

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 10.664, 24.520)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 10.664, 24.520) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 10.559, 26.822)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D7472
RGB	141, 116, 114
RGB Percent	55%, 45%, 45%
CMY	0.4482, 0.5462, 0.5541
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.19, 0.45
HSL	4°, 11%, 50%
HSV	4°, 19%, 55%
XYZ	20.1661, 19.2686, 18.4899
YIQ	123.2470, 15.5420, 4.6780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

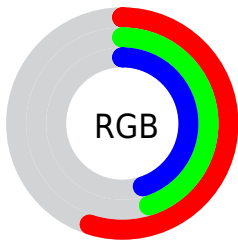
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 116, 114
Decimal	9270386
CIE Lab	51.00, 9.42, 4.76
CIE LCh	51, 10.559, 26.822
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3481, 0.3326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287460466 (0xFF8D7472)
YUV	123.2470, -4.5588, 15.5694
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 5.1859, 5.7531

Details

The CIELCh color $51, 10.559, 26.822$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $56, 9.316, 205.652$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 10.567, 26.144$, and $31, 10.336, 28.022$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47, 16.710, 27.513$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 4.856, 26.299$.

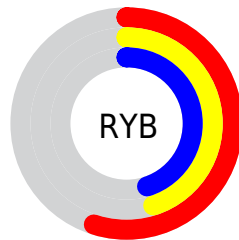
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (45%)

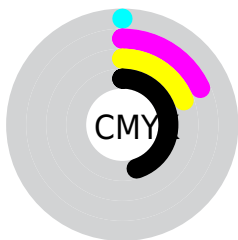
Blue (45%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (45%)

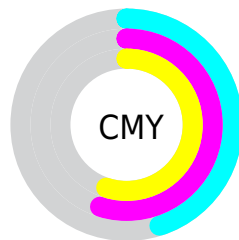


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 10.559, 26.822 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 10.559, 26.822 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 10.559, 26.822

■ 51, 10.559, 26.822

■ 100, 10.559,
26.822

■ 41, 10.559, 26.822

■ 71, 10.559, 26.822

■ 31, 10.559, 26.822

■ 81, 10.559, 26.822

■ 21, 10.559, 26.822

■ 91, 10.559, 26.822

■ 11, 10.559, 26.822

■ 1, 10.559, 26.822

■ 0, 10.559, 26.822

■ 51, 10.559, 26.822

■ 51, 10.559, 26.822

■ 47, 16.710, 27.513

■ 55, 4.856, 26.299

■ 44, 23.313, 28.426

■ 59, 0.417, 207.072

40, 30.332, 29.639

63, 5.295, 205.883

37, 37.682, 31.223

67, 9.818, 205.685

34, 45.208, 33.225

71, 14.024,
205.572

32, 52.651, 35.606

75, 17.951,
205.510

30, 59.515, 38.093

29, 64.891, 40.145

79, 21.633,
205.486

29, 65.282, 40.332

83, 25.099,
205.489

87, 28.378,
205.512

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 10.559, 26.822



56, 9.316, 205.652

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 10.559, 26.822



51, 10.559, 76.822



51, 10.559, 206.822



51, 10.559, 256.822

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 10.558, 26.831



72, 3.897, 26.135



51, 18.063, 327.329



37, 2.581, 26.166



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 10.558, 26.831



63, 16.004, 27.102



55, 10.051, 79.876



28, 3.023, 26.299



28, 63.124, 40.144



1, 1.974, 26.058

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 9.316, 205.652



71, 13.690, 205.580



52, 9.764, 264.982



30, 2.855, 205.905



48, 28.544, 208.781



2, 1.974, 206.077

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 10.559, 26.822 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 10.559, 26.822 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

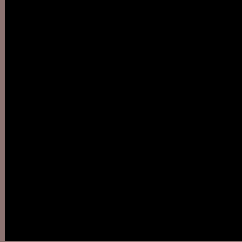
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 10.559, 26.822

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 10.559, 26.822.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 10.559, 26.822.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 10.559, 26.822

Protanopia

51, 2.826, 74.585

Deuteranopia

51, 8.296, 36.399



Tritanopia
51, 12.554, 356.397

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 10.559, 26.822

Protanomaly
51, 5.244, 39.203

Deuteranomaly
51, 9.124, 34.977

Tritanomaly
51, 11.487, 6.198

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 10.559, 26.822

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 3.659, 19.711

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 10.559, 26.822 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 116, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 116, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 116, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 116, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 10.559, 26.822 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 116, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 116, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 116, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 116, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 116, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 116,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 10.559, 26.822 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 116, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
116, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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