

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 90.184, 332.081)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 90.184, 332.081)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(50, 90.118, 332.233)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D31BC0
RGB	211, 27, 192
RGB Percent	83%, 11%, 75%
CMY	0.1728, 0.8946, 0.2473
CMYK	0.00, 0.87, 0.09, 0.17
HSL	306°, 77%, 47%
HSV	306°, 87%, 83%
XYZ	36.7395, 18.4187, 51.4494
YIQ	100.8260, 56.6990, 90.3230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

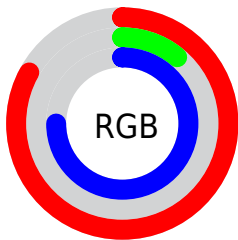
Format	Color
R_{YB}	211, 27, 192
Decimal	13835200
CIE _{Lab}	50.00, 79.74, -41.98
CIE _{LCh}	50, 90.118, 332.233
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3446, 0.1728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292025280 (0xFFD31BC0)
YUV	100.8260, 44.9488, 96.6226
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 77.7019, -41.0357

Details

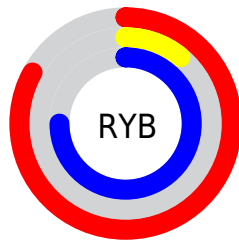
The CIELCh color **50, 90.118, 332.233** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **74, 96.234, 138.184**, and the grayscale version is **42, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 88.559, 328.699**, and **35, 73.152, 332.208** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 91.991, 332.729**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 85.763, 331.737**.

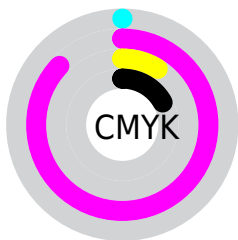
Distribution



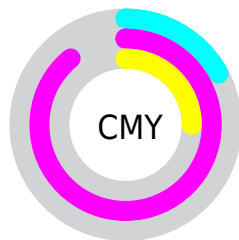
- Red (83%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (17%)





- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 90.118, 332.233 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 90.118, 332.233 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 50, 90.118,
332.233


 50, 90.118,
332.233


 100, 90.118,
332.233


 40, 90.118,
332.233


 70, 90.118,
332.233

 30, 90.118,
332.233


 80, 90.118,
332.233


 20, 90.118,
332.233

 90, 90.118,
332.233

 10, 90.118,
332.233

 0, 90.118, 332.233

 50, 90.118,
332.233

 50, 90.118,
332.233

49, 91.991,
332.729

52, 85.763,
331.737

49, 92.302,
332.865

54, 78.900,
331.224

57, 69.864,
330.687

61, 59.162,
330.126

66, 47.327,
329.546

70, 34.830,
328.955

75, 22.039,
328.359

81, 9.223, 327.756

86, 3.439, 147.302

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 90.118, 332.233



74, 96.234, 138.184

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 90.118, 332.233



50, 90.118, 22.233



50, 90.118, 152.233



50, 90.118, 202.233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 90.115, 332.233



84, 38.758, 328.897



30, 107.655, 305.781



43, 26.247, 329.105



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 90.115, 332.233



59, 106.410, 332.921



46, 70.299, 6.127



41, 7.168, 327.888



39, 78.120, 332.785



5, 28.747, 331.466

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 90.115, 332.233



59, 106.410, 332.921



75, 64.322, 157.393



41, 7.168, 327.888



39, 78.120, 332.785



5, 28.747, 331.466

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 90.118, 332.233 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

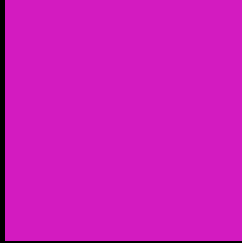
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 90.118, 332.233 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

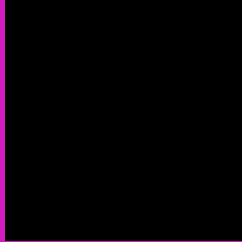
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 90.118, 332.233

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 90.118, 332.233.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 90.118, 332.233.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 90.118, 332.233

Protanopia

51, 75.201, 287.389

Deuteranopia

50, 36.702, 281.696



Tritanopia
50, 53.968, 24.864

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 90.118, 332.233



Protanomaly
43, 83.914, 299.457



Deuteranomaly
46, 60.672, 311.788



Tritanomaly
49, 61.547, 357.199

Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 90.118, 332.233



Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
42, 42.897, 330.102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 90.118, 332.233 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(211, 27, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(211, 27, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 27, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(211, 27, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 90.118, 332.233 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(211, 27, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(211, 27, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(211, 27, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(211, 27, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 27, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(211, 27,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 90.118, 332.233 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(211, 27, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(211, 27,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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