

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(50, 98.476, 328.766)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(50, 98.476, 328.766)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(50, 98.640, 328.604)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D206D0
RGB	210, 6, 208
RGB Percent	82%, 2%, 82%
CMY	0.1757, 0.9773, 0.1836
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.01, 0.18
HSL	301°, 95%, 42%
HSV	301°, 97%, 82%
XYZ	38.1048, 18.4187, 61.3394
YIQ	90.0240, 56.7420, 106.0700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

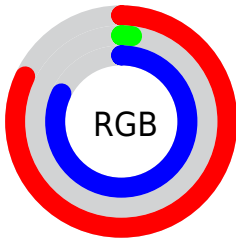
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	210, 6, 208
Decimal	13764304
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.00, 84.20, -51.39
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 98.640, 328.604
Yxy	18.4187, 0.3233, 0.1563
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291954384 (0xFFD206D0)
YUV	90.0240, 58.1622, 105.2190
Hunter-Lab	42.9170, 83.3805, -54.6988

# Details

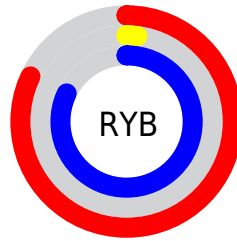
The CIELCh color **50, 98.640, 328.604** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as middle washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **74, 102.752, 136.175**, and the grayscale version is **38, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **67, 93.125, 327.551**, and **36, 78.993, 327.470** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 99.122, 328.631**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51, 96.148, 328.484**.

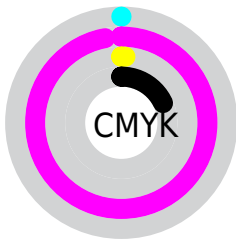
# Distribution



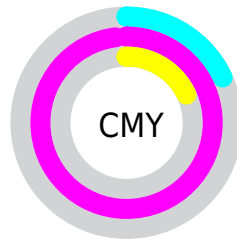
- Red (82%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 50, 98.640, 328.604 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 50, 98.640, 328.604 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 50, 98.640,  
328.604


 50, 98.640,  
328.604


 100, 98.640,  
328.604


 40, 98.640,  
328.604

 70, 98.640,  
328.604

 30, 98.640,  
328.604


 80, 98.640,  
328.604

 20, 98.640,  
328.604

 90, 98.640,  
328.604

 10, 98.640,  
328.604

 0, 98.640, 328.604

 50, 98.640,  
328.604

 50, 98.640,  
328.604

■ 50, 99.122,  
328.631

■ 51, 96.148,  
328.484

■ 52, 91.217,  
328.285

■ 55, 83.779,  
327.999

■ 58, 74.139,  
327.634

■ 61, 62.783,  
327.199

■ 66, 50.239,  
326.712

■ 70, 36.987,  
326.187

■ 75, 23.410,  
325.640

■ 80, 9.791, 325.074



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50, 98.640, 328.604



74, 102.752, 136.175

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50, 98.640, 328.604



50, 98.640, 18.604



50, 98.640, 148.604



50, 98.640, 198.604

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50, 98.638, 328.604



83, 46.013, 326.298



26, 114.360, 306.076



42, 31.495, 326.526



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50, 98.638, 328.604



60, 114.662, 328.635



46, 72.878, 1.298



41, 7.642, 325.199



40, 84.014, 328.625



6, 30.882, 328.140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 98.638, 328.604



60, 114.662, 328.635



74, 76.057, 149.531



41, 7.642, 325.199



40, 84.014, 328.625



6, 30.882, 328.140



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 98.640, 328.604 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

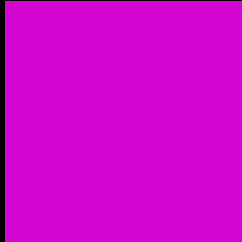
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 50, 98.640, 328.604 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

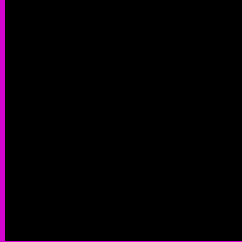
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 50, 98.640, 328.604

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 98.640, 328.604.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 50, 98.640, 328.604.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50, 98.553, 328.601

### Protanopia

51, 75.737, 287.570

### Deuteranopia

51, 44.588, 279.679





**Tritanopia**  
50, 50.746, 23.954

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
50, 98.553, 328.601



**Protanomaly**  
42, 92.044, 301.308



**Deuteranomaly**  
44, 72.152, 308.478



**Tritanomaly**  
48, 64.122, 351.982

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
50, 98.553, 328.601



**Achromatopsia**  
38, 0.005, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
38, 50.575, 327.605

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 50, 98.640, 328.604 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 6, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 6, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 6, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 6, 208) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 50, 98.640, 328.604 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 6, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 6, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 6, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 6, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 6, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 6,  
208) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 50, 98.640, 328.604 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 6, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210, 6,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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