

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 1.879, 264.519)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 1.879, 264.519) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 1.910, 266.015)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	787A7D
RGB	120, 122, 125
RGB Percent	47%, 48%, 49%
CMY	0.5308, 0.5230, 0.5112
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	216°, 2%, 48%
HSV	216°, 4%, 49%
XYZ	18.2890, 19.2686, 22.0356
YIQ	121.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

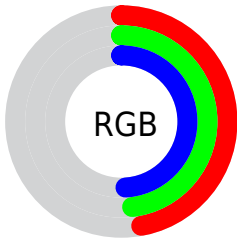
Format	Color
R _Y B	120, 121, 125
Decimal	7895677
CIE Lab	51.00, -0.13, -1.91
CIE LCh	51, 1.910, 266.015
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3069, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286085757 (0xFF787A7D)
YUV	121.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -2.4472, 0.9639

Details

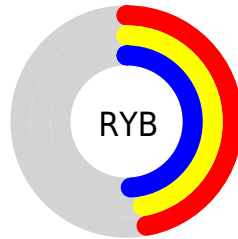
The CIELCh color $51, 1.910, 266.015$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $52, 1.906, 84.793$, and the grayscale version is $51, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 2.300, 271.635$, and $31, 1.954, 277.845$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 6.678, 267.261$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 2.825, 84.622$.

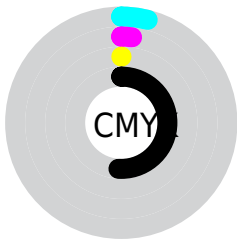
Distribution



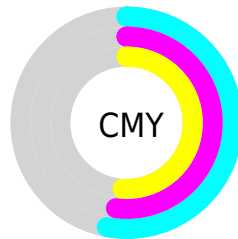
- Red (47%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 1.910, 266.015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 1.910, 266.015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 1.910, 266.015

■ 51, 1.910, 266.015

■ 100, 1.910,
266.015

■ 41, 1.910, 266.015

■ 71, 1.910, 266.015

■ 31, 1.910, 266.015

■ 81, 1.910, 266.015

■ 21, 1.910, 266.015

■ 91, 1.910, 266.015

■ 11, 1.910, 266.015

■ 1, 1.910, 266.015

■ 0, 1.910, 266.015

■ 51, 1.910, 266.015

■ 51, 1.910, 266.015

■ 48, 6.678, 267.261

■ 54, 2.825, 84.622

■ 45, 11.477,

■ 57, 7.519, 83.647

268.831

60, 12.167, 82.765

42, 16.301,
270.673

64, 16.764, 81.985

39, 21.150,
272.825

67, 21.306, 81.292

35, 26.032,
275.328

70, 25.790, 80.674

32, 30.965,
278.212

73, 30.214, 80.120

30, 35.976,
281.475

76, 34.577, 79.619

27, 41.098,
285.069

79, 38.879, 79.164

24, 46.352,
288.861

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 1.910, 266.015



52, 1.906, 84.793

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 1.910, 266.015



51, 1.910, 316.015



51, 1.910, 86.015



51, 1.910, 136.015

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 1.909, 265.977



67, 0.598, 265.918



52, 2.338, 168.199



34, 0.339, 265.942



84, 0.010, 296.813



35, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 1.909, 265.977



65, 2.967, 266.096



50, 2.931, 293.788



25, 1.585, 266.130



23, 49.683, 290.965



47, 88.457, 293.184

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 2.337, 349.595



65, 3.638, 349.720



52, 2.894, 113.130



25, 1.944, 349.753



26, 49.857, 9.726



54, 84.347, 12.749

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 1.910, 266.015 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 1.910, 266.015 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

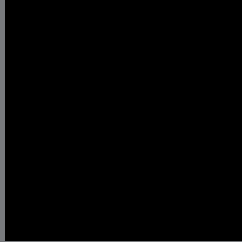
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

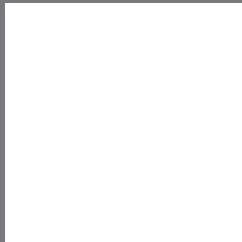
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 1.910, 266.015

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 1.910, 266.015.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 1.910, 266.015.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


51, 1.910, 266.015

Protanopia

51, 1.935, 314.702

Deuteranopia

51, 6.647, 342.362



Tritanopia
51, 5.249, 290.856

Trichromacy



Original Color

51, 1.910, 266.015

Protanomaly

51, 1.804, 303.149

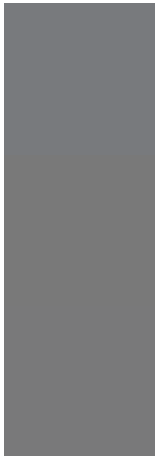
Deuteranomaly

51, 4.764, 332.681

Tritanomaly

51, 4.084, 290.711

Monochromacy



Original Color

51, 1.910, 266.015

Achromatopsia

51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

51, 0.589, 290.329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 1.910, 266.015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(120, 122, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(120, 122, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(120, 122, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(120, 122, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 1.910, 266.015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(120, 122, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(120, 122, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(120, 122, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(120, 122, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(120, 122,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 1.910, 266.015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(120, 122, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(120,  
122, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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