy	18.4187, 0.6029, 0.3394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293013535 (0xFFE2301F)
YUV	99.2840, -33.6640, 111.1299
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 60.9913, 25.7120

Details

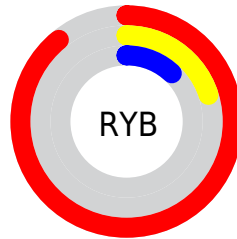
The CIELCh color **50, 84.293, 38.522** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **77, 40.500, 210.000**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64, 69.423, 39.769**, and **33, 73.854, 39.731** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 92.003, 40.231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 74.114, 36.133**.

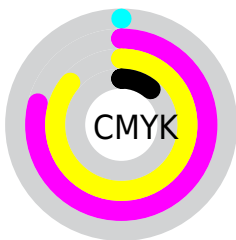
Distribution



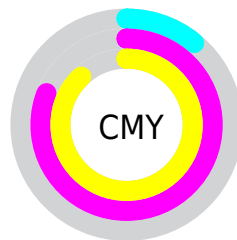
- Red (89%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 84.293, 38.522 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 84.293, 38.522 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 84.293, 38.522

■ 50, 84.293, 38.522

■ 100, 84.293,
38.522

■ 40, 84.293, 38.522

■ 70, 84.293, 38.522

■ 30, 84.293, 38.522

■ 80, 84.293, 38.522

■ 20, 84.293, 38.522

■ 90, 84.293, 38.522

■ 10, 84.293, 38.522

■ 0, 84.293, 38.522

■ 50, 84.293, 38.522

■ 50, 84.293, 38.522

■ 48, 92.003, 40.231

■ 53, 74.114, 36.133

■ 48, 94.249, 40.822

■ 56, 63.122, 33.842

■ 60, 52.078, 31.934

65, 41.367, 30.447

70, 31.205, 29.328

75, 21.699, 28.506

81, 12.887, 27.905

86, 4.753, 27.420

92, 2.745, 207.500

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 84.293, 38.522



77, 40.500, 210.000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 84.293, 38.522



50, 84.293, 88.522



50, 84.293, 218.522



50, 84.293, 268.522

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 84.290, 38.524



84, 23.689, 28.501



54, 96.110, 331.349



42, 16.289, 28.758



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 84.290, 38.524



54, 103.331, 40.744



67, 70.017, 71.013



44, 4.352, 27.577



37, 77.856, 41.021



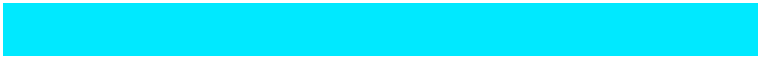
7, 24.046, 25.472

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 40.500, 210.000



85, 45.025, 212.053



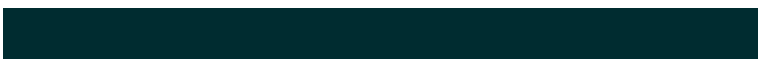
49, 66.993, 286.180



46, 4.094, 207.238



60, 34.147, 211.652



16, 14.217, 208.919

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 84.293, 38.522 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 84.293, 38.522 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 84.293, 38.522

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 84.293, 38.522.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 84.293, 38.522.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 84.293, 38.522

Protanopia

50, 40.525, 96.084

Deuteranopia

50, 56.747, 83.620



Tritanopia
50, 80.596, 33.948

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 84.293, 38.522

Protanomaly
47, 48.677, 58.359

Deuteranomaly
48, 62.902, 59.440

Tritanomaly
50, 81.781, 35.653

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 84.293, 38.522

Achromatopsia
42, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
42, 30.374, 31.426

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 84.293, 38.522 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 48, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 48, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 48, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 48, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 84.293, 38.522 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 48, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 48, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 48, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 48, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 48, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 48,  
31) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 84.293, 38.522 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 48, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226, 48,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor