

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 100.385, 135.959)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(51, 100.385, 135.959)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(52, 79.049, 136.016)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	009100
RGB	0, 145, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 57%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4323, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.43
HSL	120°, 100%, 28%
HSV	120°, 100%, 57%
XYZ	10.0232, 20.1443, 3.2982
YIQ	85.1150, -39.8750, -75.8350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

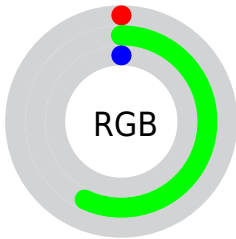
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 145, 145
Decimal	37120
CIELab	52.00, -56.88, 54.90
CIELCh	52, 79.049, 136.016
Yxy	20.1443, 0.2995, 0.6019
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227200 (0xFF009100)
YUV	85.1150, -41.9617, -74.6459
Hunter-Lab	44.8824, -38.6814, 27.0607

# Details

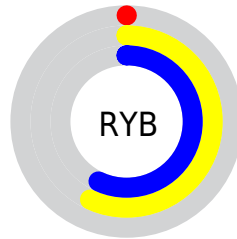
The CIELCh color **52, 79.049, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **34, 75.796, 328.233**, and the grayscale version is **36, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 78.521, 136.081**, and **34, 57.297, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52, 78.558, 136.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52, 75.840, 136.544**.

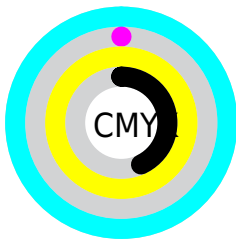
# Distribution



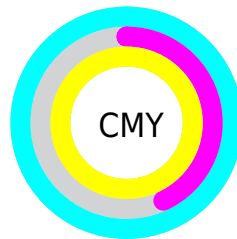
- Red (0%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (43%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 52, 79.049, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 52, 79.049, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 52, 79.049,  
136.016


 52, 79.049,  
136.016


 100, 79.049,  
136.016


 42, 79.049,  
136.016


 72, 79.049,  
136.016

 32, 79.049,  
136.016

 82, 79.049,  
136.016

 22, 79.049,  
136.016

 92, 79.049,  
136.016

 12, 79.049,  
136.016

 2, 79.049, 136.016

 0, 79.049, 136.016

■ 52, 79.049,  
136.016

■ 52, 79.049,  
136.016

■ 52, 78.558,  
136.016

■ 52, 75.840,  
136.544

■ 52, 71.634,  
137.312

■ 53, 65.590,  
138.315

■ 53, 58.065,  
139.416

■ 54, 49.444,  
140.505

■ 55, 40.069,  
141.517

■ 56, 30.230,  
142.419

■ 57, 20.158,

143.206

■ 59, 10.035,  
143.889

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52, 79.049, 136.016



34, 75.796, 328.233

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52, 79.049, 136.016



52, 79.049, 186.016



52, 79.049, 316.016



52, 79.049, 6.016

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52, 78.558, 136.016



71, 37.520, 142.365



58, 63.560, 102.852



37, 25.474, 142.038



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52, 78.558, 136.016



67, 95.515, 136.016



53, 57.826, 149.630



29, 5.600, 143.942



49, 74.731, 136.016



2, 3.767, 144.443



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 75.796, 328.233



45, 92.157, 328.233



31, 55.675, 1.094



28, 5.608, 324.907



32, 72.104, 328.233

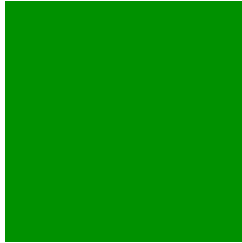


1, 3.767, 324.439



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 79.049, 136.016 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

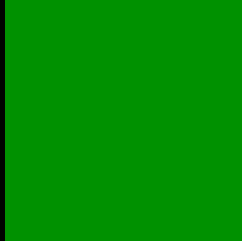
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 52, 79.049, 136.016 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

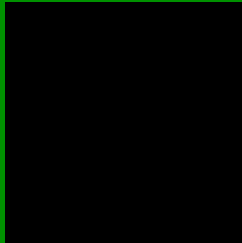
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 52, 79.049, 136.016**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 79.049, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 52, 79.049, 136.016.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
52, 78.653, 136.016

**Protanopia**  
52, 57.312, 95.582

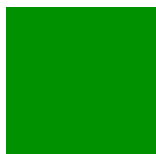
**Deuteranopia**  
52, 50.200, 82.394





**Tritanopia**  
52, 23.345, 211.847

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
52, 78.653, 136.016



**Protanomaly**  
50, 63.163, 121.027

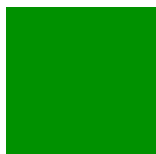


**Deuteranomaly**  
49, 55.434, 116.803



**Tritanomaly**  
51, 43.449, 156.816

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
52, 78.653, 136.016



**Achromatopsia**  
36, 0.005, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
41, 38.347, 140.712

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 52, 79.049, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 145, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 145, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 145, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 52, 79.049, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 145, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 145, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 145, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 52, 79.049, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 145, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 145,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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