

Converting Colors

CIELCh(51, 11.454, 50.526)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(51, 11.454, 50.526) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(51, 11.477, 50.471)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C756B
RGB	140, 117, 107
RGB Percent	55%, 46%, 42%
CMY	0.4521, 0.5422, 0.5814
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.24, 0.45
HSL	18°, 13%, 48%
HSV	18°, 24%, 55%
XYZ	19.7394, 19.2686, 16.5172
YIQ	122.7370, 16.9180, 1.7660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

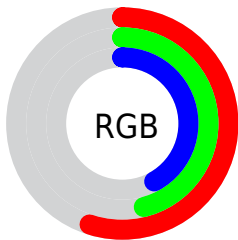
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 121, 107
Decimal	9205099
CIE _{Lab}	51.00, 7.30, 8.85
CIE _{LCh}	51, 11.477, 50.471
Yxy	19.2686, 0.3555, 0.3470
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287395179 (0xFF8C756B)
YUV	122.7370, -7.7583, 15.1397
Hunter-Lab	43.8960, 3.4508, 8.4176

Details

The CIELCh color **51, 11.477, 50.471** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **53, 10.053, 234.061**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71, 11.588, 51.005**, and **31, 11.219, 50.909** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48, 16.964, 49.996**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 6.375, 51.025**.

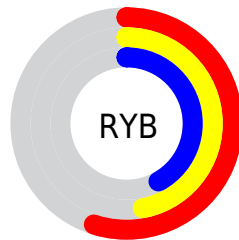
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (46%)

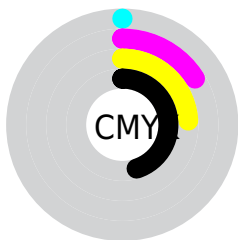
Blue (42%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (42%)

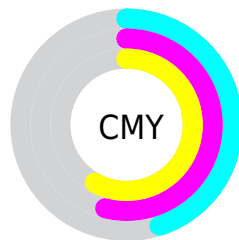


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (24%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 51, 11.477, 50.471 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 51, 11.477, 50.471 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51, 11.477, 50.471

■ 51, 11.477, 50.471

■ 100, 11.477,
50.471

■ 41, 11.477, 50.471

■ 71, 11.477, 50.471

■ 31, 11.477, 50.471

■ 81, 11.477, 50.471

■ 21, 11.477, 50.471

■ 91, 11.477, 50.471

■ 11, 11.477, 50.471

■ 1, 11.477, 50.471

■ 0, 11.477, 50.471

■ 51, 11.477, 50.471

■ 51, 11.477, 50.471

■ 48, 16.964, 49.996

■ 54, 6.375, 51.025

■ 45, 22.858, 49.602

■ 57, 1.628, 51.475

43, 29.159, 49.315

60, 2.799, 232.517

40, 35.827, 49.137

63, 6.940, 233.124

38, 42.738, 49.029

66, 10.829,
233.807

35, 49.603, 48.862

69, 14.496,
234.503

33, 55.808, 48.326

32, 59.693, 48.238

73, 17.968,
235.198

76, 21.269,
235.886

79, 24.420,
236.560

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51, 11.477, 50.471



53, 10.053, 234.061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51, 11.477, 50.471



51, 11.477, 100.471



51, 11.477, 230.471



51, 11.477, 280.471

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51, 11.477, 50.481



71, 3.958, 51.367



49, 18.810, 335.896



37, 2.597, 51.344



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51, 11.477, 50.481



63, 17.136, 50.229



55, 15.282, 97.754



28, 2.570, 51.268



31, 57.201, 48.263



1, 1.159, 51.940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 10.053, 234.061



66, 14.540, 234.659



48, 15.676, 283.455



28, 2.453, 232.713



37, 29.896, 255.168



1, 1.159, 231.959

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 51, 11.477, 50.471 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 51, 11.477, 50.471 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 51, 11.477, 50.471

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 11.477, 50.471.

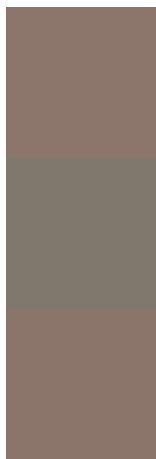


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 51, 11.477, 50.471.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51, 11.477, 50.471

Protanopia

51, 7.396, 89.403

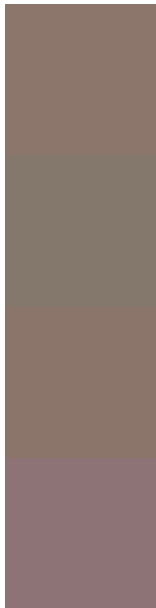
Deuteranopia

51, 11.100, 51.580



Tritanopia
51, 12.554, 356.397

Trichromacy



Original Color
51, 11.477, 50.471

Protanomaly
51, 8.441, 68.712

Deuteranomaly
51, 11.100, 51.580

Tritanomaly
51, 10.859, 14.554

Monochromacy



Original Color
51, 11.477, 50.471

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 4.015, 54.902

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 51, 11.477, 50.471 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 117, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 117, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 117, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 117, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 51, 11.477, 50.471 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 117, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 117, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 117, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 117, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 117, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 117,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 51, 11.477, 50.471 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 117, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
117, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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