

Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 93.117, 35.147)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(50, 93.117, 35.147) contains.

CIELCh(50, 92.985, 35.120)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(50, 92.985, 35.120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EE051F
RGB	238, 5, 31
RGB Percent	93%, 2%, 12%
CMY	0.0658, 0.9811, 0.8778
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.87, 0.07
HSL	353°, 96%, 48%
HSV	353°, 98%, 93%
XYZ	35.6359, 18.4187, 2.9841
YIQ	77.6310, 130.5220, 57.4820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

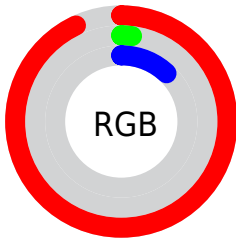
Format	Color
RYB	238, 5, 31
Decimal	15598879
CIELab	50.00, 76.06, 53.49
CIElCh	50, 92.985, 35.120
Yxy	18.4187, 0.6248, 0.3229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293788959 (0xFFEE051F)
YUV	77.6310, -22.9891, 140.6436
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 73.1120, 25.9193

Details

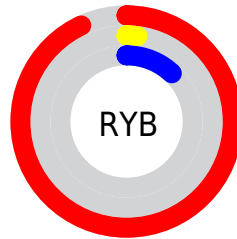
The CIELCh color **50, 92.985, 35.120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **85, 52.913, 180.684**, and the grayscale version is **33, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61, 73.404, 34.788**, and **36, 77.749, 39.913** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 94.266, 35.915**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 85.857, 30.488**.

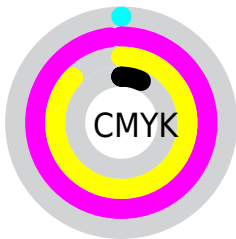
Distribution



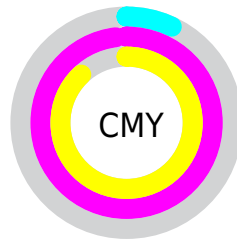
- Red (93%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 92.985, 35.120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 92.985, 35.120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50, 92.985, 35.120

■ 50, 92.985, 35.120

■ 100, 92.985,
35.120

■ 40, 92.985, 35.120

■ 70, 92.985, 35.120

■ 30, 92.985, 35.120

■ 80, 92.985, 35.120

■ 20, 92.985, 35.120

■ 90, 92.985, 35.120

■ 10, 92.985, 35.120

■ 0, 92.985, 35.120

■ 50, 92.985, 35.120

■ 50, 92.985, 35.120

■ 50, 94.266, 35.915

■ 51, 85.857, 30.488

■ 53, 77.363, 25.951

■ 56, 67.854, 22.063

60, 57.623, 18.929

65, 47.034, 16.462

71, 36.446, 14.525

77, 26.143, 12.990

83, 16.300, 11.748

89, 7.008, 10.697

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 92.985, 35.120



85, 52.913, 180.684

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 92.985, 35.120



50, 92.985, 85.120



50, 92.985, 215.120



50, 92.985, 265.120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 92.982, 35.122



81, 28.723, 13.146



52, 110.287, 323.720



40, 19.942, 13.777



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 92.982, 35.122



53, 99.444, 36.081



58, 84.971, 51.839



47, 5.038, 10.849



38, 76.858, 35.140



8, 29.297, 19.223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 92.982, 35.122



53, 99.444, 36.081



60, 53.896, 269.866



47, 5.038, 10.849



38, 76.858, 35.140



8, 29.297, 19.223

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 92.985, 35.120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 92.985, 35.120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 50, 92.985, 35.120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 92.985, 35.120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 92.985, 35.120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50, 92.935, 35.157

Protanopia

51, 38.564, 95.987

Deuteranopia

50, 57.049, 83.756



Tritanopia
50, 97.582, 40.861

Trichromacy



Original Color
50, 92.935, 35.157



Protanomaly
45, 51.844, 46.332



Deuteranomaly
46, 67.396, 51.917



Tritanomaly
50, 96.260, 39.214

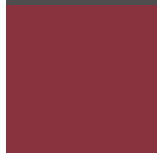
Monochromacy



Original Color
50, 92.935, 35.157



Achromatopsia
33, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
34, 39.361, 19.144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 92.985, 35.120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 5, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 5, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 5, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 5, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 92.985, 35.120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 5, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 5, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 5, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 5, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 5, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 5, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 92.985, 35.120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 5, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238, 5,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor