

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 9.796, 330.359)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 9.796, 330.359) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 9.959, 330.804)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82727F
RGB	130, 114, 127
RGB Percent	51%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.4889, 0.5517, 0.5007
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.02, 0.49
HSL	311°, 7%, 48%
HSV	311°, 12%, 51%
XYZ	19.1609, 18.4187, 22.7345
YIQ	120.2660, 5.3630, 7.4350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

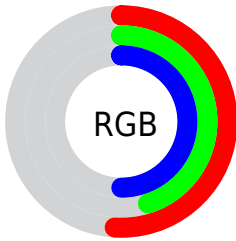
Format	Color
R_{YB}	130, 114, 127
Decimal	8548991
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 8.69, -4.86
CIE _{LCh}	50, 9.959, 330.804
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3177, 0.3054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286739071 (0xFF82727F)
YUV	120.2660, 3.3199, 8.5367
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 4.5893, -1.3660

Details

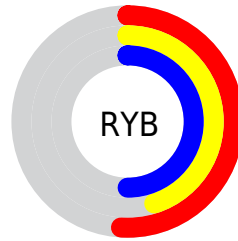
The CIELCh color $50, 9.959, 330.804$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $53, 9.927, 149.344$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $70, 10.000, 330.252$, and $30, 10.083, 331.572$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 18.135, 331.431$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 1.840, 330.111$.

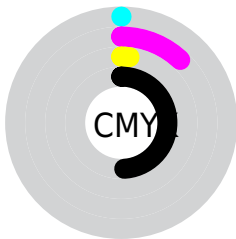
Distribution



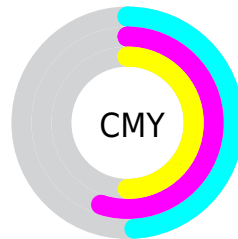
- Red (51%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 9.959, 330.804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 9.959, 330.804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 9.959, 330.804

■ 50, 9.959, 330.804

■ 100, 9.959,
330.804

■ 40, 9.959, 330.804

■ 70, 9.959, 330.804

■ 30, 9.959, 330.804

■ 80, 9.959, 330.804

■ 20, 9.959, 330.804

■ 90, 9.959, 330.804

■ 10, 9.959, 330.804

■ 0, 9.959, 330.804

■ 50, 9.959, 330.804

■ 50, 9.959, 330.804

■ 46, 18.135,
331.431

■ 54, 1.840, 330.111

■ 43, 26.247,
332.069

■ 57, 6.136, 149.697

■ 61, 13.923,

40, 34.110,
332.723

149.129

37, 41.478,
333.394

65, 21.495,
148.602

34, 48.043,
334.084

69, 28.844,
148.103

32, 53.467,
334.805

73, 35.969,
147.633

31, 57.437,
335.573

77, 42.879,
147.188

30, 59.762,
336.414

80, 49.582,
146.769

29, 60.947,
337.092

84, 56.091,
146.373

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 9.959, 330.804



53, 9.927, 149.344

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 9.959, 330.804



50, 9.959, 20.804



50, 9.959, 150.804



50, 9.959, 200.804

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 9.957, 330.805



67, 3.977, 330.271



49, 9.505, 298.235



34, 2.814, 330.319



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 9.957, 330.805



62, 15.012, 330.995



50, 7.175, 355.905



26, 4.629, 330.608



29, 60.855, 337.090



0, 1.102, 330.095

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 9.957, 330.805



62, 15.012, 330.995



53, 6.950, 173.768



26, 4.629, 330.608



29, 60.855, 337.090



0, 1.102, 330.095

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 9.959, 330.804 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 50, 9.959, 330.804 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

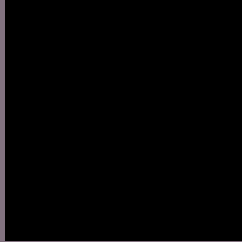
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 9.959, 330.804

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 9.959, 330.804.

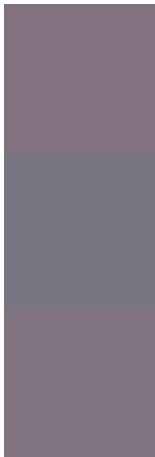


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 9.959, 330.804.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 9.959, 330.804

Protanopia

50, 7.028, 291.094

Deuteranopia

50, 7.813, 324.873



Tritanopia
50, 8.027, 339.443

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 9.959, 330.804

Protanomaly
50, 7.325, 306.537

Deuteranomaly
50, 8.756, 327.116

Tritanomaly
50, 8.413, 336.422

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 9.959, 330.804

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 3.095, 330.696

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 9.959, 330.804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 114, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 114, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 114, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 114, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 9.959, 330.804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 114, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 114, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 114, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 114, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 114, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 114,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 9.959, 330.804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 114, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
114, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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