

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 89.031, 224.518)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 89.031, 224.518)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(59, 48.295, 264.289)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0695E2
RGB	6, 149, 226
RGB Percent	2%, 58%, 89%
CMY	0.9769, 0.4157, 0.1134
CMYK	0.97, 0.34, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	201°, 95%, 45%
HSV	201°, 97%, 89%
XYZ	24.5603, 27.0277, 75.9414
YIQ	115.0210, -109.9450, -6.3690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

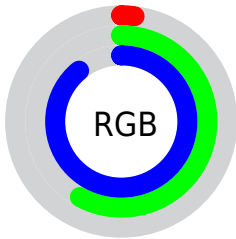
Format	Color
R _Y B	6, 93, 226
Decimal	431586
CIE Lab	59.00, -4.81, -48.06
CIE LCh	59, 48.295, 264.289
Yxy	27.0277, 0.1926, 0.2119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278621666 (0xFF0695E2)
YUV	115.0210, 54.7126, -95.6114
Hunter-Lab	51.9882, -6.6523, -50.2157

Details

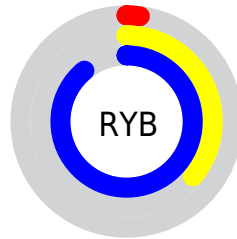
The CIELCh color **59, 48.295, 264.289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **54, 82.679, 49.990**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 36.859, 247.814**, and **41, 44.837, 274.382** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58, 49.214, 265.598**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62, 44.866, 259.229**.

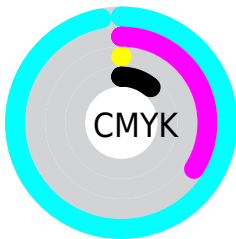
Distribution



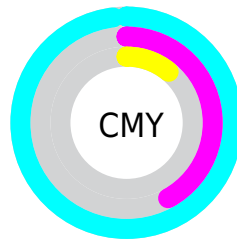
- Red (2%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 59, 48.295, 264.289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 59, 48.295, 264.289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 59, 48.295,
264.289

 59, 48.295,
264.289

 100, 48.295,
264.289

 49, 48.295,
264.289

 79, 48.295,
264.289

 39, 48.295,
264.289

 89, 48.295,
264.289

 29, 48.295,
264.289

 99, 48.295,
264.289

 19, 48.295,
264.289

 9, 48.295, 264.289

 0, 48.295, 264.289

■ 59, 48.295,
264.289

■ 59, 48.295,
264.289

■ 58, 49.214,
265.598

■ 62, 44.866,
259.229

■ 64, 41.289,
254.691

■ 67, 37.382,
250.800

■ 70, 33.037,
247.556

■ 73, 28.218,
244.901

■ 77, 22.936,
242.752

■ 80, 17.239,
241.023

■ 84, 11.187,

239.641

■ 87, 4.845, 238.575

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59, 48.295, 264.289



54, 82.679, 49.990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59, 48.295, 264.289



59, 48.295, 314.289



59, 48.295, 84.289



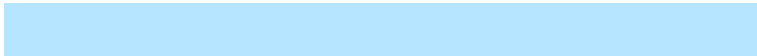
59, 48.295, 134.289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59, 48.294, 264.290



89, 20.032, 241.306



79, 92.499, 143.003



46, 13.598, 242.030



0, 0.000, 0.000



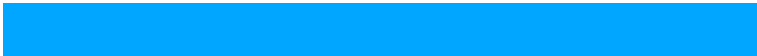
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59, 48.294, 264.290



65, 54.142, 265.975



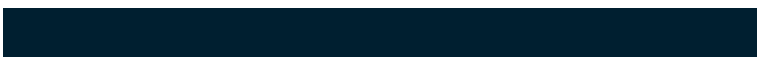
32, 110.992, 303.664



45, 3.684, 238.764



46, 40.360, 264.661



11, 15.043, 254.632

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 81.534, 348.467



56, 89.256, 349.303



79, 79.522, 92.222



44, 6.376, 337.029



39, 67.873, 348.645



7, 28.490, 344.385

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 59, 48.295, 264.289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 59, 48.295, 264.289 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

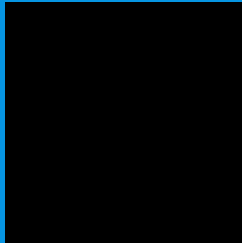
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

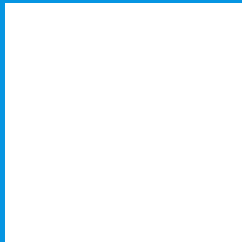
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 59, 48.295, 264.289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 48.295, 264.289.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 59, 48.295, 264.289.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


59, 48.251, 264.246

Protanopia

59, 44.433, 285.421

Deuteranopia

59, 49.651, 279.781



Tritanopia
59, 33.726, 207.418

Trichromacy



Original Color
59, 48.251, 264.246



Protanomaly
58, 45.767, 273.176



Deuteranomaly
59, 48.977, 271.925



Tritanomaly
59, 34.819, 232.463

Monochromacy



Original Color
59, 48.251, 264.246



Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
51, 22.388, 245.592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 59, 48.295, 264.289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 149, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 149, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 149, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 149, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 59, 48.295, 264.289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 149, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 149, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 149, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 149, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 149, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 149,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 59, 48.295, 264.289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 149, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 149,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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