

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 0.978, 234.156)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(51, 0.978, 234.156) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(51, 0.981, 236.234)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787A7B
RGB	120, 122, 123
RGB Percent	47%, 48%, 48%
CMY	0.5303, 0.5224, 0.5185
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	200°, 1%, 48%
HSV	200°, 2%, 48%
XYZ	18.2107, 19.2686, 21.4277
YIQ	121.5160, -1.5130, -0.1130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	120, 121, 123
Decimal	7895675
CIE Lab	51.00, -0.55, -0.82
CIE LCh	51, 0.981, 236.234
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3091, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085755 (0xFF787A7B)
YUV	121.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -2.7656, 1.7850

# Details

The CIELCh color  $51, 0.981, 236.234$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $51, 0.986, 55.081$ , and the grayscale version is  $51, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $71, 0.922, 236.311$ , and  $31, 0.768, 255.949$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $49, 4.900, 236.763$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $53, 3.062, 54.961$ .

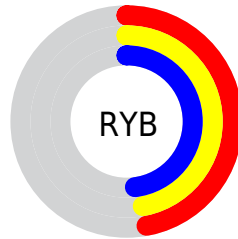
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (48%)

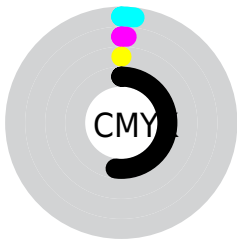
Blue (48%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (48%)

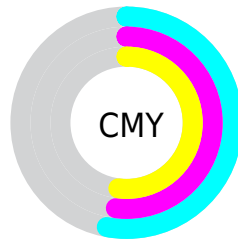


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (52%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 0.981, 236.234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 0.981, 236.234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 51, 0.981, 236.234

■ 51, 0.981, 236.234

■ 100, 0.981,  
236.234

■ 41, 0.981, 236.234

■ 71, 0.981, 236.234

■ 31, 0.981, 236.234

■ 81, 0.981, 236.234

■ 21, 0.981, 236.234

■ 91, 0.981, 236.234

■ 11, 0.981, 236.234

■ 1, 0.981, 236.234

■ 0, 0.981, 236.234

■ 51, 0.981, 236.234

■ 51, 0.981, 236.234

■ 49, 4.900, 236.763

■ 53, 3.062, 54.961

■ 47, 8.661, 237.839

■ 55, 7.199, 54.434

45, 12.226,  
239.197

58, 11.404, 53.968

43, 15.557,  
240.886

60, 15.657, 53.579

41, 18.618,  
242.975

62, 19.939, 53.255

39, 21.385,  
245.540

67, 28.538, 52.760

37, 23.851,  
248.654

69, 32.834, 52.570

36, 26.042,  
252.371

72, 37.118, 52.409

34, 28.020,  
256.691

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 0.981, 236.234



51, 0.986, 55.081

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 0.981, 236.234



51, 0.981, 286.234



51, 0.981, 56.234



51, 0.981, 106.234

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 0.981, 236.146



66, 0.504, 236.509



51, 1.698, 154.950



35, 0.289, 236.567



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 0.981, 236.146



65, 1.498, 236.126



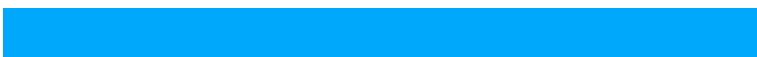
51, 1.448, 281.717



25, 0.900, 236.130



33, 29.930, 260.066



66, 51.956, 263.037





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 1.691, 335.654



65, 2.586, 335.725



51, 1.432, 101.056



25, 1.555, 335.780



27, 53.691, 346.521



56, 89.468, 347.864



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 0.981, 236.234 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 0.981, 236.234 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

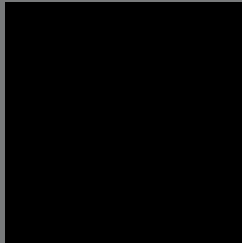
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

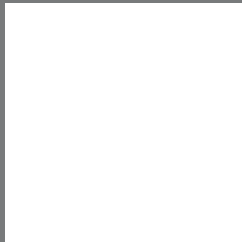
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 51, 0.981, 236.234**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 0.981, 236.234.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 0.981, 236.234.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

51, 0.981, 236.234

### Protanopia

51, 1.000, 343.494

### Deuteranopia

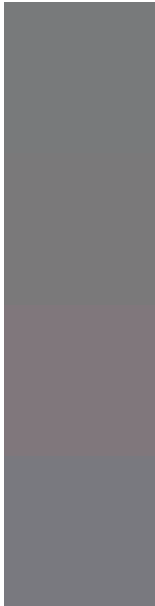
51, 6.656, 348.554



**Tritanopia**  
51, 5.249, 290.856



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

51, 0.981, 236.234

## Protanomaly

51, 0.717, 324.235

## Deuteranomaly

51, 4.662, 341.244

## Tritanomaly

51, 3.502, 290.639

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

51, 0.981, 236.234

## Achromatopsia

51, 0.007, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

51, 0.589, 290.329

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 0.981, 236.234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 122, 123)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 122, 123)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 122, 123) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 122, 123) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 0.981, 236.234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 122, 123) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 122, 123) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 122, 123)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 122, 123); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122, 123);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122,  
123) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 0.981, 236.234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 122, 123) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
122, 123) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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