

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 10.827, 188.806)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 10.827, 188.806)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 10.808, 188.936)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	637F7C
RGB	99, 127, 124
RGB Percent	39%, 50%, 49%
CMY	0.6120, 0.5022, 0.5139
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.02, 0.50
HSL	174°, 12%, 44%
HSV	174°, 22%, 50%
XYZ	16.3572, 19.2686, 21.9083
YIQ	118.2860, -15.7250, -6.8690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

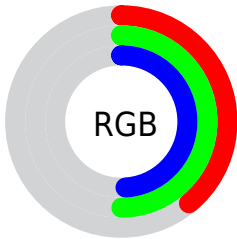
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 114, 127
Decimal	6520700
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, -10.68, -1.68
CIE _{LCh}	51, 10.808, 188.936
Yxy	19.2686, 0.2843, 0.3349
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284710780 (0xFF637F7C)
YUV	118.2860, 2.8170, -16.9138
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, -10.3029, 1.1358

Details

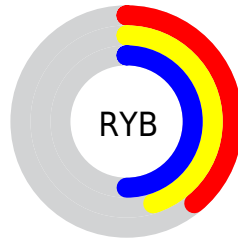
The CIELCh color $51, 10.808, 188.936$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $45, 12.076, 12.546$, and the grayscale version is $50, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $71, 11.094, 187.141$, and $31, 11.044, 187.758$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 15.283, 188.142$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $52, 6.038, 189.722$.

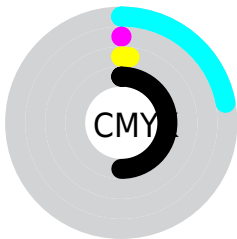
Distribution



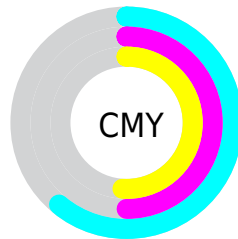
- Red (39%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (50%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (51%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 10.808, 188.936 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 10.808, 188.936 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 51, 10.808,
188.936


 51, 10.808,
188.936


 100, 10.808,
188.936


 41, 10.808,
188.936


 71, 10.808,
188.936

 31, 10.808,
188.936

 81, 10.808,
188.936

 21, 10.808,
188.936

 91, 10.808,
188.936

 11, 10.808,
188.936

 1, 10.808, 188.936

 0, 10.808, 188.936

■ 51, 10.808,
188.936

■ 51, 10.808,
188.936

■ 50, 15.283,
188.142

■ 52, 6.038, 189.722

■ 49, 19.381,
187.338

■ 53, 1.046, 190.776

■ 54, 4.101, 11.058

■ 49, 23.027,
186.508

■ 55, 9.346, 11.841

■ 48, 26.154,
185.639

■ 57, 14.640, 12.576

■ 58, 19.945, 13.292

■ 48, 28.712,
184.718

■ 59, 25.233, 13.993

■ 48, 30.680,
183.727

■ 61, 30.482, 14.678

■ 63, 35.675, 15.348

■ 48, 32.072,
182.651

■ 47, 32.969,

181.781

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 10.808, 188.936



45, 12.076, 12.546

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 10.808, 188.936



51, 10.808, 238.936



51, 10.808, 8.936



51, 10.808, 58.936

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 10.809, 188.931



67, 4.398, 190.133



51, 19.229, 140.079



35, 2.878, 190.094



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 10.809, 188.931



65, 15.660, 188.572



48, 8.903, 244.451



26, 2.848, 189.966



48, 33.073, 181.775



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 12.076, 12.546



56, 17.942, 13.084



48, 9.815, 59.817



25, 2.976, 11.221



26, 57.982, 33.814



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 10.808, 188.936 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 10.808, 188.936 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

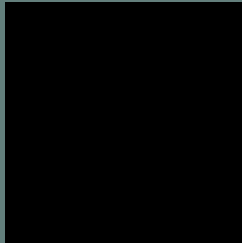
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 10.808, 188.936

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 10.808, 188.936.

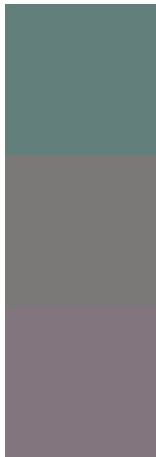


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 10.808, 188.936.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
51, 10.808, 188.936

Protanopia
51, 0.985, 55.168

Deuteranopia
51, 7.705, 337.404



Tritanopia
51, 10.383, 233.013

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 10.808, 188.936

Protanomaly
51, 3.763, 181.036

Deuteranomaly
51, 2.454, 271.772

Tritanomaly
51, 9.983, 215.554

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 10.808, 188.936

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 3.999, 190.634

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 10.808, 188.936 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 127, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 127, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 127, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 127, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 10.808, 188.936 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 127, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 127, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 127, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 127, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 127, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 127,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 10.808, 188.936 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 127, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 127,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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