

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 88.163, 337.886)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(50, 88.163, 337.886)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(50, 88.099, 337.823)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DB07B1
RGB	219, 7, 177
RGB Percent	86%, 3%, 69%
CMY	0.1404, 0.9733, 0.3052
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.19, 0.14
HSL	312°, 94%, 44%
HSV	312°, 97%, 86%
XYZ	37.2993, 18.4187, 43.2758
YIQ	89.7680, 71.7820, 97.8140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

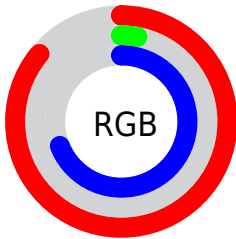
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	219, 7, 177
Decimal	14354353
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.00, 81.58, -33.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 88.099, 337.823
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3768, 0.1861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292544433 (0xFFDB07B1)
YUV	89.7680, 43.0054, 113.3365
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 80.0305, -29.7439

# Details

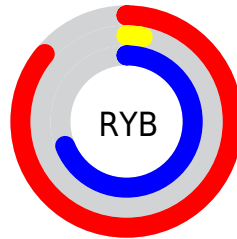
The CIELCh color **50, 88.099, 337.823** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as middle washed rose. A complement of this color would be **77, 99.607, 138.764**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **66, 84.877, 332.322**, and **36, 68.625, 339.250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 88.273, 338.160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 86.659, 336.791**.

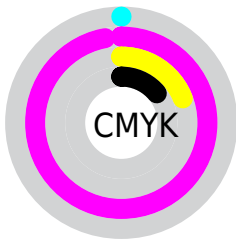
# Distribution



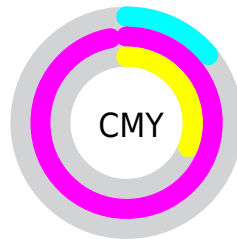
- Red (86%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (31%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 88.099, 337.823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 88.099, 337.823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 50, 88.099,  
337.823


 50, 88.099,  
337.823


 100, 88.099,  
337.823

 40, 88.099,  
337.823


 70, 88.099,  
337.823

 30, 88.099,  
337.823


 80, 88.099,  
337.823


 20, 88.099,  
337.823

 90, 88.099,  
337.823

 10, 88.099,  
337.823

 0, 88.099, 337.823

 50, 88.099,  
337.823

 50, 88.099,  
337.823

50, 88.273,  
338.160

51, 86.659,  
336.791

53, 82.637,  
335.882

56, 76.048,  
335.059

59, 67.273,  
334.292

63, 56.856,  
333.560

68, 45.347,  
332.853

73, 33.220,  
332.168

78, 20.838,  
331.501

84, 8.458, 330.841



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 88.099, 337.823



77, 99.607, 138.764

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 88.099, 337.823



50, 88.099, 27.823



50, 88.099, 157.823



50, 88.099, 207.823

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 88.096, 337.823



82, 40.472, 332.327



29, 116.354, 306.983



41, 27.717, 332.621



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 88.096, 337.823



58, 98.832, 338.264



47, 76.722, 18.627



43, 6.974, 331.011



39, 74.282, 337.970



6, 30.065, 335.949



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 88.096, 337.823



58, 98.832, 338.264



78, 63.652, 160.955



43, 6.974, 331.011



39, 74.282, 337.970



6, 30.065, 335.949



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 88.099, 337.823 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

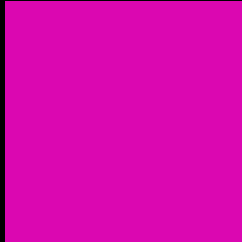
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 88.099, 337.823 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

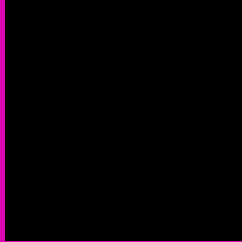
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 50, 88.099, 337.823**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 88.099, 337.823.

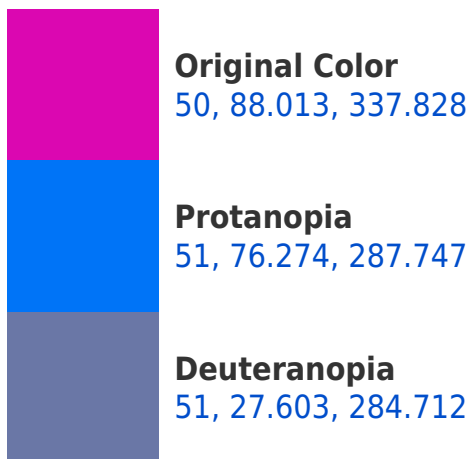


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 88.099, 337.823.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
50, 62.583, 27.558

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
50, 88.013, 337.828



**Protanomaly**  
41, 86.607, 301.396



**Deuteranomaly**  
45, 57.949, 319.476



**Tritanomaly**  
49, 67.103, 3.497

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
50, 88.013, 337.828



**Achromatopsia**  
38, 0.005, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
38, 45.757, 333.971

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 88.099, 337.823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 7, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 7, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 7, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 7, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 88.099, 337.823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 7, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 7, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 7, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 7, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 7, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 7,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 88.099, 337.823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 7, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219, 7,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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